

STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES AND INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS

The Board of Education is committed to working with the Superintendent of Schools, district staff, parents and students for the development of a quality educational program designed to prepare all students to successfully meet the challenges of an economically competitive, technologically advanced, culturally diverse, and knowledge-based twenty first century. Therefore, the Board adopts the following learning objectives and instructional goals for all students in the district:

Objectives:

1. All students will demonstrate the ability to engage in effective, analytically critical, and socially acceptable communication, including the skills of speaking, listening, writing and reading.
2. All students will demonstrate the ability to understand, interpret and apply mathematical information to other areas of learning, and to perform the mathematical processes that are needed in daily life.
3. All students will demonstrate the ability to think logically, critically and creatively, including the ability to use knowledge constructively, and to attack problems intelligently, giving due respect to honest differences of opinion.
4. All students will acquire the knowledge and skills necessary to incorporate physical fitness into their daily lives.
5. All students will demonstrate the ability to understand, use and appreciate the life-enriching insights and perspectives that are provided in the various subject areas of learning, including language arts, science, math, technology, history, social studies, technical and occupational studies, second languages, arts, music and humanities, physical education and home and career skills.
6. All students will demonstrate the ability to plan for, assess progress toward, and strive toward success in the variety of inter-related roles they will assume during their lives including those involving post-secondary education or careers, family and/or parenting responsibilities, maintenance of physical mental and emotional health and management of personal resources.
7. All students will be afforded the opportunity to graduate with a regular high school diploma.
8. All students will demonstrate competency in all core academic subjects, at all grade levels.

To facilitate achievement of the Board's articulated learning objectives and instructional goals for all students, the district's administration and staff will be guided by the following:

1. All students will be subject to high academic standards and high academic performance expectations.
2. The district will implement measurable effective instructional strategies for closing the achievement gap among all students.
3. The district will align its core academic subject curricula with the state learning standards, and offer appropriate support services to enable all students to succeed.
4. The same core academic subject curricula will be used in all schools district-wide.
5. The district will use multiple general education approaches, including response to intervention strategies in accordance with Commissioner's regulations, to improve the academic performance of all students.
6. Instructional and professional development activities will be coordinated to reduce student failure rates in core academic subjects at all grade levels.
7. Steps will be taken to identify and address the cause(s) of student drop-out, and to reduce the student drop out rate.
8. The district will recruit, hire and retain highly qualified staff.
9. Staff professional development will be designed to enable achievement of the
10. The district will implement a process of on-going review to identify and address any obstacles to the achievement of the Board's articulated learning objectives and instructional goals.

Cross-Ref: 0000, Mission Statement and Vision
Ref: 8 NYCRR 100.2(ii)

First Reading: January 8, 2008
Second Reading: January 22, 2008
Date of Adoption: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

EQUIVALENCE IN INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF AND MATERIALS

In accordance with federal regulations, the Board of Education will ensure equivalence among district schools in teachers, administrators, and auxiliary personnel; and in the provision of curricular materials and instructional supplies. The Superintendent of Schools shall follow the State Education Department guidelines in determining such equivalence on an annual basis, and report to the Board on the status of district schools with regard to equivalence.

Ref: 34 CFR §200.43(c)(1)(i) (ESEA Title I Program in Local Educational Agencies)

State Education Department, Office of School Improvement Grants Management and Compliance, Consolidated Application and Applicant's Guide and Instructions for Consolidated Application

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

CURRICULUM MANAGEMENT

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility for the development, assessment and improvement of the educational programs of its schools. To this end, the Board is committed to establishing and maintaining a coordinated curriculum management process that:

- Defines how the district's curriculum is developed and approved.
- Ensures that the curriculum is taught and tested.
- Provides for the ongoing review and evaluation of the curriculum.

For purposes of this policy, "curriculum" means a series of planned instruction that is coordinated, articulated and implemented to result in achievement of specific knowledge and skills, and application of such knowledge and skills by all students.

Curriculum Development

The Board views a centralized curriculum articulated among and between grade levels as essential to an effective instructional program designed to meet the learning standards established by the state and the Board.

The Superintendent of Schools shall be responsible for the development of a written curriculum designed to meet identified student needs. He/she shall establish procedures for curriculum development that provides for the effective participation of administrators, teaching staff, students, parents, other community members and members of the Board.

The curriculum shall:

- Comply with state mandates regarding course offerings and essential knowledge and skills.
- Focus on the content standards of each discipline and ensure that what students learn is rigorous, challenging and represents the most important learning for students.
- Provide sufficient flexibility to meet individual student needs at each stage of development.
- Reflect current research, best practices and technological advancements within each discipline.
- Promote congruence among the written, taught and assessed content.

Curriculum Adoption

The Superintendent shall present the written curriculum to the Board for its review and adoption. Prior to adoption, the Board will review the curriculum to ensure consistency with Board-adopted learning objectives. In addition, the Board will adopt instructional materials that support the adopted curriculum.

Curriculum Implementation

Implementation of the curriculum rests primarily with the teaching staff. In carrying out this responsibility, the teaching staff shall work to ensure continuity between the written, taught and tested curriculum. The Superintendent shall be responsible for the management of the implementation of the aligned curriculum at the building level. He/she shall carry out this management function through activities including analyzing student assessment data; making classroom observations of teachers; and providing opportunities for teachers to discuss and share ideas and strategies. The district's curriculum for each subject or course shall be communicated to the teaching staff in written form curriculum guide annually by the Superintendent. Curriculum guides will provide the necessary information to direct instruction and ensure continuity among and between grade levels. The guides shall also include a description of the essential knowledge and skills for the course, instructional philosophy, appropriate sequence, and correlation of major resources. Curriculum guides shall be made available to parents and community members upon request to promote understanding of district goals and objectives.

Curriculum Review

The Board recognizes the need for and the value of a systematic, ongoing program of curriculum evaluation that includes collecting and analyzing data about student achievement. All aspects of the curriculum shall be subjected to a searching and critical analysis in an attempt to improve students' learning and growth. Such a program is essential to evaluate program effectiveness in each content area and to make judgements about resource allocation. The Superintendent shall develop guidelines to evaluate the instructional program to ensure its continued effectiveness. With prior Board approval, the Superintendent may conduct pilot programs deemed necessary to the continuing improvement of the instructional program.

The Superintendent shall report his/her findings regarding the effectiveness of the instructional program to the Board periodically, and, if necessary, shall recommend changes to the district's curriculum.

Ref: Education Law §§1709(3); 1711(5)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

DISPLAY OF THE FLAG

The Board of Education believes that the flag of the United States is a symbol of the values of our nation, the ideals embedded in our Constitution and the spirit that should animate our district.

The district shall purchase a United States flag, flag staff and the necessary appliances for its display upon or near the school building. There shall be a flag on display in every assembly room of every school.

The flag shall be flown at full- or half-staff pursuant to law. In addition, the flag may be flown at half-staff to commemorate the death of a present or former Board member, present employee or student.

Consistent with national and state law and regulations and this policy, the Superintendent of Schools shall develop rules and regulations for the proper custody, care and display of the flag.

Ref: Education Law §§418; 419; 420 (requirement for the school to purchase, display and develop rules and regulations for the care and custody of the flag)

Executive Law §§400-403 (rules for display of the flag)

8 NYCRR Part 108 (flag regulations)

36 U.S.C. §§173-177 (display of the flag)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

DISPLAY OF THE FLAG REGULATION

Flags Displayed Out-of-Doors and on Movable Hoists Indoors

A United States flag shall be displayed in front of the school building every day that school is in session and at such other times as the Superintendent of Schools shall direct. Unless otherwise stated, the flags shall be flown at full-staff. The flags may also be displayed at night upon special occasions and at ½ staff, at the discretion of the Superintendent, when it is desired to produce a patriotic effect.

The flag will not be displayed on days when the weather is inclement.

Hoisting of the Flag

The flag shall be hoisted briskly and lowered ceremoniously.

In half staffing the flag, it first should be hoisted to the peak for an instant and then lowered to the half-staff position. The flag shall be again raised to the peak before it is lowered for the day. The flag shall never be put at half mast in the middle of the day. It must be put at half mast in the morning only.

Indoor Flags and Those Not on Movable Hoists

There shall be a United States flag in each assembly room of every school in the district. It is the duty of the teacher or other person in charge of each assembly room to ensure that the flag in the room is displayed from a staff standing at the audience's right as they face the stage. If the flag is placed on the platform, it should stand at the right of the speaker as he/she faces the audience and at the audience's left as they face the stage.

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

AIDS INSTRUCTION

The district will provide age appropriate classroom instruction in compliance with commissioner's regulations, for all students K-12 concerning Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS). Instruction will be provided as part of the sequential and comprehensive health program and shall include the following information:

1. the nature of the disease;
2. methods of transmission of the disease; and
3. methods of prevention of the disease stressing abstinence as the most effective and appropriate protection against AIDS.

A student shall be excused from that segment of AIDS instruction regarding methods of prevention of the disease if his/her parent/guardian files a request with the Superintendent. The request must give assurance that such instruction will be given at home.

The Board of Education shall be responsible for determining the content of the district's AIDS curriculum, approving its implementation and evaluating the AIDS instructional program. In addition, the Board will ensure appropriate training and curriculum materials are provided for the instructional staff providing AIDS instruction and to parents who request such materials.

The Board shall establish an advisory council which shall be responsible for making recommendations on content, implementation, and evaluation of the AIDS instructional program. The advisory council must consist of Board members, appropriate school personnel, parents and community representatives, including representatives from religious organizations.

Ref: Education Law §3204(5)
8 NYCRR §135.3 (Health Education incl. AIDS instruction)
Ware v. Valley Stream High School District, 75 NY2d 114 (1989)
New York State School Boards Association v. Sobol, 168 AD2d 188 (1991)
Matter of Knowledge, 32 EDR 451 (1993) (function of advisory councils)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

**PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES
UNDER THE IDEA AND NEW YORK'S EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 89**

The Board of Education shall make available a free appropriate public education to all students with disabilities who reside within its district and are eligible for special education and related services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Article 89 of New York's Education Law, and their implementing regulations. Special education and related services will be provided to resident eligible students with disabilities in conformity with their individualized education program (IEP) and in the least restrictive environment appropriate to meet their individual educational needs. Special education services or programs will be designed to enable a student with disabilities to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum, to the extent appropriate to his/her needs.

The Board also shall make available special education and related services to eligible students with disabilities parentally placed in a nonpublic school located within the district, regardless of whether they are residents of the district. However, this obligation does not extend to resident students with disabilities who are placed by their parents in a nonpublic school within district boundaries because of a disagreement between the parents and the school district over the provision of a free appropriate public education. Nonpublic school students with disabilities who are not district residents but who reside within New York State will be provided programs and services in accordance with their individualized education services program (IESP). Nonpublic school students with disabilities who reside out-of-state will be provided services in accordance with their services plan (SP). (Refer to policy 4321.10, Programs and Services for Parentally-placed Nonpublic School Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89 for more guidance on this topic).

In addition, to the maximum extent appropriate to their individual needs, eligible students with disabilities residing within the district and attending the district's public schools will be entitled to participate in school district academic, co-curricular and extracurricular activities available to all other students enrolled in the district's public schools. Such co-curricular and extracurricular activities may include athletics, transportation, recreational activities, school-sponsored special interest groups or clubs, and referrals to agencies that provide assistance to individuals with disabilities and the employment of students (including both employment by the school district and assistance in making outside employment available).

In providing a free appropriate public education to students with disabilities eligible under the IDEA and Article 89, the Board will afford the students and their parents the procedural safeguard rights they are entitled to under applicable law and regulations. The Board also will provide them with notice of such rights as required by law and regulation, using the form prescribed by the commissioner of education.

For purposes of this policy and others related to the provision of services to eligible students with disabilities, and consistent with applicable law and regulation, the word parent

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means a birth or adoptive parent, a legally appointed guardian generally authorized to act as the child's parent or authorized to make educational decisions for the child; a person in parental relationship to the child as defined in section 3212 of the Education Law; an individual designated as a person in parental relation pursuant to title 15-A of the General Obligations Law, including an individual so designated who is acting in the place of a birth or adoptive parent (including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative with whom the child resides; or a surrogate parent who has been appointed in accordance with commissioner's regulations).

Eligible students with disabilities will be entitled to special education and related services until the end of the school year in which they turn 21 or until they receive a local high school or Regents diploma.

Students with disabilities may not be required to take medication as a condition for receiving a free appropriate public education.

To ensure the provision of a free appropriate public education to all eligible students with disabilities:

1. School district staff will take steps to locate, identify, evaluate and maintain information about all children with disabilities within the district, including homeless children and children who are wards of the state, and children attending nonpublic school within the district (including religious schools), who are in need of special education.
2. The district will establish a plan and practice for implementing school-wide approaches and interventions in order to remediate a student's performance prior to referral for special education services. The district will provide general education support services, instructional modifications, and/or alternative program options to address a student's performance before referring the student to the Committee on Special Education (CSE). The appropriate team will develop, implement and evaluate pre-referral intervention strategies (4321.2, School-wide Pre-referral Approaches and Interventions).
3. School district staff will initiate a request for evaluation of a student who has not made adequate progress after an appropriate period of time when provided instruction under a response to intervention program. In making the request the staff person will describe in writing intervention services, programs and methodologies used to remediate the student's performance prior to referral. In addition, the extent of parental contact will be described as well.
4. The Board will appoint a committee on special education (CSE), and, as appropriate, CSE subcommittees, to assure the timely identification, evaluation and placement of eligible students with disabilities.

5. The Board will arrange for special education programs and services based upon the recommendation of the CSE or CSE subcommittee.
6. The Superintendent shall establish a plan for the recruitment, hiring and retention of staff appropriately and adequately prepared to meet the needs of students with disabilities including, but not limited to, highly qualified special education teachers.
7. The Superintendent shall establish a comprehensive professional development plan designed to ensure that personnel necessary to carry out IDEA and Article 89 possess the skills and knowledge required to meet the needs of students with disabilities.
8. The Superintendent will establish a process for ensuring that district staff understand the right of students with disabilities to access and participate in the same academic, cocurricular and extracurricular programs and activities as all other students enrolled in the district's public schools, to the maximum extent appropriate to their individual needs.

Locate and Identify Students with Disabilities

The district will conduct an annual census to locate and identify all students with disabilities who reside in the district, and establish a register of such students who are entitled to attend the public schools of the district during the next school year, including students with disabilities who are homeless or wards of the State. The census shall be conducted, and the registry maintained, in accordance with the requirements established in Commissioner's regulations.

The Superintendent will determine what other activities might be appropriate to help locate and identify students with disabilities. These may include, but are not limited to, the mailing of letters to all district residents regarding the availability of special education programs and services and their right to access such services, and/or the publication of a similar notice in school newsletters and other publications.

(Refer to policy 4321.10, Programs and Services for Parentally-placed Nonpublic School Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89, for more information regarding how to locate and identify nonpublic school students with disabilities).

Evaluation of Students with Disabilities

To initially determine a student's eligibility for a free appropriate public education under the IDEA and Article 89, the district will conduct a full evaluation of the student in accordance within legally prescribed time lines. As set forth in Commissioner's regulations, the initial evaluation will include, at least, a physical examination, an individual psychological evaluation unless the school psychologist determines it unnecessary, a social history, an observation of the student in the student's learning environment to document the student's academic performance and behavior in the areas of difficulty, and other appropriate assessments or evaluations

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(including a functional behavioral assessment for a student whose behavior impedes his or her learning or that of others) to ascertain the physical, mental, behavioral and emotional factors that contribute to the suspected disabilities.

Once a student has been determined eligible to receive a free appropriate public education, the district will reevaluate the student with a disability whenever the student's parent requests a reevaluation, and when the district determines the educational and related services needs (including improved academic achievement and functional performance) of the child warrant a reevaluation. However, a reevaluation must take place at least once every three years, unless the student's parent and the district agree it is unnecessary.

Parental Consent for Student Evaluations

Before conducting any type of evaluation, district staff will take steps to obtain written informed consent from a student's parent, as required by applicable law and regulations. They also will keep a detailed record of those attempts and their results, including phone calls and correspondence, visits to the parent's home and any responses received.

1. If a parent refuses to give consent for an initial evaluation, or fails to respond to such a request, the parent will be given an opportunity to attend an informal conference and ask questions about the proposed evaluation. Unless the referral for evaluation is withdrawn, if the parent continues to withhold consent, the Board will commence due process proceedings to conduct an initial evaluation without parental consent within the time lines established in Commissioner's regulations.
2. If a parent refuses to give consent for a reevaluation, or fails to respond to such a request, district staff will proceed with the reevaluation without parental consent if it has engaged in documented reasonable efforts to obtain such consent and the parent has failed to respond. If the district cannot document its efforts to obtain consent, the Board will commence due process proceedings to conduct a reevaluation without parental consent.
3. If district staff is unable to obtain consent for the initial evaluation or reevaluation of a home schooled or a parentally-placed nonpublic school student, the Board will not commence due process proceedings to conduct the evaluation without parental consent, and will consider the student as not eligible for special education.

Conduct of Evaluations

In conducting evaluations of students with disabilities, the district will use a variety of assessment tools and strategies, including parent-provided information, to gather relevant functional, developmental, and academic information for determining a student's eligibility for special education and related services, and the content of the student's individualized education program or individualized education services program or services plan in the case of nonpublic

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school students with disabilities (including information related to enabling the student to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum).

The district also will assess a student in all areas of suspected disability, and the assessment and other evaluation used will not be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis. In addition, students will be assessed in the language and form most likely to yield accurate information on what the student actually knows and can do academically, developmentally, and functionally, unless it is not feasible to do so.

In the case of students suspected of having a specific learning disability, the district will follow the procedures established in commissioner's regulations.

The district will notify a student's parent of any determination that no additional data is needed and the reasons for such a determination. It will also inform the parent of his or her right to request an assessment, notwithstanding that determination.

Eligibility Determination

The CSE or CSE subcommittee will determine whether a student is eligible for special education and related services under the IDEA and Article 89, as well as the student's educational needs.

The CSE or CSE subcommittee may not determine that a student is eligible for special education and related services if the determining factor is lack of appropriate instruction in the essential components of reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary development, reading fluency (including oral reading skills), and reading comprehension strategies; or lack of appropriate instruction in math; or limited English proficiency.

Committee on Special Education

The members of the CSE and CSE subcommittees will include those individuals identified in applicable law and regulations, and their attendance at CSE and CSE subcommittee meetings will be required except as otherwise provided in law and regulations.

The parent of a student with disabilities is one of the mandated CSE and CSE subcommittee members and as such has a right to participate in CSE and CSE subcommittee meetings concerning the identification, evaluation, educational placement, and the provision of a

free appropriate public education to their child. District staff will take steps to ensure the parent's participation, in accordance with the following:

1. CSE and CSE subcommittee meetings will be scheduled at a time and place that is mutually agreeable to the parent and the district.

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2. The parent will be given at least five days notice of the time and place of a CSE or CSE subcommittee meeting, except as otherwise provided in law and regulation, along with notice of the purpose of the meeting, those who will attend (including name and title), and the parent's right to be accompanied to the meeting by person(s) the parent considers to have knowledge and special expertise about their child.
3. The parent and the district may agree to use alternative means of participation at CSE meetings, such as videoconferences or telephone conference calls.
4. District staff will take any action necessary to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings at CSE meetings, including arranging for an interpreter for deaf parents or parents whose native language is other than English.

The CSE or CSE subcommittee may meet without a student's parent only if district staff has been unable to obtain either parent's participation, and has a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed upon time and place. Similarly, the CSE or CSE subcommittee may make a decision without the involvement of the student's parent only if district staff has been unable to obtain parental participation, even through the use of alternative means of participation, and has a record of its attempts to ensure parental involvement.

Provision of Services:

The Board will arrange for appropriate special education and related services recommended by the CSE or CSE subcommittee within 60 school days of the district's receipt of parental consent to evaluate a student not previously identified as a student with a disability, or within 60 school days of referral for review of a student with a disability, except as otherwise provided in law and regulations.

All staff responsible for the implementation of a student's individualized education program, or an individualized education services program or services plan in the case of parentally placed nonpublic school students with disabilities, will be provided information regarding those responsibilities (Refer to policy 4321.5 for more information on this topic).

Parental Consent for the Provision of Services:

The Board acknowledges that parental consent for initial evaluation does not constitute consent for placement for the provision of special education and related services. Therefore, district staff will take steps to obtain written informed consent for the initial provision of special education and related services to an eligible student. The Board will be precluded by applicable law and regulations from commencing due process proceedings to override the parent's refusal to provide such consent or override the parent's failure to respond to such a request.

Cross ref: 1900, Parental Involvement (Title I)
4000, Student Learning Objectives and District Instructional Goals
5500, Student Records
6700, Purchasing
9700, Staff Development

Ref: The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC §§1400 *et seq.*;
34 CFR Part 300
N.Y. Education Law Article 89, §§4401 *et seq.*
8 NYCRR Part 200

First Reading: January 10, 2012
Second Reading: January 24, 2012
Adoption date: January 24, 2012

**PROVISION OF SPECIAL EDUCATION SERVICES
IN THE LEAST RESTRICTIVE ENVIRONMENT**

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility to ensure that students with disabilities eligible for special education programs and services under the IDEA and Article 89 of New York's Education Law receive those services in the least restrictive environment appropriate to meet their individual educational needs.

Therefore, the district will not place students with disabilities in special classes or separate schools, or otherwise remove them from the regular educational environment unless the nature or severity of their disability is such that their education cannot be achieved satisfactorily in regular classes, even with the use of supplementary aids and services. In addition, the district will provide special services or programs to enable students with disabilities to be involved in and progress in the general curriculum, to the extent appropriate to their needs.

To fulfill its responsibility to educate students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment, the district will implement the provisions of section 200.6 of commissioner's regulations.

Furthermore, and pursuant to those provisions, students with disabilities placed together for purposes of receiving special education will be grouped by similarity of individual needs including their range of academic achievement, functional performance and learning characteristics; social and physical development, and management needs.

The Superintendent will establish a process for ensuring that the CSE or CSE subcommittee Chairperson, as appropriate, obtains an up-to-date copy of those provisions at the beginning of each school year, and copies of any amendments that become effective during the school year.

The Board also recognizes that the least restrictive environment requirements established by applicable law and regulations also extend to nonacademic settings. Therefore, the district will provide students with disabilities the opportunity to participate with non-disabled students in school-sponsored cocurricular and extracurricular activities, to the maximum extent appropriate to each individual student's needs. The district also will provide students with disabilities with supplementary aids and services the CSE or CSE subcommittee, as applicable, determines to be appropriate and necessary for the students to participate in such activities.

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) 20 USC §§1400 *et seq.*
8 NYCRR §§ 200.2(b)(4); 200.6

First Reading: January 8, 2008
Second Reading: January 22, 2008
Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

SCHOOL-WIDE PRE-REFERRAL APPROACHES AND INTERVENTIONS

The Board of Education recognizes that the provision of academic and behavioral supports and targeted interventions for students who are not making academic progress at expected levels in the general curriculum may improve a student's performance, and help avert the need for referral for possible classification as a student with a disability. Therefore, the district will implement on a school-wide basis practices appropriate to enable all of the district's students to succeed in the general education environment.

The Superintendent will identify and take steps to implement a variety of practices appropriate to comply with this policy. Consistent with applicable law and regulation, those practices may include, for example:

1. Providing intervention services with funds available under the IDEA and which may be coordinated with similar activities conducted under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. Such services would be made available to students not currently identified as needing special education and related services, but who need additional support to succeed in a general education setting. This may include professional development that enables teachers and other staff to deliver scientifically based academic instruction and behavioral interventions, such as scientifically based literacy instruction and, where appropriate, instruction on the use of adaptive and instructional software. It also may include educational and behavioral evaluations, services and supports.
2. Implementation of a response to intervention (RTI) program that includes the minimum requirements established by commissioner's regulations, and allows teachers and other staff to determine whether a student responds to scientific, research-based instruction or requires interventions beyond those provided to all students in the general education classroom.
3. Implementation of a positive behavioral intervention and support (PBIS) system that reduces school and classroom behavioral problems, and creates and maintains a safe and positive learning environment by promoting positive behavior in all students.

District implementation of any of the above practices will not impede or delay the appropriate evaluation of a student suspected of having a disability, and the student's right to a free appropriate public education.

Cross-ref: 4000, Student Learning Objectives and Instructional Goals
4325, Academic Intervention Services

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act §§ 1413(f); 1414(b)(6)(B)
34 CFR §§ 300.226; 300.307(a)(2)
8 NYCRR §§ 100.2(ii); 200.2(b)(7)

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

ALLOCATION OF SPACE FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility to ensure that appropriate space is available for:

1. Special programs and services provided to meet the needs of students and preschool students with disabilities both within its own facilities, and in programs provided by the board of cooperative educational services (BOCES) and attended by district residents; and
2. Serving students with disabilities in settings with non-disabled peers, as well.

The district will address such space allocation needs as part of its annual budget cycle, during the annual or any more frequent re-evaluation of its long-range educational facilities plan, and as part of the biannual plan it must submit to the commissioner of education regarding the provision of services to students and preschool students with disabilities.

Through the Superintendent, the district also will share with the BOCES District Superintendent information relevant for the BOCES to determine its own facility space needs for serving the district's resident students and preschool students with disabilities. As part of the process for ensuring the allocation of appropriate space for special education programs and services and serving students with disabilities in settings with non-disabled peers, the Superintendent, in consultation with appropriate school personnel will, at a minimum:

1. Periodically gather information regarding the number of students and preschool students with disabilities presently participating and anticipated to continue to participate in the district's special education programs and services, the type of programming they presently receive and may receive in the future, as well as the setting in which those services are and/or will be provided.
2. Review the results of the district's latest census, and other district child find efforts, including child find activities conducted with respect to parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities.
3. Anticipate any projected increase in the number of students and preschool students with disabilities the district will be responsible for providing special education programs and services to, the anticipated type of services they will be receiving and the settings in which those services will be provided.
4. Based on the above information, review current space capacity, and identify any additional space requirements to meet both current and future needs.
5. Submit a report to the board regarding the results of the above review process, along with necessary recommendations for additional space allocations.

Cross-ref: 4321 Programs and Services for Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89

4321.10 Programs and Services for Parentally-Placed Nonpublic School Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) 20 USC

N.Y. Education Law §§3602(10)

8 NYCRR §§155.1(a); 200.2(c)(iv),(v); 200.2(g)

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Updated policy and previously numbered 4321.1

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

INDEPENDENT EDUCATIONAL EVALUATIONS

The Board of Education recognizes the right of parents or guardians of a student who has or is thought to have a disability to receive an independent evaluation at public expense if they disagree with the evaluation obtained by the Committee on Special Education (CSE) or the Committee on Preschool Special Education (CPSE).

The independent examination shall be conducted by a qualified examiner who is not employed by the school district responsible for the child's education. Upon request, parents will be provided with a list of public and private agencies and professional resources where independent evaluations may be obtained. These publicly-funded independent evaluations shall be limited to the same geographic and fiscal limitations as used by the district when it initiates an evaluation.

The district has the right to initiate an impartial hearing to demonstrate that its evaluation is appropriate. If the hearing officer determines that the district's evaluation was appropriate, a parent or guardian is not entitled to reimbursement at public expense.

The Board directs the Superintendent of Schools to develop regulations establishing maximum allowable fees for specific tests, the geographic area in which such evaluations may take place, and minimum qualifications of the professionals who administer and interpret various tests; and a reasonable timeline for seeking reimbursement.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities

Ref: 20 USC §1415(d)(2)(A)

34 CFR §300.502

8 NYCRR §§200.1(z); 200.5(a); 200.5(b); 200.5(c); 200.5(g)

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Updated policy and previously numbered 4321.3

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

**CONFIDENTIALITY AND ACCESS TO INDIVIDUALIZED
EDUCATION PROGRAMS, INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION
SERVICES PROGRAMS AND SERVICE PLANS**

The Board of Education recognizes the importance of ensuring the confidentiality of personally identifiable data pertaining to a student with a disability. Personally identifiable data will not be disclosed by any school district employee or member of a CSE/CPSE to any person (other than the parent of such student), organization or agency unless the parent or guardian of the child provides written consent; there is a valid court order for such information; or disclosure is permitted by law.

Personally identifiable data is defined in the policy on Student Records, 5500.

The Board of Education, while acknowledging the confidentiality requirement, believes that in order for each student with disabilities to receive the full benefit of his/her Individualized Education Program (IEP), Individualized Education Services Program (IESP) or Service Plan (SP), individuals responsible for implementing the program or plan must, prior to the implementation, fully understand the scope of their responsibility and the specific accommodations, modifications and supports to be provided.

To this end, this policy establishes procedures to ensure that any person having both direct contact with a student with an IEP, IESP or SP and a responsibility to provide a service, accommodation or program modification for the student in accordance with that student's IEP, IESP or SP shall be informed of his/her responsibilities under the IEP, and shall receive or have access to a copy of the student's IEP, IESP or SP as specified below.

I. IEP, IESP or SP Copies

At a CSE, CSE Subcommittee or CPSE meeting for each student, a determination will be made as to which general education teachers, special education teachers, related service providers and other service providers have responsibility to implement the recommendations on the student's IEP, IESP or SP. "Other service provider" means a representative of another public school district, charter school, BOCES program, child care institution school, Special Act school district, State-supported school, approved private in-state or out-of-state school and an approved preschool provider where the student receives or will receive IEP, IESP or SP services.

The CSE, CSE Subcommittee and CPSE Chairpersons shall ensure that a paper or electronic copy of each student's IEP, IESP or SP is provided to each regular education teacher, special education teacher, related service provider and/or other service provider who is responsible for implementation of the program or plan. These individuals responsible for implementing an IEP, IESP or SP shall, in turn, ensure that all

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CPSE Chairperson shall collect all IEP copies provided under this policy and destroy them.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities Under IDEA and Article 89
5500, Student Records

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC §§1400 et seq.
Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 USC §1232g; 34 CFR Part 99
Education Law §4402(7)
8 NYCRR §§200.2(b)(11); 200.4(e)(3); 200.16(e)(6)
New York State Education Department, Vocational and Educational Services for
Individuals with Disabilities (VESID), SED Guidance Document, Providing copies of the
IEPs for Students with Disabilities, May 13, 2003
(<http://vesid.nysed.gov/specialed/publications/policy/chap408final.htm>)

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Replaces previous policy 4321.5 with an updated name as recommended by NYSSBA.

AVAILABILITY OF ALTERNATIVE FORMAT INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility to ensure that all the instructional materials used in the district's schools are made available in a usable alternative format for students with disabilities in accordance with their individual educational needs and course selection at the same time as those materials are available to non-disabled students. In accordance with applicable law and regulations, any such alternative format procured by the district will meet the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard.

For purposes of this policy, alternative format will mean any medium or format for the presentation of instructional materials, other than a traditional print textbook, that is needed as an accommodation for a student with a disability enrolled in the school district, including but not limited to Braille, large print, open and closed captioned, audio, or an electronic file. An electronic file must be compatible with at least one alternative format conversion software program.

The Superintendent will ensure the availability of alternative format materials in accordance with the timeliness requirements of this policy, including provisions for:

1. Preference to vendors who agree to provide instructional materials in alternative formats, and to reflect this requirement in the bidding specifications used for the procurement of instructional materials. The same preference will be given to vendors of instructional materials ordered for the school library.
2. Consultation with appropriate school personnel regarding how students will access electronic files. The district's technology staff will be notified of any need to convert electronic files into an accessible format such as Braille, large print, audio, or alternative display.
3. The availability of hardware and/or software a student with disabilities in need of alternative format materials might require to access the instructional material.
4. The yearly review of the district's ordering timelines for the purchase of instructional materials to ensure sufficient lead time for obtaining needed alternative format materials.
5. Notification to appropriate school personnel by the CSE, CSE subcommittee, CPSE and Section 504 Committee Chairperson whenever it is determined that a student needs instructional materials in alternative format. Such notice also will identify the particular alternative format needed, and any assistive technology devices or services the student might need to access the alternative format materials.
6. Notification by classroom teachers of the books they will be using in class and any list of required readings with sufficient lead time in anticipation of the district's timelines for the purchase of instructional materials.

7. Consultation with the school librarian to make sure that specific library resources required by a student in need of alternative format materials to participate and progress in his or her selected courses are made available to the student in an accessible format.
8. Timely request of state assessments in alternative format.

Cross-ref: 6700, Purchasing

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC §§1474(e)(3)(B)
N.Y. Education Law §§1604(29-a); 1709(4-a) 1950(4-a); 2503(7-a); 2554(7-a);
3602(10)(b)
8 NYCRR §§ 200.2(b)(10)
State Education Department, Office of Vocational and Educational Services for
Individuals with Disabilities (VESID), Policy 02-05 Amendment to Section 200.2 of the
Regulations of the Commissioner Implementing Chapter 377 of the Laws of 2001: Plans
to Provide Instructional Materials in Alternative Formats for Students with Disabilities,
May 2002, (available electronically from the VESID website at:
<http://www.vesid.nysed.gov/specialed/publications/policy/alterformat502.htm>).

First Reading: January 8, 2008
Second Reading: January 22, 2008
Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended policy by NYSSBA

DISTRICTWIDE AND STATEWIDE ASSESSMENTS OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes the importance of offering access and appropriate testing accommodations to eligible students so that they can participate in assessment programs on an equal basis with their nondisabled peers. Two elements that contribute to an effective assessment program are proper use of use of accommodations and use of universal design principles in developing and administering tests.

Testing Accommodations

Testing accommodations provide an opportunity for students with disabilities to:

- Participate in the instructional and assessment program;
- Demonstrate their strengths, knowledge and skills without being restricted by their disability; and
- Provide an accurate measure of the standards being assessed so that appropriate instruction and services can be provided.

Testing accommodations are changes made in the administration of the test in order to remove obstacles to the test-taking process that are presented by the disability without changing the constructs being tested. Examples of testing accommodations are: flexibility in scheduling/timing; flexibility in the setting for the administration of the test; changes in the method of presentation and changes in the method of response. Testing accommodations are neither intended nor permitted to: alter the construct being measured or invalidate the results, provide an unfair advantage for students with disabilities over students taking the test under standard conditions or substitute for knowledge or abilities that the student has not attained.

The Committee on Special Education, the Subcommittee on Special Education or the Committee on Preschool Special Education is responsible for recommending the appropriate test accommodations and including those recommendations on the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP), Individualized Education Services Program (IESP) or Service Plan (SP). If it is determined that a student should participate in alternative assessments instead of the standard statewide or districtwide tests, the CSE must indicate the reasons for doing so on the IEP, IESP or SP. , the 504 multidisciplinary committee will include the appropriate test accommodations as part the 504 plan.

The recommendations will be reviewed annually by the CSE, CSE subcommittee, CPSE or 504 team. The Board acknowledges the importance of integrating the assessment program with the instructional program and, to that end, encourages effective communication among district staff so that implementation is consistent and fair. The goal is to provide effective assessments that allow students to benefit from their educational program.

In some situations, a building principal may authorize the use of testing accommodations in accordance with this policy. Those instances are limited to cases where a regular education student incurs a disability, such as, but not limited to, a broken arm, without sufficient time for

the CSE, CPSE and/or Section 504 Committee to make a recommendation prior to a test. They do not include cases where the student is already being evaluated to determine his or her eligibility for status as a student with a disability. In exercising this authority, the building principal will rely on his or her professional judgment. He or she also may confer with CSE, CPSE and/or Section 504 Committee members.

Universal Design Principles in Districtwide Assessments

The Board of Education recognizes the benefits of using the principles of universal design to further the goal of ensuring equal access to districtwide assessments and to ensure the most accurate measure of the performance of all students. The Board directs the Superintendent, in consultation with appropriate school staff, to examine how universal design principles can be incorporated into the district's assessment program, and to facilitate its use to the extent feasible. Any steps taken in this regard will be consistent with this policy and applicable State Education Department policy and/or guidance on the use of universal design principles.

At a minimum, the Superintendent will explore how district assessments can be:

1. Made more usable by students with diverse abilities.
2. Designed to better accommodate a wide range of individual preferences and abilities.
3. Made more understandable.
4. Made to communicate necessary information to students more effectively.
5. Designed to minimize adverse consequences of accidental or unintended actions.
6. Used more efficiently and comfortably and with a minimum of student fatigue.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities

4321.5, Confidentiality and Distribution of IEP, IESP and SP

5020.3 Students with Disabilities and Section 504

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC §§ 1401(35); 1412(a)(16)(E); 34 CFR §§ 300.44

Assistive Technology Act, 29 USC 3002(19)

8 NYCRR §§ 200.1(jjj); 200.2(b)(13,14); 200.4(d)(2)(vi)

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended policy by NYSSBA

IMPARTIAL HEARING OFFICER APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION

The Board of Education will appoint impartial hearing officers (IHO), as needed, to hear complaints regarding the identification, evaluation, or placement of students with disabilities, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to such a student in accordance with the rotational selection process and other applicable procedures described in Commissioner's regulations.

Selection

The updated list of certified IHOs for this county promulgated by the New York State Education Department will be used in connection with requests for impartial hearings. The list shall also include the names of those other certified IHOs whose names appear on the state list and who have indicated to the district their interest in serving as an IHO in the district.

Upon receipt of a request for an impartial hearing, the rotational selection process for the IHO shall be initiated immediately and always within two (2) business days after receipt by the district of such written request. Should an IHO decline appointment, or if within 24 hours the IHO fails to respond or is unreachable after reasonable efforts by the District Clerk or designee, such efforts will be documented through independently verifiable efforts. The district representative shall then proceed through the list to determine availability of the next successive IHO.

The District Clerk or other person so designated, under the direction of the Board President, shall initiate the selection process by contacting the impartial hearing officer whose name first appears after the impartial hearing officer who last served. The District Clerk or designee shall canvass the list in alphabetical order as prescribed by the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education until an appointment is accepted.

An IHO on the district's rotational list may not accept appointment unless he or she is available to:

1. Make a determination on the sufficiency of the due process complaint that will be heard at the hearing within five days of receiving such a request; and
2. Initiate the hearing within the first 14 days after either:
 - The date on which he or she receives written notice that the parents and the district waived their right to hold a resolution meeting to resolve their differences prior to commencement of the hearing, or met but were unable to reach agreement; or
 - The expiration of the 30-day period beginning with the receipt of the due process complaint, whichever occurs first.

Appointment

The Board President, or in his or her absence or inability the Vice President, will appoint an IHO immediately after the IHO selected from the rotational list indicates he or is available.

The Board will rescind the appointment of an IHO and appoint a new one if, the parties to the hearing mutually agree that the IHO is either incapacitated or otherwise unavailable or unwilling to continue the hearing or issue a decision. The appointment of a new IHO in such an instance will be made in accordance with the selection and appointment procedures established by this policy.

Compensation

The district shall compensate an impartial hearing officer for his or her services at the maximum rate established for such purpose by the Director of the Division of the Budget. Currently, this rate is \$100.00 per hour for pre-hearing, hearing, and post-hearing activities. In addition, impartial hearing officers may be reimbursed for reasonable, actual and necessary expenses for automobile travel, meals and overnight lodging in accordance with the current district reimbursement rate set for district employees. Mailing costs associated with the hearing will also be reimbursed. The District will not reimburse impartial hearing officers for administrative assistance, secretarial or other overhead expenses.

Cancellation

The district shall attempt to provide an Impartial Hearing Officer with two (2) business days' advance notice of the cancellation or re-scheduling of an impartial hearing. Should the district request the cancellation or re-scheduling of a hearing date and fail to provide an Impartial Hearing Officer with two (2) days notice, the district agrees to pay the Impartial Hearing Officer a fee of \$100.00. The district shall not be responsible for costs associated with a parent or guardian's cancellation or adjournment of a hearing.

A copy of this policy will be forwarded to the impartial hearing officer at the time of appointment.

Records relating to the IHO process including, but not limited to, the request for initiation and completion of each impartial hearing will be maintained by the district and such information will be reported to the Office of Vocational and Educational Services for Individuals with Disabilities of SED as required by Commissioner's regulations.

Ref: 8 NYCRR §§200.2; 200.5; 200.21

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Updated policy previously numbered 4321.4 as recommended by NYSSBA

DECLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes that it may be appropriate to declassify some students with disabilities. A student may mature and develop skills such that they no longer require the special program, support services or accommodations offered by an Individualized Education Program (IEP), Individualized Education Services Program (IESP) or Services Plan (SP). The Committee on Special Education (CSE), the CSE Subcommittee or, the Committee on Preschool Special Education (CPSE), as applicable, is responsible for making this judgment, while adhering to the requirements of federal and state law and regulation.

Reevaluation

Prior to determining that a student is no longer eligible for special education services and should be placed in a full-time regular education program, the CSE, CSE subcommittee, or CPSE, as applicable, will conduct a declassification evaluation of the student in accordance with the process and procedures prescribed for the evaluation and reevaluation of students with disabilities, by applicable law and regulations. However, the CSE, CSE subcommittee, or CPSE members may determine after reviewing existing evaluation data that no additional information is needed to determine the student's continued eligibility for services.

When a determination is made that no additional data is needed for reviewing a student's continued eligibility for special education services, the CSE, CSE subcommittee, or CPSE Chairperson, as applicable, will notify the student's parents of that determination and the reasons for it, and of their right to nonetheless request an assessment. Unless the student's parents make such a request, the district will not conduct any further assessments.

The district will provide the student's parents with a copy of the reevaluation report and documentation regarding the eligibility determination.

Consistent with applicable law and regulation, the district will not conduct a declassification evaluation if the reason why a student is determined to be ineligible for special education services is that he or she has either:

1. Graduated with a regular high school or Regents diploma; or
2. Exceeded the age of eligibility for services.

However, in such an instance the district will provide the student with a summary of his or her academic achievement and functional performance that also includes recommendations on how to assist the student in meeting his or her post-secondary goals.

Declassification Support Services

It is the goal of the Board of Education to provide an opportunity for the student to succeed in the transition to the regular education program. In order to facilitate that success, the CSE/CPSE may offer educational and support services for a period of time, not to exceed one year. Declassification support services may include:

1. For the student, psychological services, social work services, speech and language improvement services, non-career counseling, and other appropriate support services.
2. For the student's teachers, the assistance of a teacher aide or a teaching assistant, and consultation with appropriate personnel.

The CSE/CPSE will ensure that the appropriate teachers and service providers are informed of the need for the transition services, and will specify the nature and duration of those services.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities
Ref: 8 NYCRR 100.1 (q); 200.2 (b)(8), 200.4 (b)(4-6), (c)(3)

First Reading: January 8, 2008
Second Reading: January 22, 2008
Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

PROGRAMS AND SERVICES FOR PARENTALLY-PLACED NONPUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility to provide special education services to eligible students with disabilities enrolled by their parents in nonpublic schools located within its district, regardless of whether such students are residents of the district. The scope of that responsibility affects:

1. The district's child find activities for locating, identifying, and evaluating parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities;
2. CSE and CSE subcommittee responsibilities for the development of an individualized education services program (IESP), or a services plan (SP), in the case of an out of state resident, for any such student determined to be eligible for special education services under the IDEA and Article 89;
3. The provision of services to such students;
4. The relationship between the district and nonpublic school officials and nonpublic school parents of students with disabilities, with whom the district is required to consult;
5. The district's data collection and reporting responsibilities; and
6. The district's use of federal funds available under the IDEA.

(Refer to policy 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and Article 89 for more information regarding the provision of special education services to students with disabilities enrolled in the district's public schools).

Consistent with applicable law and regulations, this policy does not apply to resident students with disabilities enrolled by their parents in a nonpublic school located within the district's boundaries because of a dispute over the provision of a free appropriate public education. Neither does it apply to charter school students, or to students placed in or referred to private schools by public agencies such as school district placements in approved private schools, Special Act school districts, and state-supported or state-operated schools.

District staff will obtain prior consent from the parent of a parentally-placed nonpublic school student with disabilities, or the student if the student is 18 years or older, for the release of personally identifiable information about the student from records collected or maintained pursuant to the IDEA between the district and the student's district of residence.

Location, Identification and Evaluation of Parentally-placed Nonpublic School Students with Disabilities:

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The district's activities for locating and identifying parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities will be comparable to those undertaken for students attending the district's public schools, and will be completed in a comparable time period, as well. However, district staff will consult with nonpublic school representatives and representatives of parents of parentally-placed students with disabilities regarding these activities, in order to ensure the equitable participation and an accurate count of such students.

The district will use the same procedures that apply to the evaluation of the district's public school students to evaluate and reevaluate parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities. (Refer to policy 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and Article 89, for more information on those procedures).

CSE Responsibilities:

Once a parentally-placed nonpublic school student with disabilities is determined to be eligible for special education services under the IDEA and Article 89, the CSE or CSE subcommittee will develop an IESP or SP for the student in accordance with the following:

1. If the student is a New York State resident, the CSE or CSE subcommittee will develop an IESP based on the student's individual needs in the same manner and with the same contents as an individualized education program prepared for a public school student.
2. If the student is an out-of-state resident, the CSE or CSE subcommittee will develop an SP for the student in accordance with the IDEA and its implementing regulations.

Provision of Services:

Parents of nonpublic school students with disabilities eligible for special education services under this policy must submit to the Board a written request for such services on or before June 1 preceding the school year for which they want the district to provide services. However, if the student has not been first identified as a student with a disability until after June 1, the parent may submit the written request for services within 30 days after the identification, and the student will be entitled to services during the current year if the request is submitted before April 1.

The district will provide special education programs and services to parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities with an IESP on an equitable basis, as compared to special education programs and services provided to other students with disabilities attending public and nonpublic schools within the district.

The district will provide special education programs and services to parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities with an SP to the extent required by the IDEA

and its implementing regulations, and in consultation with nonpublic school officials and representatives of parents of parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities. In this regard, the district will expend a proportionate amount of the federal funds it receives under the IDEA to provide such services.

The district will provide parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities only services, including materials and equipment, that are secular, neutral, and non-ideological.

Consultation:

The district will consult in a timely and meaningful manner with nonpublic school officials and representatives of parents of parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities regarding the following issues:

1. The process that will be used to locate and identify parentally-placed nonpublic school students with disabilities, including who parents, teachers, and nonpublic school officials will be informed of the process, and how the process will work throughout the school year to ensure that the students can participate in special education and related services.
2. How, where and by whom special education and related services will be provided to such students, and with respect to students with an SP, the types of services that will be provided.
3. With respect to students with an SP, how a proportionate share of the federal funds the district receives under the IDEA will be spent on special education services to such students.
4. The determination of the proportionate amount of the district's IDEA funds available to serve parentally-placed private school students with disabilities, including how that amount was calculated.
5. How services will be apportioned if the proportionate amount of the district's available IDEA funds is not sufficient to serve all parentally-placed nonpublic school students with an SP, and how and when these decisions will be made. Notwithstanding, the district will provide services to students with an IESP, regardless of the apportionment of such federal funds.

The Superintendent will establish a process for obtaining from nonpublic school officials a written affirmation of their participation in the consultation process. If that affirmation is not secured within a reasonable time, the Superintendent will submit to the State Education Department documentation of the consultation process.

Data Collection and Reporting:

The Superintendent will establish a process for maintaining records and report to the commissioner of education on the number of parentally-placed nonpublic school students

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who are evaluated, and determined to have a disability, and receive special education services from the district.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities under the IDEA and New York's Education Law Article 89

Ref: The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC § 612 (a)(10)(A); 34 CFR *** Education Law §§3602-c NYCRR §2002.2 (a)(7)

First Reading: January 8, 2008

Second Reading: January 22, 2008

Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

**PUBLIC REPORT ON REVISIONS TO DISTRICT POLICIES,
PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES UPON A FINDING OF
SIGNIFICANT DISPROPORTIONALITY**

The Board of Education recognizes that, despite the district's best efforts, there may be times when there might be a disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in its special education programs and services, and/or with respect to the suspension of students with disabilities. To minimize the risk of such an occurrence, the Board has endeavored to adopt policies, practices and procedures for the district that are consistent with the IDEA and Article 89 of New York's Education Law, and their implementing regulations.

Nonetheless, upon learning of a significant disproportionality either in the suspension, identification, classification and/or placement of the district's students with disabilities, the Board will immediately review the district's policies, practices and procedures to determine whether they are fully compliant with the requirements of the IDEA and Article 89, or require revisions. If changes are needed, the Board will take immediate steps to adopt and implement any and all necessary revisions.

The Board will inform the public of any revisions to the district's policies, practices and procedures undertaken as a result of a finding of significant disproportionality. The Superintendent will notify school personnel responsible for implementing the revisions.

Cross-ref: 4321 *et seq.* as appropriate.

Ref: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, §§ 1412(a)(24); 1418(d);
34 CFR §§ 300.173; 300.646
8 NYCRR §§ 200.2(b)(15).

First Reading: January 8, 2008
Second Reading: January 22, 2008
Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

SPECIAL EDUCATION PERSONNEL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to recruit, hire, train and retain highly qualified personnel, as defined in the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and its accompanying regulations and in Article 89 of New York State Education law and its accompanying regulations, to provide special education programs and services. In addition, the Board is committed to appointing appropriately qualified personnel to the Committee (and subcommittee) on Special Education (CSE) and Committee (and subcommittee) on Preschool Special Education (CPSE).

The Board will fulfill its obligation with regard to special education personnel by taking measurable steps including, but not limited to the following:

1. Actively recruit personnel who possess prior experience working with students with disabilities.
2. Solicit resumes from graduates of institutions of higher education that offer programs in special education.
3. Seek candidates for teaching positions who are dually certified, to the extent possible.
4. Ensure that every member of the professional staff participates in annual professional performance reviews and professional development plans.
5. Provide appropriate on-going training and professional development to CSE and CPSE members, and other special education program and service providers to ensure their continuing awareness of their obligations and responsibilities under the law.

The Superintendent is responsible for ensuring that the professional staff is appropriately certified, licensed and trained and that they meet the "highly qualified" standard established in federal and state law. In the event that highly qualified individuals are not available, despite the best efforts of the administration, the Board recognizes its responsibilities to meet the alternative standards established by the State Education Department.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities
9240, Recruiting and Hiring
9700, Staff Development

Ref: Individual with Disabilities Education Act, 20 USC §§ 1412(a)(14), 1413(a)(3)
34 CFR §§ 300.156, 300.207
Education Law §4410
8 NYCRR § 200.2(b)(3,12)

First Reading: September 23, 2008
Second Reading: October 14, 2008
Adoption date: October 14, 2008

PROGRAMS FOR THE GIFTED AND TALENTED

The Board of Education encourages the growth of district opportunities for the gifted to provide individual enrichment and academic growth. The Superintendent shall be responsible for providing innovative leadership required for such activities.

Ref: Education Law §§3602(23); 4451-4453
8 NYCRR Part 142; §§117.3(c)(3),(f)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

ACADEMIC INTERVENTION SERVICES

The Board of Education, is committed to providing academic intervention services to students at risk of not meeting the state learning standards. Such services may include additional instruction supplementing the instruction provided in the general curriculum and/or student support services such as guidance, counseling, attendance and study skills needed to support improved academic performance.

Eligibility for academic intervention services will be determined based on a student's performance on state assessment exams and/or in accordance with the uniformly applied district-developed district-adopted procedures. Eligible students will receive services consistent with law and regulations which shall commence no later than the beginning of the semester following a determination that a student is eligible for such services.

Parental Notification and Involvement

Notification on Commencement of Services. The Superintendent of Schools will notify the parents of a student determined to be in need of academic intervention services, in writing, upon the commencement of such services. Such notification will include:

- A summary of the academic intervention services to be provided;
- The reason the student needs such services; and
- Consequences of not achieving expected performance levels.

Notification on Ending of Services. The Superintendent will notify the parent in writing when academic intervention services are no longer needed. Such notification will include:

- The criteria for ending services; and
- The performance levels obtained on district selected assessments, if appropriate.

In addition, the district/schools will provide for ongoing communication with parents which must include opportunities to consult with teachers and other professional staff, regular reports on the student's progress and information on ways to monitor and work with educators to improve the student's performance.

All parental notifications and communications will be done in English and translated, when appropriate, into the native language or mode of communication of the parents.

Description and Review of Academic Intervention Services

The Superintendent of Schools shall maintain a description of academic intervention and/or student support services for each school. This description will include any variations in services in schools within the district and will specifically delineate:

- the district-wide procedures used to determine the need for academic intervention services;
- the academic intervention instructional and/or support services to be provided;
- whether instructional services and/or support services are offered during the regular school day or during an extended school day or year; and
- the criteria for ending services, including, if appropriate, performance levels that students must obtain on district-selected assessments.

Beginning July 1, 2002 and every two years thereafter, the Superintendent shall review and revise the description of academic intervention services based on student performance results and present such revised description to the Board for approval.

Ref: 8 NYCRR §§100.1(g); 100.2(r). (ee); 100.4(b)(4), (d) (Academic Intervention Services)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY INSTRUCTION

The Board of Education believes that students who, by reason of foreign birth or ancestry, have limited English proficiency, will be more effective learners of both the language and the curriculum if they receive instruction in both their native language and English. The district will therefore make every effort to ensure that limited English proficient (LEP) students are provided with an appropriate program of transitional bilingual education or freestanding English as a second language program.

Pursuant to this policy and the regulations of the Commissioner of Education, the Superintendent of Schools is directed to develop appropriate administrative regulations to ensure that LEP students are:

1. Diagnostically screened for limited English proficiency, in accordance with Part 117 of the Commissioner's Regulations. Those students who according to their scores are identified, as LEP will be annually evaluated. Included in the evaluation shall be each student's performance in content areas to measure academic progress;
2. Assured of access to appropriate instructional and support services, including guidance programs; and
3. Assured of having equal opportunities to participate in all school programs and extracurricular activities as non-LEP students.

The Superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring that the Commissioner is provided with all information required under the Commissioner's Regulations and that the district provides appropriate school-related information to the parents of LEP students in English, or when necessary, in the language they understand. In addition, the Superintendent shall ensure that all teachers employed for any bilingual and/or ESL program are properly certified in accordance with the Commissioner's Regulations.

Ref: Education Law §3204
 Bilingual Education Act of 1974, §§701 et seq., 20 U.S.C. §§880b et seq.
 Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1974, §§201 et seq.,
 20 U.S.C. §§1701 et seq.
 8 NYCRR §§80.9; 80.10; 117; 154 et seq.
Lau v. Nichols, 414 U.S. 563 (1974)
Rios v. Read, 480 F. Supp. 14 (1978)
Cintron v. Brentwood UFSD, 455 F.Supp 57 (1978)
Aspira of New York v. Board of Educ. (City of New York), 394 F. Supp.
 1161 (1974)

Adoption date:

**SAMPLE PARENTAL NOTIFICATION
PLACEMENT IN A LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION EDUCATIONAL
PROGRAM**

Dear Parent/Guardian:

Your child (insert child's name) has been identified as a "limited English proficient/English language learner" student in need of help to learn English and placement in a (insert name of program). We have determined (insert child's name) eligibility, and placed (him or her) in such a program based on (insert reasons).

(Child's name) is performing at (insert status of child's academic achievement). We have determined (his or her) level of English proficiency at (insert level) based on (insert how the district assessed that level).

We believe that placement in a (insert name of English instruction program) will help (insert child's name) both to learn English and increase his level of academic performance. Attached is a series of questions and answers we hope will help you better understand the program in which we have placed (insert child's name) and the benefits of that program.

The district will hold regular meetings at least twice a year for parents/guardians of English learners and we encourage you to attend. At those meetings, we will provide you with information that will help you to better understand the goals of your child's program, and assist you in ways to help (insert child's name). In between meetings we are always ready to listen and respond to any questions and recommendations you might have.

However, you should know that you have the right to:

1. Request that (insert child's name) be immediately removed from the instructional bilingual program;
2. Decline (insert child's name) participation in the instructional bilingual program or choose another available program or method of instruction, and
3. Request assistance in selecting from among the various programs and methods of instruction available.

Specifically, you have the right to withdraw your child from participation in an instructional bilingual education program provided that you first meet with us to discuss the nature, purpose and educational value of the program. At a minimum, however, (insert child's name) must participate in a freestanding English as a second language program.

Also, if the school does not offer a bilingual education program, you have the option of transferring (insert child's name) to a school within the district, which offers a bilingual education program. If you choose not to exercise this transfer option, then (insert child's name) shall be required to participate in a freestanding English as a second language program.

Whatever your decision, we encourage you to help (insert child's name) attain English proficiency and high academic achievement levels. Some ways in which you can do this include: (insert some examples).

If you have any questions about this notice or the attached information, please contact (insert the name of the superintendent or the Guidance Counselor) All of us in the district look forward to working with you to help (insert child's name) improve (his or her) English and overall academic skills.

Sincerely,

Superintendent

Questions and Answers About Your Child's English Instruction Educational Program

1. What methods of instruction will be used in my child's program?
2. Does the district offer any other programs for English language learners?
3. How do these other programs differ from the one offered my child in terms of methods of instruction, content, instructional goals and the use of English and a native language in instruction?
4. On what basis did the district select my child's program as opposed to another one?
5. How will my child's program specifically help (him or her) learn English and meet age appropriate academic achievement standards for grade promotion and graduation?
6. My child is classified as a student with a disability. How will my child's English learning program meet the objectives set out in (his or her) individualized education program?

SAMPLE PARENTAL NOTIFICATION
FAILURE TO MEET ANNUAL MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES
RELATING TO ENGLISH PROFICIENCY

Dear Parent/Guardian:

We regret to inform you that there has been a failure to meet the annual objectives established by the state for the development and attainment of English proficiency by limited English proficient students while meeting state academic standards.

The district has plans for addressing this matter, including (insert steps to be taken by the district).

We welcome any questions and recommendations you might have. Please feel free to contact the Guidance Office.

Sincerely,

Superintendent

HOMEBOUND INSTRUCTION

Homebound instruction is a service provided to students who are unable to attend school due to medical, emotional or disciplinary problems. Secondary students receive instruction for two hours per day and elementary students receive one hour per day. Students receive credit for their work while on homebound instruction.

The district makes provisions for homebound instruction upon referral from the Guidance Counselor following the guidelines established by the Superintendent of Schools for placing a student on homebound instruction.

Cross-ref: 5100, Attendance

Ref: Education Law §§1709(24); 4401 et seq.
8 NYCRR §175.21

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

DECLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board of Education recognizes that it may be appropriate to declassify some students with disabilities. A student may mature and develop skills such that they no longer require the special program, support services or accommodations offered by an Individualized Education Program (IEP), Individualized Education Services Program (IESP) or Services Plan (SP). The Committee on Special Education (CSE), the CSE Subcommittee or, the Committee on Preschool Special Education (CPSE), as applicable, is responsible for making this judgment, while adhering to the requirements of federal and state law and regulation.

Reevaluation

Prior to determining that a student is no longer eligible for special education services and should be placed in a full-time regular education program, the CSE, CSE subcommittee, or CPSE, as applicable, will conduct a declassification evaluation of the student in accordance with the process and procedures prescribed for the evaluation and reevaluation of students with disabilities, by applicable law and regulations. However, the CSE, CSE subcommittee, or CPSE members may determine after reviewing existing evaluation data that no additional information is needed to determine the student's continued eligibility for services.

When a determination is made that no additional data is needed for reviewing a student's continued eligibility for special education services, the CSE, CSE subcommittee, or CPSE Chairperson, as applicable, will notify the student's parents of that determination and the reasons for it, and of their right to nonetheless request an assessment. Unless the student's parents make such a request, the district will not conduct any further assessments.

The district will provide the student's parents with a copy of the reevaluation report and documentation regarding the eligibility determination.

Consistent with applicable law and regulation, the district will not conduct a declassification evaluation if the reason why a student is determined to be ineligible for special education services is that he or she has either:

1. Graduated with a regular high school or Regents diploma; or
2. Exceeded the age of eligibility for services.

However, in such an instance the district will provide the student with a summary of his or her academic achievement and functional performance that also includes recommendations on how to assist the student in meeting his or her post-secondary goals.

Declassification Support Services

It is the goal of the Board of Education to provide an opportunity for the student to succeed in the transition to the regular education program. In order to facilitate that success, the CSE/CPSE may offer educational and support services for a period of time, not to exceed one year. Declassification support services may include:

1. For the student, psychological services, social work services, speech and language improvement services, non-career counseling, and other appropriate support services.
2. For the student's teachers, the assistance of a teacher aide or a teaching assistant, and consultation with appropriate personnel.

The CSE/CPSE will ensure that the appropriate teachers and service providers are informed of the need for the transition services, and will specify the nature and duration of those services.

Cross-ref: 4321, Programs for Students with Disabilities
Ref: 8 NYCRR 100.1 (q); 200.2 (b)(8), 200.4 (b)(4-6), (c)(3)

First Reading: January 8, 2008
Second Reading: January 22, 2008
Adoption date: January 22, 2008

Recommended Policy by NYSSBA

CLASS SIZE

The Board of Education recognizes the benefits to be gained through the increased direct student-teacher interaction available in smaller classes. Therefore, it is the goal of the Board that class sizes be maintained at the following maximum levels:

<i>Pre-Kindergarten</i>	<i>18 Students</i>
Kindergarten-Grade 6	20 Students
Grades 7-12	23 Students

Should any core academic class need to be scheduled at a larger number, such a scheduling action would require Board approval.

Adoption date:	September 9, 2003
Revised First Reading:	August 24, 2006
Adoption Date:	September 12, 2006

TEXTBOOK SELECTION AND ADOPTION

The Board of Education is responsible for the approval of all textbooks to be used in the district schools. The Superintendent of Schools, in cooperation with the Assistant Superintendent for Instruction, shall recommend suitable lists of textbooks to be used in the schools for the Board's consideration.

Texts, once approved by the Board, shall not be superseded for a period of five years, except by a three-fourth's vote of the Board.

The Superintendent shall establish procedures for the selection and recommendation of textbooks and a method for selecting staff members who shall serve in the selection and recommendation process.

The following criteria are to be considered in the selection of textbooks:

1. textbook or material should have been copyrighted within the past five years;
2. qualifications of the author(s) on the subject;
3. adaptability to existing instructional program;
4. accuracy of the information presented;
5. sufficient scope to meet the requirements of the curriculum as developed locally and approved by the State Education Department;
6. objectivity and impartiality in treatment of subject matter and freedom from bias and prejudice;
7. high quality format in respect to typography, arrangement of materials or pages, cover design, size and margins;
8. appropriateness to grade level as to vocabulary, sentence structure, and organization;
9. textbook series should meet grade-to-grade requirements. They should contain supplementary aids to learning, when desirable and necessary, such as a table of contents, introduction, study activities, exercises, questions, problems, selected references, bibliography, index glossary and appendices;
10. texts should include appropriate illustrative materials--pictures, maps, charts, graphs, diagrams, etc., which clarify the text and enrich the content;
11. materials should fairly represent the many ethnic and cultural groups and their contribution to American heritage pursuant to policy 4350; and
12. a reasonable balance of viewpoints regarding controversial issues should be presented.

The following criteria are to be considered in the selection of literary works for classroom use in teaching literature, as well as the assignment of such works to particular grade levels:

1. use of a compositional style which contributes to the reader's critical and appreciative understanding of the work;
2. sophisticated use of literary devices (i.e., metaphor, point of view, tone) to further student understanding of written concepts;
3. levels of student maturity and experience necessary for empathic reading of literature;
4. capacity of a work to capture student interest;
5. thematic treatment which promotes sound and healthy values for students;
6. intrinsic qualities that establish a work as a significant part of the literary heritage; and
7. variety to avoid duplication of theme, plot, setting, etc., unless such duplication affords opportunities for comparison and contrast or serves to reinforce understanding.

Cross-ref: 1420, Complaints about Curricula or Instructional Materials

Ref: Education Law §§701 et seq.; 1711; 2508; 2566

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

LIBRARY MATERIALS SELECTION

The Board of Education supports the establishment and maintenance of a library-media center which provides services to students and staff. The Board delegates the responsibility to the Superintendent for the selection and purchase of materials and equipment.

The library-media staff will work closely with students, staff and administrative personnel in the selection and evaluation of materials for purchase.

In order to provide the Superintendent and his/her staff with guidance in the acquisition of instructional resource material, such as library books, references, audiovisuals, maps, etc., the Board endorses the guidelines approved by the American Library Association that such resources:

1. provide information that will enrich and support the curriculum, taking into consideration the varied interests, abilities, and maturity levels of the students served;
2. provide information that will stimulate growth in factual knowledge, literary appreciation, aesthetic values, and ethical standards;
3. provide information that will enable students to make intelligent judgments in their daily lives;
4. provide information on opposing sides of controversial issues so that young citizens may develop under guidance the practice of critical reading and thinking;
5. provide information representative of the many religious, ethnic, and cultural groups and their contributions to our American heritage; and
6. place principle above personal opinion and reason above prejudice in the selection of materials of the highest quality in order to assure a comprehensive collection appropriate for the users of the library.

The Superintendent shall be responsible for the selection of resource materials within the aforesaid guidelines and for the determination of factual accuracy, readability, authoritativeness, integrity and quality of format. To assist in the selection process, reputable, unbiased professionally prepared aids (such as the Horn Book, School Library Journal, etc.) shall be consulted as guides.

In order to respond to any complaints about, or challenges to, the selection of library materials, the district has adopted regulations (1420-R, Complaints About Curricula or Instructional Materials Regulation) establishing a complaint procedure and providing for a committee to review such complaints or challenges.

If any person wishes to permanently remove materials from a school district library, he/she must seek the formal approval of the Board. The Board may determine that such materials should be removed. Such determination must not be based upon official suppression of ideas, but rather upon the educational suitability of the materials in question. Only the Board and/or the Superintendent may authorize said permanent removal of instructional materials, pursuant to the decision of the Board.

Cross-ref: 1420, Complaints about Curricula or Instructional Materials

Ref: Education Law §§1709(15); 1711(5)(f)
Board of Educ., Island Trees UFSD v. Pico, 457 US 853 (1982)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

Films & Videos

All (films & videos) shown in the classroom during the academic school day will be age appropriate of the students in the class. Staff members should continue to use the MPAA ratings as a guide, but also collaboration with colleagues to determine appropriateness. Films used within the classroom setting should not contain excessive violence or sexual explicitness for the age level of the student. If there are any questions, staff members should seek administrative approval.

The school is used as a community center and as such will from time to time be used by outside agencies to show movies to the community. While the movies are not part of the educational curriculum, any outside group must put procedures in place to ensure the MPAA rating process is followed regarding the age admittance of children and all publicity will clearly show the MPAA rating, (for example a movie that is shown by an outside agency which has a rating of "R" – the personnel of the group must ensure no-one under 17 is allowed admittance without being accompanied by an adult).

First Reading: January 9, 2007

Adoption: January 23, 2007

INTERNET SAFETY

The Board of Education is committed to undertaking efforts that serve to make safe for children the use of district computers for access to the Internet and World Wide Web. To this end, although unable to guarantee that any selected filtering and blocking technology will work perfectly, the Board directs the Superintendent of Schools to procure and implement the use of technology protection measures that block or filter Internet access by:

- adults to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornography, and
- minors to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors, as defined in the Children's Internet Protection Act.

Subject to staff supervision, however, any such measures may be disabled or relaxed for adults conducting bona fide research or other lawful purposes, in accordance with criteria established by the Superintendent or his or her designee.

The Superintendent or his or her designee also shall develop and implement procedures that provide for the safety and security of students using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communications; monitoring the online activities of students using district computers; and restricting student access to materials that are harmful to minors.

In addition, the Board prohibits the unauthorized disclosure, use and dissemination of personal information regarding students; unauthorized online access by students, including hacking and other unlawful activities; and access by students to inappropriate matter on the Internet and World Wide Web. The Superintendent or his or her designee shall establish and implement procedures that enforce these restrictions.

The computer network coordinator designated under the district's policy on the acceptable use of district computers (policy 4526) shall monitor and examine all district computer network activities to ensure compliance with this policy and accompanying regulation. He or she also shall be responsible for ensuring that staff and students receive training on their requirements.

All users of the district's computer network, including access to the Internet and World Wide Web, must understand that use is a privilege, not a right, and that any such use entails responsibility. They must comply with the requirements of this policy and accompanying regulation, in addition to generally accepted rules of network etiquette, and the district's policy on the acceptable use of computers and the internet (policy 4526). Failure to comply may result in disciplinary action including, but not limited to, the revocation of computer access privileges.

As part of this policy, and the district's policy on acceptable use of district computers (policy 4526), the district shall also provide age-appropriate instruction regarding appropriate online behavior, including:

1. interacting with other individuals on social networking sites and in chat rooms, and
2. cyberbullying awareness and response.

Instruction will be provided even if the district prohibits students from accessing social networking sites or chat rooms on district computers.

Cross-ref: 4526, Computer Use in Instruction

Ref: Children's Internet Protection Act, Public Law No. 106-554
Broadband Data Services Improvement Act/ Protecting Children in the 21st Century Act,
Public Law No. 110-385
18 USC §2256
20 USC §6777
47 USC §254

First Reading: August 22, 2017
Second Reading: September 12, 2017
Adoption date: September 12, 2017

INTERNET SAFETY REGULATION

The following rules and regulations implement the Internet Safety Policy adopted by the Board of Education to make safe for children the use of district computers for access to the Internet and World Wide Web.

I. Definitions

In accordance with the Children's Internet Protection Act,

- *Child pornography* refers to any visual depiction, including any photograph, film, video, picture or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually explicit conduct, where (a) the production of such visual depiction involves the use of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; (b) such visual depiction is a digital image, computer image, or computer-generated image that is, or is indistinguishable from that of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or (c) such visual depiction has been created, adapted or modified to appear that an identifiable minor is engaging in sexually explicit conduct; *Harmful to minors* means any picture, image, graphic image file, or other visual depiction that (a) taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion; (b) depicts, describes or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simulated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and (c) taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.

II. Blocking and Filtering Measures

- The Superintendent or his or her designee shall secure information about, and ensure the purchase or provision of, a technology protection measure that blocks access from all district computers to visual depictions on the Internet and World Wide Web that are obscene, child pornography or harmful to minors.
- The district's computer network coordinator shall be responsible for ensuring the installation and proper use of any Internet blocking and filtering technology protection measure obtained by the district.
- The computer network coordinator or his or her designee may disable or relax the district's Internet blocking and filtering technology measure only for adult staff members conducting research related to the discharge of their official responsibilities.
- The computer network coordinator shall monitor the online activities of adult staff members for whom the blocking and filtering technology measure has been disabled or relaxed to ensure there is not access to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornography.

III. Monitoring of Online Activities

- The district's computer network coordinator shall be responsible for monitoring to ensure that the online activities of staff and students are consistent with the district's Internet Safety Policy and this regulation. He or she may inspect, copy, review, and store at any time, and without prior notice, any and all usage of the district's computer network for accessing the Internet and World Wide Web and direct electronic communications, as well as any and all information transmitted or received during such use. All users of the district's computer network shall have no expectation of privacy regarding any such materials.
- Except as otherwise authorized under the district's Computer Network or Acceptable Use Policy, students may use the district's computer network to access the Internet and World Wide Web only during supervised class time, study periods or at the school library, and exclusively for research related to their course work.
- Staff supervising students using district computers shall help to monitor student online activities to ensure students access the Internet and World Wide Web, and/or participate in authorized forms of direct electronic communications in accordance with the district's Internet Safety Policy and this regulation.
- The district's computer network coordinator shall monitor student online activities to ensure students are not engaging in hacking (gaining or attempting to gain unauthorized access to other computers or computer systems), and other unlawful activities.

IV. Training

- The district's computer network coordinator shall provide training to staff and students on the requirements of the Internet Safety Policy and this regulation at the beginning of each school year.
- The training of staff and students shall highlight the various activities prohibited by the Internet Safety Policy, and the responsibility of staff to monitor student online activities to ensure compliance therewith.
- The district shall provide age-appropriate instruction to students regarding appropriate online behavior. Such instruction shall include, but not be limited to: positive interactions with others online, including on social networking sites and in chat rooms; proper online social etiquette; protection from online predators and personal safety; and how to recognize and respond to cyberbullying and other threats.
- Students shall be directed to consult with their classroom teacher if they are unsure whether their contemplated activities when accessing the Internet or Worldwide Web are directly related to their course work.
- Staff and students will be advised to not disclose, use and disseminate personal information about students when accessing the Internet or engaging in authorized forms of direct electronic communications.
- Staff and students will also be informed of the range of possible consequences attendant to a violation of the Internet Safety Policy and this regulation.

V. Reporting of Violations

- Violations of the Internet Safety Policy and this regulation by students and staff shall be reported to the Building Principal.
- The Principal shall take appropriate corrective action in accordance with authorized disciplinary procedures.
- Penalties may include, but are not limited to, the revocation of computer access privileges, as well as school suspension in the case of students and disciplinary charges in the case of teachers.

First Reading: August 22, 2017
Second Reading: September 12, 2017
Adoption date: September 12, 2017

**ACCEPTABLE USE OF DISTRICT TECHNOLOGY
INCLUDING THE USE OF THE INTERNET AND THE NETWORK**

Purpose

The Willsboro Central School District provides access to electronic information resources and an electronic communication system (electronic equipment, software, network, and internet) as a means to enhance teaching and learning, increase communication, and enhance productivity. Such systems include, but are not limited to the district network, wireless access points, email, internet, voicemail, and any other software or hardware owned by the district. For the purpose of this Acceptable Use Policy (AUP), the district refers to "users" as all students, faculty, administrators, staff, community members, and others who are granted access to the district computers and network.

Access is also provided to assist in the sharing of information with the local community including parents/guardians; social services agencies, government agencies, and businesses. The use of the District's property must be for educational purposes consistent with the educational objectives of the District.

The use of any technology resources is considered an extension of the classroom. Therefore, compliance with all District policies, guidelines, rules, and acceptable standards of behavior are necessary and required. Any communication that is considered inappropriate for the classroom is also inappropriate use of technology.

Description of District Limitations

The District is not liable for any damage suffered by a user of the system, including but not limited to loss of data stored on or transmitted by technology resources or interruptions of service. The District is not responsible for any mistakes or negligence, liability, copyright infringement, or other financial obligations incurred by a person using District resources. The District will make every attempt to ensure the integrity of the network, but it does not assume responsibility for unexpected technical deficiencies that cause harm to the network systems or devices. The District does not guarantee the accuracy or quality of information received over the web resources. Copyright infringement, which may include the duplication of software or other works, is a violation of the law.

Description of Security Measures

It is the policy of the Willsboro Central School District to 1) prevent access to or transmission of inappropriate content by its computers and over its network through electronic mail or other forms of communication, 2) promote the safety and security of minors using the District's computers, email, and other forms of communications, 3) prevent unauthorized access (e.g. hacking) and other unlawful activities, and 4) prevent unauthorized online disclosure, use, or dissemination of student personally identifiable information.

To the extent possible, the District shall use commercially reasonable technology protection measures, which includes a content filter.

No technology measure can block 100% of inappropriate content, so the District emphasizes the importance of responsible use and parent and staff monitoring the use of technology. To that end, the district will continue to instruct students how to navigate the internet safely and appropriately.

Privileges and Privacy

Use of the district's electronic information resources and electronic communications systems are a privilege and not a right. Access to the district's computer and electronic communication system by students, staff, and others requires adherence to District policies and rules, state and federal laws and regulations. Violations may result in the loss of privileges, other disciplinary action, restitution, and/or criminal prosecution. The District will fully cooperate with local, state, or federal officials in any investigation relating to illegal activities conducted through District systems.

Users should have no expectation of privacy when using the District electronic information resources and electronic communication system. The District reserves the right to review, audit, intercept, access, and disclose all messages created, received, or sent over the system.

Users must recognize that electronic files and communications may be subject to State open records requirements, and they must take appropriate action to maintain such records in compliance with State law.

Cyber-Bullying, Harassment, and Defamation

Users will not post information online that would endanger the health, safety, or emotional well-being of other individuals. Users will abide by restrictions against inappropriate language and posting obscene, lewd, vulgar, rude, threatening, disrespectful, or defamatory content.

Users will not engage in or in any manner partake in or be party to cyber-bullying, harassment, or defamation. This includes teasing, intimidation, sending/posting inappropriate, hurtful, or false email messages, instant messages, text messages, digital pictures images, or video. Use of District systems for such acts will result in disciplinary action, loss of privileges, and/or criminal prosecution.

Acceptable Use Guidelines for All Users

The following actions are prohibited...

- Use, access, storage or transmittal of inappropriate content. (Examples of inappropriate content include offensive, profane, abusive, harassing, sexually explicit, threatening, or obscene language or visual depictions, as well as pornography and child pornography.)
- Use of an account other than their own or misrepresentation of their identity.
- Access, change, destroy, or share any computer files that do not belong to the user.
- Deliberately access or distribute materials that are inconsistent with the school's code of conduct or the district's educational goals, or show others how to do the same.

- Reveal personal data of students and staff (e.g. PIN, social security number, credit card number(s), passwords, personal addresses or telephone numbers).
- Use the system for commercial use or personal gain.
- Use the system for political advocacy.
- Create and/or willfully distribute a computer virus over the network.
- Use the system to illegally transfer software or other copyrighted material, otherwise known as pirating.
- Use the network in such a way that they would disrupt the use of the network by other users.
- Deliberately or willfully cause damage to technology equipment or assist others in doing the same.
- Deliberately or willfully attempt to bypass or compromise security measures in place on the network, including the use of proxy sites.
- Install or download any program on district-owned equipment, except with the expressed approval of the District Network Department.

First Reading: June 12, 2012

Second Reading: June 26, 2012

Adoption Date: June 26, 2012

FIELD TRIPS AND EXCURSIONS

The Board of Education recognizes the desirability of providing off-campus experiences which will enhance the educational program of the school system. The Superintendent of Schools will determine the frequency and content of class field trips. Each student must secure the permission of his/her parent or guardian before participating in such activity.

Factors relevant in consideration of approval of such field trips will include the relationship to the curriculum, the distance of the trip, availability of transportation, the cost involved, weather conditions, and sufficiency of staff supervision. In order to make necessary transportation arrangements, all requests for day field trips must be submitted to the appropriate Superintendent of Schools at least two weeks prior to the trip date.

Overnight Field Trips

Trips in excess of one day involving overnight travel must be submitted to the Superintendent and approved by the Board, prior to making any commitments or arrangements. Requests for overnight trips should be made at least three months in advance of the planned event.

Transportation

When the district provides transportation to students on a school-sponsored field trip, extracurricular activity or any other similar event, it shall provide transportation back to either the point of departure or to the appropriate school in the district unless:

1. the parent or legal guardian of a student participating in such event has provided the district with a written notice authorizing an alternative form of return transportation for the student; or
2. intervening circumstances make such transportation impractical.

Where intervening circumstances have made transportation back to the point of departure or to the appropriate school in the district impractical, a representative(s) of the district shall remain with the student until such student's parent or legal guardian has been contacted and the student has been delivered to his/her parent or legal guardian.

Ref: Education Law §§1604; 1709; 1804; 1903; 2503; 2554; 2590-e

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

SCHOOL VOLUNTEERS

The Board of Education recognizes that the use of volunteers strengthens school/community relations through positive participation, builds an understanding of school programs among interested citizens, and can assist district employees in providing more individualized and enriched opportunities in instruction. The Board encourages volunteers from all backgrounds and age groups who are willing to share their time, training, experience or personal characteristics to benefit the students of the district.

Volunteers may be involved in many facets of school operations, from mentor/tutor relationships to clerical tasks. Volunteers shall not be used to provide transportation for school-sponsored activities.

No volunteer shall be permitted to have unsupervised direct contact with students.

School personnel who are responsible for tasks or projects that involve the use of volunteers shall identify appropriate tasks and time schedules for such volunteer activities, as well as make provisions for adequate supervision and evaluation.

Persons wishing to volunteer must complete an application form. The application form shall require the volunteer applicant to disclose any criminal convictions. The application form shall also require the applicant to identify two personal references. The Superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring that both references are contacted before board of education approval.

The district shall retain a complete record of all information obtained through the application process for the same period of time it retains information regarding district employees.

All volunteers are required to act in accordance with district policies, regulations and school rules. Any staff member who supervises volunteers may ask any volunteer who violates district policies, regulations or school rules to leave school grounds.

Each Superintendent shall be responsible for maintaining a current and complete list of all active volunteers and their assignments.

Adoption date:	September 9, 2003
Revised First Reading:	August 24, 2006
Adoption Date:	September 12, 2006

GRADING SYSTEMS

Grading other forms of evaluation are considered positive tools to indicate achievement and development in each class or subject in which a student is enrolled. The Board of Education recognizes that the classroom teacher has the primary responsibility to evaluate students and/or determine student grades.

The district shall use a uniform grading and/or evaluation system. Classroom teachers shall evaluate students and assign grades according to the established system.

Grading and evaluation shall be based upon student improvement, achievement, and participation in classroom discussions and activities shall be provided a written report card at least four (4) times a year regarding their child's progress. The use of marks and symbols will be appropriately explained.

Grading shall not be used for disciplinary purposes, i.e., reducing grade for an unexcused absence, although a lower grade can be given for failure to complete assigned work or for lack of class participation.

All students are expected to complete the assigned class work and homework as directed. Students are also expected to participate meaningfully in class discussions and activities in order to receive course credit. If work is missed due to absence, the student is expected to make up the work. The student and/or the student's parent(s) or guardian(s) should discuss with the student's teacher an appropriate means of making up the missed work. With the possible exception of absences intended by the student as a means of gaining an unfair academic advantage (e.g., to secure more time to study for a test), every effort will be made to provide students with the opportunity and assistance to make up all work missed as a result of absence from class.

The professional judgment of the teacher should be respected. Once a grade is assigned to a student by a teacher, the grade may only be changed by a Superintendent after notification to the teacher of the reason for such change.

Cross-ref: 5100, Attendance

Ref: Education Law §§3202; 3205 et seq.
Matter of Nathaniel D., 32 EDR 67 (1992)
Matter of Hegarty, 31 EDR 232 (1992)
Matter of Shepard, 31 EDR 315 (1992)
Matter of Handicapped Child, 32 EDR 83 (1992)
Matter of Ackert, 30 EDR 31 (1990)
Matter of Augustine, 30 EDR 13 (1990)
Matter of Boylan, 24 EDR 421 (1985)

Matter of Burns, 29 EDR 103 (1989)
Matter of Chipman, 10 EDR 224 (1971)
Matter of Dickershaid, 26 EDR 112 (1986)
Matter of Fitchett-Delk, 25 EDR 178 (1985)
Matter of Gibbons, 22 EDR 134 (1982)
Matter of LaViolette, 24 EDR 37 (1984)
Matter of MacWhinnie, 20 EDR 145 (1980)
Matter of McClurkin, 28 EDR 136 (1988)
Matter of Reid, 65 Misc 2d 718 (1971)
Matter of Rivers, 27 EDR 73 (1987)
Matter of Shamon, 22 EDR 428 (1983)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

PROMOTION AND RETENTION OF STUDENTS

It is essential that each child experience both challenge and success from school activities. To this end, the district will make every effort to place each student in the most appropriate learning level for a successful educational experience.

District curriculum guides indicate goals for achievement by students at each grade level. However, academic growth, like physical growth, does not take place at the same pace or time for all individuals. Certain students may achieve mastery in a shorter period, while others need additional time. Early identification and intervention, promotion and retention are methods of meeting the needs of such children.

The following guidelines shall govern student progression:

Early Identification/Intervention

Classroom teachers are expected to make every effort to identify early those students at risk of failing. The Superintendent and the parents/guardian must be notified promptly if retention is anticipated, and a special support program shall be designed for each child identified as in danger of failing. Such support services may include, but are not limited to, individualized assistance before, during or after the school day; remedial classes; a change in instructional treatment, and, where appropriate, referral to the Committee on Special Education for evaluation.

Promotion/Retention

Grades K-6. At the elementary level, students who successfully complete all subjects will be promoted. Students who do not make satisfactory progress in one or more basic subjects -- Reading, English, Mathematics, Spelling, Social Studies and Science -- shall have their cases considered on an individual basis and may be retained. Retention shall be limited to those situations where the best interest of the child is reasonably assured. Diligent effort shall be made to use all available resources to determine the child's appropriate placement.

Grade 7-8. Students who fail to complete all subjects shall have the failure(s) evaluated and a determination made as to the reason for the failure. The student may be required to repeat one subject, but in typical cases shall be promoted with recommendation for summer school. The decision shall be arrived at by consensus from a case conference approach involving teacher, Superintendent and guidance counselor.

Students who fail two or more core academic subjects shall be retained pending successful completion of summer studies.

Students who fail more than two subjects shall be retained.

Grades 9-12. In general, promotion from one class to the next shall be contingent upon the passing each course.

Promotion from grade to grade shall be based on the accumulation of credits as follows:

- To be promoted to grade 10 – 6 credits;
- To be promoted to grade 11 – 11 credits; and
- To grade 12 – must be scheduled for all necessary graduation requirements.

Academic standards. The Superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring that written standards for student progress at each grade level are available to parents and others upon request. Such academic standards are to be forwarded to the Superintendent of Schools each year.

Retention. A decision to retain shall be arrived at by consensus from a case conference approach involving the teacher, Superintendent and parent/guardian. Factors to be considered include teacher recommendation; classroom achievement and attitude; standardized test scores; social and emotional development; results of the family conference; and, for identified students, recommendations by the school psychologist and the Committee on Special Education. If a consensus cannot be reached, the decision of the Superintendent shall be final.

Ref: Education Law §§1709; 2503(4); 3202
8 NYCRR §100.4
Isqwith v. Levitt, 285 App. Div. 833; 137 N.Y.S.2d 497 (1955)
Matter of Eckert, 13 EDR 270 (1979)
Op. Counsel, 1 EDR 775 (1952)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

The Board of Education will award diplomas to students who meet the requirements set forth below:

Regents Diploma

Students in the Class of 2004 (students who entered 9th grade in 2000) must receive a score of at least 65 on eight required Regents exams and complete 20.5 units of credit as required.

Students in the Class of 2005 (students who entered 9th grade in 2001) and thereafter must receive a score of at least 65 on five required Regents exams and complete 22 units of credit as required.

A Regents Diploma with Honors will be awarded to those students who meet the requirements stated above and achieve an average of 90 percent in all their required Regents exams.

Regents Diploma with Advanced Designation

Students in the Class of 2005 (students who entered 9th grade in 2001) and thereafter who score at least 65 on eight required Regents exams and earn 22 units of credit as required will receive a Regents Diploma with Advanced Designation.

A Regents Diploma with Advanced Designation with Honors will be awarded to those students who meet the requirements stated above and achieve an average of 90 percent in all their required Regents exams.

Local Diploma

Students in the Class of 2004 (students who entered 9th grade in 2000) who complete 20.5 units of credit as specified in Commissioner's regulations and receive a score between 55 and 64 on any of the five required Regents exams are eligible to receive a local diploma.

Students entering 9th grade in 2001 through 2005 who complete 22 units of credit as specified in Commissioner's regulations and receive a score between 55 and 64 on any of the five required Regents exams are eligible to receive a local diploma.

IEP Diploma

Students who have been designated as having a disability must have completed the requirements to receive an IEP diploma or local certificate as specified in the Individualized Education Program (IEP) and approved by the Committee on Special Education (CSE).

Adoption date:

GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS REGULATION

To graduate from Willsboro Central School District a student must have completed all requirements as defined by the New York State Education Commissioner's regulations:

1. Regents Diploma:

The student has completed the requirements for a Regents diploma, including 18 1/2 units of school credit and receives a score of at least 65 on specified Regents examinations. The units of credit must include the following:

4 units of English
 4 units of social studies
 (including 1 unit of American history, 1/2 unit of government and 1/2 unit of economics)
 2 units of science
 2 units of mathematics
 1 unit of art and/or music
 1/2 credit of health education

2 units of physical education
 (not counted towards required units)

Students must also have completed successful sequences in science, math, a second language, music, art or occupational education subjects, as prescribed by Commissioner's Regulations. With certain exceptions, students must have completed one sequence of three units of credit in a second language in order to earn a Regents diploma.

2. Local Diploma:

Students must have completed the requirements of a local diploma, including 18 1/2 units of school credit (as listed above) and successfully completed all the following required tests:

For Students
 Entering
Grade 9 in:
 1997

Competency Tests
 Science, Global Studies
 and U.S. History

Regents Tests
 English* and
 Mathematics*

1998

Science

English, *
 Math, *
 Global
 Studies, *
 U.S. History*

1999

English*
Math,*
Science*
Global
Studies,* and
US History*

2000

English,
Math,*
Science,*
Global
Studies, and
US History

Students must also have completed successful sequences in science, math, a second language, music, art or occupational education subjects, as prescribed by Commissioner's Regulations.

Under certain prescribed conditions, students may earn a maximum of six and one-half units of credit for either a Regents or local diploma without completing the above units of study for such units of credit.

3. IEP Diploma. Students who have been designated as having a disability must have completed the requirements to receive an IEP diploma or local certificate as specified in the Individualized Education Program (IEP) and approved by the Committee on Special Education (CSE).

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

The Board of Education recognizes their broad responsibility for providing for a course of study in the schools that is appropriate to the age and ability of the students in the district. The Board also recognizes that within the broad parameters of curriculum, a teacher must be free to engage the classroom discussion and debate in order to stimulate the exchange of ideas and critical thinking.

Controversial issues may arise that deal with matters about which there are varied levels of opposing views, biases emotions, and/or conflict. The Board wishes to ensure that controversial issues are presented in a manner that preserve the academic integrity of the district and reflects community values. Therefore, the Board establishes the following guidelines for teachers to follow when presenting controversial issues in the classroom:

1. In the classroom, matters of a controversial nature shall be handled as they arise in the normal course of instruction and not introduced for their own sake. Such issues shall be neither sought nor avoided.
2. When presenting various positions on a controversial issue, the teacher shall take care to balance major views and to assure that as many sides of the issues as possible are presented in a fair manner, with no position being espoused by the teacher as the only one acceptable.
3. When materials dealing with controversial topics are to be used, assigned or recommended, such materials must:
 - have educational value and be relevant to the curriculum;
 - be appropriate to the age and maturity level of the students; and
 - not adversely affect the attainment of the district's instructional goals or result in substantial disruption of the normal operation of the classroom.

Prior to presenting controversial materials to their students all teachers shall:

1. review carefully any and all material to be distributed to students with the understanding that they will be responsible and accountable for all materials distributed; and
2. notify the Superintendent of Schools in advance of the dissemination of any material likely to be considered controversial by staff, class or community.

The Superintendent will then review the materials pursuant to the guidelines above.

Ref: Tinker v. Des Moines Independent Community School District, 393 U.S. 260 (1988) (students have First Amendment rights)
Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 260 (1988) (limitations on students First Amendment rights in an educational setting)
Board of Education v. Pico, 457 U.S. 853 (1982) (balance discretion of the Board over educational affairs with student's constitutional rights)
Appeal of Malverne Union Free School District, 29 Educ. Dep't. Rept. 363 (1990) (teachers First Amendment rights in an educational setting)
Appeal of O'Connor, 29 Educ. Dep't. Rept. 48 (1989) (notification prior to dissemination of controversial materials)

Adoption date: September 9, 2003

ANIMALS IN THE SCHOOLS

The Board of Education recognizes that the study of living things is essential to effective instruction in the life sciences. The primary goals for demonstrations and investigations involving animals are to achieve an interest in and an understanding of the life processes, to demonstrate biological principles, and to teach proper care and handling of animals. Therefore, the Board requires that any such instructional activities, investigations, and projects be well-planned and adequately supervised, and be conducted with a respect for life and an appreciation of the health and safety of both animals and students.

The Board also recognizes that some students have a moral or religious objection to dissection or otherwise harming or destroying animals. In accordance with state law, students shall have the right to opt out of dissection activities, provided that the student performs an alternative project approved by the student's teacher. The objection must be substantiated in writing by the student's parent or guardian.

At the start of the school year, teachers of courses that include animal dissection shall give notice to the students in those classes of their opt-out rights and responsibilities under the law and this policy. Such notice shall be shared with parents of those students, and also be available upon request in the school office].

Ref: Education Law §809(4)
Responsible Use of Live Animals and Dissection in the Science Classroom, National Science Teachers Association Position Statement, revised March 2008 (www.nsta.org/about/positions/animals.aspx)

First Reading: January 11, 2011
Second Reading: January 25, 2011
Adoption date: January 25, 2011