ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Salida Union School District Salida, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Salida Union School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Salida Union School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 59 through 61, schedule of the district's proportionate share of net pension liability on page 62, and the schedule of district contributions on page 63, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Salida Union School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the other supplementary information as listed on the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated ________, 2016, on our consideration of the Salida Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Salida Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Preliminary Draft For Discussion Purposes Only

Fresno, California , 2016

Salida Union School District

District Superintendent
Twila Tosh

Board of Trustees
Virginia Berry
Nanci E. Fox
Dennis Thompson
Ivan Wyeth, II
Dr. Gary Dew

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

This management's discussion and analysis of Salida Union School District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This is the District management's view of the District's financial condition. It should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

Salida is located in California's San Joaquin Valley in the northwest portion of Stanislaus County and covers an area of approximately 31 square miles. Most of the District encompasses unincorporated territory, including the community of Salida, a portion of the District includes territory in the northern portion of the City of Modesto.

Enrollment in the 2015-2016 fiscal year totaled 2,338. There are currently five K-8 schools within the District consisting of three elementary schools, one middle school and one charter school. Students graduating from the Salida Union School District attend high school in the Modesto High School District.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis consists of five sections:

- Overview of the Financial Statements serves as a guide to reading the financial statements provided in the sections following the Management's Discussion and Analysis.
- Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole
- Financial Analysis of the District's Funds including a sub-section on the District's General Fund.
- Capital Asset and Debt Administration a look at the District's investment in capital assets and its level of debt.
- Factors bearing on the District's Financial Future a discussion of issues management see as relevant to the future financial health of the District.

JUNE 30, 2016

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- <u>Government-Wide</u>. The first two statements are Government-wide financial statements that provide both short- and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. Because they include all district funds, certain inter-fund and other types of transactions that net to zero have been eliminated so that Government-wide revenues and expenditures are not artificially inflated.
- <u>Fund-Level</u>. The remaining statements are fund-level financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements. These notes are considered to be an integral part of the financial statements and should be considered with them when looking at the District's financial picture.

The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a budgetary comparison of the District's budget for the year.

In the Government-wide financial statements, activities are shown as Governmental activities The fund-level financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, the General Fund being the largest fund in this category. Funds included in the grouping of Governmental funds are those activities that are unique to the special mission of a governmental organization, such as a public school district.
- <u>Fiduciary Funds</u>—If the District is the trustee for assets that belong to others, such as the student body funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. Their activities are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements because the District could not use those assets to finance its operations.

When using these financial statements to assess the overall health of the District you also need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and enrollment trends.

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position: A second view in the analysis of the District is to look at the change in net position as shown on Table 1. Net position represents the portion of total assets actually owned free and clear by the District. The District's total net position for the year ending June 30, 2016, was \$9.5 million.

It should be noted that land is accounted for at purchase value, not market value, and is not depreciated. Therefore, much of the land owned by the District is valued on the District's books at what is potentially below current market value because much of it was acquired decades ago. This valuation is consistent with accounting rules set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Buildings are recorded at cost of original construction and then depreciated. They are not recorded at present market value.

Net position is a frequent indicator of the financial health of an organization, as assets could be sold and net proceeds used to fund operations. While the land and buildings owned by the District contribute to its net position, because of the nature of its operations the District will be utilizing the vast majority of these assets for the foreseeable future. With limited exceptions, they are not available as assets that could be liquidated; however, they are still a partial indication of the overall financial health of the District.

Table 1 - Statement of Net Position

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities								
	2016		2016 2015		2016		2015	Var	iance
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$	10.6	\$	8.1	\$	2.5			
Capital assets		31.5		31.5		-			
Total Assets		42.1		39.6		2.5			
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4.7		1.5		3.2			
Liabilities		-							
Current liabilities		1.0		0.8		0.2			
Long-term obligations other than pensions		11.3		10.4		0.9			
Net pension liability		20.8		17.1		3.7			
Total Liabilities		33.1		28.3	•	4.8			
Deferred Inflows of Resources		4.2		4.7		(0.5)			
Net Position		-							
Net investment in capital assets		20.3		21.2		(0.9)			
Restricted		1.4		0.9		0.5			
Unrestricted		(12.2)		(14.0)		1.8			
Total Net Position	\$	9.5	\$	8.1		1.4			

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Table 2 is another view of Net Position and how operations of the District impacts Net Position. Revenue minus expenses will equal the change in Net Positions from year to year. This table looks at revenue and expenses as they are broken out by the various functions performed by the District.

Table 2 - Statement of Net Activities

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities					
	2016 2015			Variance		
Revenues	'					_
General Revenues:						
Federal and State Aid Not Restricted	\$	20.1	\$	16.9	\$	3.2
Property Taxes		4.3		3.7		0.6
Other		1.3		2.0		(0.7)
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services		0.3		0.2		0.1
Categorical Revenues		6.9		6.8		0.1
Capital Grants		1	1	1		-
Total Revenues		32.9		29.6	\$	3.3
Expenses	<u> </u>					
Instruction Related		19.4		18.0		1.4
Pupil Services		3.6		3.4		0.2
General Administration		1.9		1.8		0.1
Plant Services		3.2		2.7		0.5
Community Services		2.3		2.4		(0.1)
Other		1.1		0.5		0.6
Total Expenses		31.5		28.8		2.7
Change in Net Position	\$	1.4	\$	0.8	\$	0.6

Balances of less than \$50,000 are rounded down to zero in this table.

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Fund Balance: The first view in the analysis of the District as a whole is fund balance and the changes that occurred during the fiscal year. The combined total of all fund balances decreased during 2015-2016 as in Table 3 of Ending Fund Balances below.

Table 3 - Ending Fund Balances

(Amounts in millions)

Fund	June 3	0, 2016	June 3	0, 2015	
General	\$	6.4	\$	4.7	
Charter		-	1	0.1	
Child Development		-		-	1
Cafeteria		0.2		0.1	
Deferred Maintenance		0.1		0.1	
Building		-		-	1
Capital Facilities		0.2		0.2	
County School Facilities		-		-	1
Special Reserve Capital Projects		2.6		2.1	
Bond Interest and Redemption		0.1		0.1	
Total Fund Balances	\$	9.6	\$	7.4	

Balances of less than \$50,000 are rounded down to zero in this table.

Core Operating Funds: The core operating funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Charter School, Child Development Fund, and Cafeteria Fund.

The General Fund balance increased \$1.7 million including making \$1.5 million in contributions for the required QZAB payment and solar project costs outside of the scope of the energy loan.

The Charter School's revenue has been increasing each year as enrollment grows but experienced a decline in it's ending fund balance of \$87 thousand during the year.

The Child Development fund is a self-supporting program with a small reserve balance.

The Cafeteria Fund continues operating outside catering services which attribute to positive fund balance however the fund did experience a \$0.1 million increase during the year.

The District's capital funds are: Capital Facilities, County Schools Facilities, and Special Reserve for Capital Projects. The combined balances of these funds have increased by approximately \$0.6 million mainly due to the transfers in from the General Fund of \$1.6 million and proceeds of \$1.2 million from an energy loan.

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GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District receives revenue for the General Fund from several sources. The primary revenue source as shown in Figure 1 is the Local Control Funding Formula from the State of California. As the State of California transitions into its plan to fully implement the Local Control Funding Formula the District relies heavily on these increases to education.

As a school district the main priority is education of its students. The primary functions of the District are Instruction, Instruction Related Activities, Pupil Services, and Plant Services. As noted in Figure 2 below, 72 percent of the District's expenditures are for instruction and expenditures related to instruction. It is also important to note that General Administration only accounts for 7 percent of the total expenditures. You will also note, in Figure 3, that employee salaries and benefits consume 75 percent of total expenditures. The tables below reflect only the General Fund activity. *The totals below exclude the STRS on behalf contribution*.

Figure 1

Revenue	%	Value
LCFF Revenue	78%	\$20,312,489
Federal	4%	1,057,307
State	10%	2,602,531
Local/Other	8%	2,130,038
TOTAL	100%	\$26,102,365

Figure 2

Expenditures by Function	%	Value
Instruction	64%	\$14,592,212
Instruction Related	8%	1,741,160
Pupil Services	5%	1,101,821
General Admin	7%	1,524,689
Plant Services	12%	2,799,253
Community Services	3%	584,334
All Other	2%	553,688
TOTAL	100%	\$22,897,158

Figure 3

rigure 5		
Expenditures by Object	%	Value
Certificated Salaries	46%	\$10,571,958
Classified Salaries	16%	3,561,002
Employee Benefits	13%	3,056,801
Books and Supplies	5%	1,100,151
Services	18%	4,201,847
Capital Outlay/Other	2%	405,399
TOTAL	100%	\$22,897,158

The District originally budgeted for a \$0.3 million surplus in the General Fund. Revenues and other sources ended the year \$1.3 million above what was originally budgeted and expenditures and other outgo ended \$37 thousand less than was budgeted, therefore, the General Fund increased moderately.

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CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: At June 30, 2016, the District had \$31.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment. There was no net change in the capital assets.

Table 4 - Capital Assets

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activity				vities		
	2	2016		2015	Var	riance	
Land	\$	7.6	\$	7.6	\$	-	
Land Improvements		0.2		0.2		-	
Buildings and Improvements		23.1		23.3		(0.2)	
Equipment		0.4		0.4		-	
Construction in Progress		0.2		-		0.2	
Total	\$	31.5	\$	31.5	\$	0.0	

Depreciation of \$0.2 million was recognized during the year.

Long-Term Obligations: At year end, the District had \$11.3 million in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$10.4 in the prior fiscal year. This is an increase of \$0.9 million. Below is a list of these obligations.

Table 5 - Long-Term Obligations

(Amounts in millions) Governmen					ies	
		2016		2015	Va	riance
General Obligation Bonds	\$	0.5	\$	0.6	\$	(0.1)
Certificates of Participation		5.3		5.4		(0.1)
Qualified Zone Academy Bond		4.2		4.3		(0.1)
Early Retirement Incentive Plan		- 1		0.1		(0.1)
Compensated Absences		0.1		- 1		0.1
Energy loan		1.2				1.2
Total	\$	11.3	\$	10.4	\$	0.9

Balances of less than \$60,000 are rounded down to zero in this table.

Net Pension Liability (NPL): The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* as of June 30, 2015, which required the District to recognize its proportionate share of the unfunded pension obligation for CalSTRS and CalPERS. As of June 30, 2016, the District reported Deferred Outflows from pension activities of \$4.7 million, Deferred Inflows from pension activities of \$4.2 million, and a Net Pension Liability of \$20.8 million.

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FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL FUTURE

The State's economy is a major contributing factor that affects the District's financial well-being. The primary revenue source for the District is the Local Control Funding Formula from the State of California. The District relies on the substantial increases provided to education as its main source of funding.

- Challenges: At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:
 - Decline in the district enrollment. Declining enrollment has been a prevailing factor since 2007.
 We continue to monitor enrollment from year to year and make necessary adjustments both during the year and when making projections for future years.
 - Potential costs associated to the Affordable Health Care. The District strives to control future costs that may be incurred because of this program.
 - Rising pension costs of both CalSTRS and CalPERS are a great concern to the District as these
 costs will be increasing at a rapid rate in future years. Budget adjustments have been made
 accordingly to project future cost implications for the rising rates of these programs.
- **Strengths**: There are also factors that work in the District's favor when looking at the long-term financial future of Salida Union School District:
 - Health insurance cost containment. It should be noted that two significant challenges facing
 many districts, rising health costs and escalating retiree benefit obligations, are not factors for the
 District as these were capped many years ago.
 - Experienced Leadership and Staff. The District enjoys stability in its Board of Education and has
 the benefit of both an experienced and highly capable certificated and classified staff.
 - o Employee relations. The District has an excellent relationship with its employee organizations.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the office of Jaime Towe, Salida Union School District, 4801 Sisk Road, Salida, CA 95368 or (209) 545-0339.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Deposits and investments	\$ 9,115,807	
Receivables	1,406,031	
Prepaid expenses	42,788	
Stores inventories	18,167	
Nondepreciable capital assets	7,832,116	
Capital assets being depreciated	61,359,172	
Accumulated depreciation	(37,715,180)	
Total Assets	42,058,901	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,652,855	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	960,211	
Long-term obligations:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Current portion of long-term obligations	505,000	
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	10,757,002	
Total Long-Term Obligations	11,262,002	
Aggregate net pension liability	20,835,588	
Total Liabilities	33,057,801	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,185,749	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	20,300,764	
Restricted for:	_ = -,- = -, - = -	
Debt service	111,798	
Capital projects	222,538	
Educational programs	865,428	
Other activities	183,758	
Unrestricted	(12,216,080)	
Total Net Position	\$ 9,468,206	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Program Revenues						
		Charges for Services and	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Sales	Contributions	Contributions				
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$ 17,342,576	\$ 127,194	\$ 1,552,949	\$ (39)				
Instruction-related activities:								
Supervision of instruction	579,573	6,246	187,883	-				
Instructional library, media, and								
technology	191,947	-	53,083	-				
School site administration	1,310,066	-	2,127	-				
Pupil services:								
Home-to-school transportation	522,679	-	-	-				
Food services	2,284,707	119,965	2,142,595	-				
All other pupil services	746,380	4,831	115,072	-				
Administration:								
Data processing	142,538	-	-	-				
All other administration	1,742,935	6,366	233,602	-				
Plant services	3,228,061	2,752	149,095	-				
Ancillary services	45	-	-	-				
Community services	2,347,216	-	2,292,021	-				
Enterprise services	58,727	-	-	-				
Interest on long-term obligations	462,132	-	-	-				
Other outgo	553,688	17,208	124,551					
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 31,513,270	\$ 284,562	\$ 6,852,978	\$ (39)				

General revenues and subventions:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Taxes levied for other specific purposes

Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes

Interest and investment earnings

Special and extraordinary items

Miscellaneous

Subtotal, General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
\$	(15,662,472)	
	(385,444)	
	(138,864) (1,307,939)	
	(522,679) (22,147)	
	(626,477) (142,538)	
	(1,502,967)	
	(3,076,214) (45)	
	(55,195) (58,727)	
	(462,132)	
	(411,929) (24,375,769)	
	3,928,123	
	111,954 249,048	
	20,127,740	
	37,845 1,220,344	
	68,411	
	25,743,465 1,367,696	
	8,100,510	
\$	9,468,206	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Charter Schoo Fund		Cafeteria Fund	
ASSETS					
Deposits and investments	\$ 7,126,592	\$	534,603	\$	3,119
Receivables	657,792		13,916		562,357
Due from other funds	860,346		_		8,029
Prepaid expenditures	40,121		-		-
Stores inventories	-		-		18,167
Total Assets	\$ 8,684,851	\$	548,519	\$	591,672
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 749,142	\$	55,878	\$	36,412
Due to other funds	 1,569,029		470,963	1	371,502
Total Liabilities	2,318,171		526,841		407,914
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	50,121		-		18,167
Restricted	826,755		21,678		165,591
Committed	-		-		-
Assigned	1,037,732		-		-
Unassigned	4,452,072		-		-
Total Fund Balances	6,366,680		21,678		183,758
Total Liabilities and				<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances	\$ 8,684,851	\$	548,519	\$	591,672

_	Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund		on-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	1,053,087 69,980 1,561,000 2,667	\$	398,406 101,986 - -	\$	9,115,807 1,406,031 2,429,375 42,788 18,167	
\$	2,686,734	\$	500,392	\$	13,012,168	
\$	51,029 - 51,029	\$	67,750 17,881 85,631	\$	960,211 2,429,375 3,389,586	
	2,667 - 2,633,038 - 2,635,705		351,331 63,430 - 414,761		70,955 1,365,355 63,430 3,670,770 4,452,072 9,622,582	
\$	2,686,734	\$	500,392	\$	13,012,168	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		\$	9,622,582
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.			
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 69,191,288		
Accumulated depreciation is	(37,715,180)		
Net Capital Assets			31,476,108
Expenditures relating to contributions made to pension plans were recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are not recognized on the			1.767.754
accrual basis.			1,767,754
The net change in proportionate share of net pension liability as of the measurement date is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving pension			
benefits.			387,751
The difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to pension expense.			(1,414,754)
The differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability are not recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving			(1,11,701)
pension benefits.			95,054
The changes of assumptions is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service life of members receiving pension benefits.			(368,699)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period,			(308,099)
and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		,	(20,835,588)
Long-term obligations, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		,	20,033,300)
General obligation bonds	500,000		
Certificates of participation	5,255,000		
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	4,200,000		
Early Retirement Incentive Program	30,000		
Compensated absences	56,658		
Energy loan	1,220,344		
Total Long-Term Obligations		((11,262,002)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	9,468,206

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Charter School Fund		Cafeteria Fund	
REVENUES						
Local Control Funding Formula	\$	20,312,489	\$	1,305,389	\$	-
Federal sources		1,129,889		-		1,573,910
Other State sources		3,233,095		86,593		114,998
Other local sources		2,113,179		1,405		741,147
Total Revenues		26,788,652		1,393,387		2,430,055
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		15,017,722		1,111,903		-
Instruction-related activities:						
Supervision of instruction		543,737		36,528		-
Instructional library, media and						
technology		190,872		1,332		_
School site administration		1,064,870		108,161		_
Pupil services:		, ,				
Home-to-school transportation		404,409		_		_
Food services		66,505		_		2,160,198
All other pupil services		697,798		49,555		-
Administration:		,		,		
Data processing		128,930		13,608		-
All other administration		1,432,874		51,730		111,502
Plant services		2,836,815		91,317		47,697
Facility acquisition and construction		-		-		-
Community services		645,585		-		-
Other outgo		553,688		-		-
Debt service						
Principal		_		-		-
Interest and other		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		23,583,850		1,464,134		2,319,397
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over Expenditures		3,204,802		(70,747)		110,658
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		16,329		-		-
Other sources		-		-		-
Transfers out		(1,561,000)		(16,329)		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,544,671)		(16,329)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,660,131		(87,076)		110,658
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,706,549		108,754		73,100
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,366,680	\$	21,678	\$	183,758

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Φ.	Φ.	Φ 21 (15 050		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,617,878		
-	1,324,187	4,027,986		
-	337,834	3,772,520		
520,219	165,563	3,541,513		
520,219	1,827,584	32,959,897		
-	-	16,129,625		
-	-	580,265		
-	-	192,204		
-	-	1,173,031		
-	-	404,409		
-	-	2,226,703		
-	-	747,353		
-	-	142,538		
-	52,320	1,648,426		
66,361	9,362	3,051,552		
1,985,847	636	1,986,483		
-	1,604,610	2,250,195		
-	-	553,688		
280,000	85,000	365,000		
432,294	29,838	462,132		
2,764,502	1,781,766	31,913,649		
(2,244,283)	45,818	1,046,248		
1.561.000		1 577 220		
1,561,000	-	1,577,329		
1,220,344	-	1,220,344		
2 701 244		(1,577,329)		
2,781,344	A5 010	1,220,344		
537,061	45,818	2,266,592		
2,098,644	\$\frac{368,943}{\$414,761}	7,355,990		
\$ 2,635,705	\$ 414,761	\$ 9,622,582		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		\$ 2,266,592
Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlay	\$ 1,986,482	
Depreciation expense	(1,978,402)	
Net Expense Adjustment		8,080
Loss on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but is not recorded in the governmental funds.		(22.972)
•		(33,872)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) In the governmental funds, however, expenditures		
for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used		
(essentially, the amounts actually paid). Vacation used was more than the		
amounts earned by \$2,882.		2,882
In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer		
contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the		
Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in		
the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the		
year.		(50,642)
Proceeds received from Energy Loan is a revenue in the governmental		
funds, but it increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(1.220.244)
		(1,220,344)
An early retirement incentive offered by the District is reported as a long- term obligation in the Statement of Net Position and is recognized currently		
in the Statement of Activities.		30,000
Payment of principal on long-term obligations is an expenditure in the		,
governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the Statement		
of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities:		
General obligation bonds		85,000
Certificates of participation		205,000
0 11/4 1 1 1		== 0000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Qualified zone academy bond

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

75,000

1,367,696

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Deposits and investments	\$ 129,573	
Total Assets	\$ 129,573	
LIABILITIES		
Due to student groups	\$ 129,573	
Total Liabilities	\$ 129,573	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Salida Union School District (the District) was established in 1949 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates three elementary schools, one middle school, and one charter school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Salida Union School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Other Related Entities

Charter School The District has an approved Charter for Independence Charter School pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Independence Charter School is operated by the District, and its financial activities are presented in the Charter School Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

One fund currently defined as special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in assets and fund balance of \$337,732, and \$337,732, respectively, and a decrease in revenues of \$404.

Charter Schools Fund The Charter Schools Fund may be used by authorizing districts to account separately for the activities of district-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing District's General Fund.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund The Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Sections 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board.

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), or the 2006 State Schools Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is agency funds.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 60 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2016, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid expenditures represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures when incurred.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and expenses in the proprietary funds when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, certificates of participation, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Superintendent or designee may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

While GASB Code Section 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization agreement, GASB Code Section 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements if they have been adopted by the Board of Trustees. At June 30, 2016, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The District has no related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$1,383,522 of restricted net position.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the *California Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Stanislaus bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

The provisions in this Statement effective as of June 30, 2016, include the provisions for assets accumulated for purposes of providing pensions through defined benefit plans and the amended provisions of Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The District has implemented these provisions as of June 30, 2016. The provisions in this Statement related to defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant.

If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, as amended. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this Statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria in this Statement, the pool's participants should measure their investments in that pool at fair value, as provided in paragraph 11 of Statement No. 31, as amended.

This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

- Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period
- Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement No. 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.* The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Fiduciary funds Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 9,115,807 129,573 \$ 9,245,380
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 301,787
Cash in revolving	10,000
Investments	8,933,593
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 9,245,380

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under *California Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool which purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

	Fair	12 Months	13 - 24	25 - 60	More Than
Investment Type	Value	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months
County Pool	\$ 8,903,195	\$ -	\$ 8,903,195	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Treasury Obligations	29,040	29,040			
Total	\$ 8,932,235	\$ 29,040	\$ 8,903,195	\$ -	\$ -

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in the County Pool and the U.S. Treasury obligations are not required to be rated, nor have they been rated as of June 30, 2016.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, none of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Stanislaus County Treasury Investment Pool and U.S. Treasury Obligations are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

				Spec	ial Reserve	No	on-Major		
General	Char	ter School	Cafeteria	Capi	tal Outlay	Gov	ernmental		
Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
\$ 253,670	\$	-	\$ 420,168	\$	-	\$	18,347	\$	692,185
332,568		10,389	30,140		-		83,638		456,735
71,554		3,527	112,049		69,980		1		257,111
\$ 657,792	\$	13,916	\$ 562,357	\$	69,980	\$	101,986	\$1,	406,031
	Fund \$ 253,670 332,568 71,554	Fund \$ 253,670 \$ 332,568 71,554	Fund Fund \$ 253,670 \$ - 332,568 10,389 71,554 3,527	Fund Fund Fund \$ 253,670 \$ - \$ 420,168 332,568 10,389 30,140 71,554 3,527 112,049	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Fund \$ 253,670 \$ - \$ 420,168 \$ 332,568 10,389 30,140 30,140 30,140 112,049	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Outlay Fund \$ 253,670 \$ - \$ 420,168 \$ - 332,568 71,554 10,389 30,140 71,554 - - 71,554 3,527 112,049 69,980	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Outlay Fund Government \$ 253,670 \$ - \$ 420,168 \$ - \$ 332,568 10,389 30,140 - - 71,554 3,527 112,049 69,980	Fund Fund Fund Funds \$ 253,670 \$ - \$ 420,168 \$ - \$ 18,347 332,568 10,389 30,140 - 83,638 71,554 3,527 112,049 69,980 1	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Outlay Fund Governmental Funds \$ 253,670 \$ - \$ 420,168 \$ - \$ 18,347 \$ 332,568 10,389 30,140 - 83,638 71,554 3,527 112,049 69,980 1

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

				Balance
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,578,569	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,578,569
Construction in progress		253,547		253,547
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	7,578,569	253,547	-	7,832,116
Capital Assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	259,296	-	-	259,296
Buildings and improvements	56,623,477	1,667,416	-	58,290,893
Furniture and equipment	2,804,453	65,519	60,989	2,808,983
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	59,687,226	1,732,935	60,989	61,359,172
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	73,160	17,286	-	90,446
Buildings and improvements	33,343,022	1,893,218	-	35,236,240
Furniture and equipment	2,347,713	67,898	27,117	2,388,494
Total Accumulated Depreciation	35,763,895	1,978,402	27,117	37,715,180
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$31,501,900	\$ 8,080	\$ 33,872	\$ 31,476,108

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities Instructional \$ 1,226,610 **School Administration** 138,488 Transportation 118,704 **Food Services** 59,352 **Community Services** 158,272 All Other General Administration 98,920 Plant Maintenance and Operations 178,056 1,978,402 Total Depreciation Expenses, Governmental Activities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

		Interfund eceivables		Interfund Payables
Major Governmental Funds	_		_	
General	\$	860,346	\$	1,569,029
Charter School				470,963
Cafeteria		8,029		371,502
Special Reserve Capital Outlay		1,561,000		
Total Major Governmental Funds		2,429,375		2,411,494
Non-Major Governmental Funds				
Child Development		-		17,245
Building		-		636
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		_		17,881
Total All Governmental Funds	\$	2,429,375	\$	2,429,375
The General Fund owes the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund for debt rese The General Fund owes the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund for capital processin excess of the energy loan. The General Fund owes the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund to maintain the	oje	ct	\$	500,000
orchard for the fiscal year.				61,000
The General Fund owes the Cafeteria Fund for the cost of multi-purpose room	tab	les.		8,029
The Charter School Fund owes the General Fund cost in accordance with the M			t	,
with the District.		S		406,213
The Charter School Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs.				48,421
The Charter School Fund owes the General Fund for the correction of an error.				16,329
The Cafeteria Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs.				111,502
The Cafeteria Fund owes the General Fund for a temporary cash flow loan.				260,000
The Building Fund owes the General Fund for repurposing of leased office spa	ce l	oack to a		,
classroom.				636
The Child Development Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs.				17,245
Total			\$	2,429,375
			_	, , -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

The Charter Fund transferred to the General Fund for pay back revenues related to a	
previous year's audit finding relating to disallowed apportionment attendance.	\$ 16,329
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund for capital projects	
costs in excess of the energy loan.	1,000,000
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund for debt reserves.	500,000
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund to maintain the	
almond orchard for the fiscal year.	61,000
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 1,577,329

NOTE 7 - PREPAID EXPENDITURES

Prepaid expenditures at June 30, 2015, consist of the following:

	Special Reserve							
	(General	Capi	tal Outlay				
	Fund			Fund		Total		
Technology contracts	\$	40,121	\$	-	\$	40,121		
Other expenditures				2,667		2,667		
Total	\$	40,121	\$	2,667	\$	42,788		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

						Spec	ial Reserve	No	on-Major		
(General	Char	ter School	C	afeteria	Cap	ital Outlay	Gov	ernmental		
	Fund		Fund	_Fa	acilities		Fund		Funds		Total
\$	92,779	\$	14,618	\$	4,834	\$	51,029	\$	22,117	\$	185,377
	547,004		37,733		31,578		-		45,633		661,948
	20,385		-		-		-		-		20,385
	88,974		3,527		-		-		-		92,501
\$	749,142	\$	55,878	\$	36,412	\$	51,029	\$	67,750	\$	960,211
	\$	\$ 92,779 547,004 20,385 88,974	Fund \$ 92,779 \$ 547,004 20,385 88,974	Fund Fund \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 547,004 37,733 20,385 - 88,974 3,527	Fund Fund Factor Fund Factor Fund Fund Factor Fund Fund Factor Factor Fund Factor Factor Factor Fund Factor Factor Factor Fund Factor F	Fund Fund Facilities \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 547,004 37,733 31,578 20,385 - - 88,974 3,527 -	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Facilities Cap \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 547,004 37,733 31,578 20,385 - - - - - 88,974 3,527 - - -	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Facilities Capital Outlay Fund \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 51,029 547,004 37,733 31,578 - 20,385 - - - 88,974 3,527 - -	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Facilities Capital Outlay Fund Government \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 51,029 \$ 547,004 37,733 31,578 - </td <td>General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Facilities Capital Outlay Fund Governmental Funds \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 51,029 \$ 22,117 547,004 37,733 31,578 - 45,633 20,385 - - - - 88,974 3,527 - - - -</td> <td>General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Outlay Fund Governmental Funds \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 51,029 \$ 22,117 \$ 547,004 37,733 31,578 - 45,633 20,385 - - - - - - 88,974 3,527 - - - - -</td>	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Facilities Capital Outlay Fund Governmental Funds \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 51,029 \$ 22,117 547,004 37,733 31,578 - 45,633 20,385 - - - - 88,974 3,527 - - - -	General Fund Charter School Fund Cafeteria Fund Capital Outlay Fund Governmental Funds \$ 92,779 \$ 14,618 \$ 4,834 \$ 51,029 \$ 22,117 \$ 547,004 37,733 31,578 - 45,633 20,385 - - - - - - 88,974 3,527 - - - - -

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations other than pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016	One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 585,000	\$ -	\$ 85,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 90,000
Certificates of Participation	5,460,000	-	205,000	5,255,000	220,000
Energy Loan	-	1,220,344	-	1,220,344	-
Early Retirement Incentive Plan	60,000	10,000	40,000	30,000	30,000
Compensated absences	59,540	-	2,882	56,658	-
Qualified Zone Academy Bond	4,275,000		75,000	4,200,000	165,000
Total	\$10,439,540	\$ 1,230,344	\$ 407,882	\$ 11,262,002	\$ 505,000

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. The Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund makes payments for the Certificates of Participation and QZAB. The compensated absences and early retirement incentive will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Bonded Debt

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds				Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Οι	ıtstanding
Date	Dates	Rate %	Issue	_ July 1, 2015	Red	eemed	Jun	e 30, 2016
1988	2021	5.5-5.6	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 585,000	\$	85,000	\$	500,000

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2021 as follows:

		Interest to						
Fiscal Year	Principal	Principal Maturity						
2017	\$ 90,000	\$ 25,025	\$ 115,025					
2018	95,000	19,938	114,938					
2019	100,000	14,575	114,575					
2020	105,000	8,938	113,938					
2021	110,000	3,025	113,025					
Total	\$ 500,000	\$ 71,501	\$ 571,501					

Certificates of Participation

2003B Certificates of Participation Issuance

In March 2003, the District issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$1,880,000 with interest rates ranging from 4.1 to 4.85 percent. As of June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$960,000.

The certificates mature through 2023 as follows:

Interest to				
Principal	Maturity	Total		
\$ 115,000	\$ 58,080	\$ 173,080		
120,000	51,123	171,123		
130,000	43,863	173,863		
135,000	35,998	170,998		
145,000	27,830	172,830		
315,000	28,738	343,738		
\$ 960,000	\$ 245,632	\$ 1,205,632		
	\$ 115,000 120,000 130,000 135,000 145,000 315,000	PrincipalMaturity\$ 115,000\$ 58,080120,00051,123130,00043,863135,00035,998145,00027,830315,00028,738		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

2010 Refunding Certificates of Participation Issuance

In April 2010, the District issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$4,395,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.25 to 4.6 percent to refund the District's 2001 and 2003A Certificates of Participation. As of June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$4,295,000.

The certificates mature through 2040 as follows:

		Interest to				
Fiscal Year	Principa	<u> </u>	Maturity		Total	
2017	\$ 105,0	00 \$	205,270	\$	310,270	
2018	110,0	00	201,595		311,595	
2019	110,0	00	197,525		307,525	
2020	115,0	00	193,125		308,125	
2021	120,0	00	188,525		308,525	
2022-2026	680,0	00	861,665		1,541,665	
2027-2031	860,0	00	682,000		1,542,000	
2032-2036	1,100,0	00	443,750		1,543,750	
2037-2040	1,095,0	00	140,250		1,235,250	
Total	\$ 4,295,0	00 \$	3,113,705	\$	7,408,705	

California Energy Commission Loan

In June of 2015, the District entered into an agreement with the California Energy Commission (CEC) to obtain financing on energy conservation projects. The total approved funding amount and projection of total project costs is \$2,054,469 to be paid to the District as project costs are submitted to the CEC for reimbursement. The loan is interest free and is to be paid back semiannually over a 20-year term commencing December 22, 2017. As of June 30, 2016, \$1,220,344 had been received by the District and recognized as Other Financing Sources in the financial statements. The payment schedule is reflected based on a 20-year payment period for the amount received by the District.

The remaining payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	_	Principal
2017		\$ -
2018		61,017
2019		61,017
2020		61,017
2021		61,017
2022-2026		305,086
2027-2031		305,086
2032-2036		305,086
2037		61,018
Total	<u></u>	\$ 1,220,344

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Early Retirement

The District offered an early retirement incentive program (ERIP) for employees who retire from their position at the end of the 2009-2010 school year. The notice of retirement must be irrevocable, in writing, and given to the District no later than February 1, 2010. To be eligible to participate in the program, an employee must have been a seven (7) hour employee or one (1) FTE and have at least 15 years of service as an employee in the Salida Union School District. The retirement incentive for employees with at least fifteen (15) years of service as an employee in the District shall consist of payment of \$37,500, in five (5) annual installments of \$7,500 each. Employees with at least twenty-five (25) years of service as an employee in the District shall receive \$50,000, paid in five (5) annual installments of \$10,000 each.

The remaining payments are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,		Pa	ayment
2017		\$	30,000

Compensated Absences

The long-term portion of compensated absences for the District at June 30, 2016, amounted to \$56,658.

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

2001 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

On May 9, 2001, the District issued \$2,000,000 in Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. The Bonds were issued to finance the installation of technology infrastructure and related service upgrades and to facilitate the modernization and equipping of the K-8 Magnet School Academy located at Salida Elementary School. Interest is not payable with the bonds. In lieu of receiving periodic interest payments, eligible holders of the Bonds are allowed an annual federal income tax credit equal to the credit rate times the face amount of the bond. The tax credit rate for the Bonds is 7.08 percent. The District initially deposited \$870,596 in a trustee account that has been invested in an AIG Guaranteed Investment Contract paying 6.1209 percent. The interest earnings of the deposit have been sufficient to cover the entire maturing principal balance at May 23, 2015.

2012 Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

On December 1, 2012, the District issued \$4,545,000 in Qualified Zone Academy Bond. The Bond was issued to finance the acquisition, constructions, installation, modernization and equipping of energy conservation projects through the geographic boundaries of the District. The 2012 Qualified Zone Academy Bond has interest rates ranging from 3.25 to 6.25 percent. Interest is payable on the Certifications each August 1, commencing August 1, 2013. Principal amounts on the Qualified Zone Academy Bond will be due on August 1, commencing August 1, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The 2012 Qualified Zone Academy Bond matures through 2036 as follows:

	Interest to				
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total		
2017	\$ 165,000	\$ 213,625	\$ 378,625		
2018	170,000	206,200	376,200		
2019	175,000	198,550	373,550		
2020	150,000	190,675	340,675		
2021	155,000	183,925	338,925		
2022-2026	880,000	806,450	1,686,450		
2027-2031	1,085,000	553,575	1,638,575		
2032-2036	1,420,000	227,975	1,647,975		
Total	\$ 4,200,000	\$ 2,580,975	\$ 6,780,975		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

		eneral Fund		ter School Fund		afeteria Fund		ial Reserve ital Outlay Fund		on-Major vernmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Revolving cash	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000
Stores inventories		-		-		18,167		-		=		18,167
Prepaid expenditures		40,121				<u> </u>		2,667				42,788
Total Nonspendable		50,121				18,167		2,667				70,955
Restricted												
Legally restricted												
programs		826,755		21,678		165,591		-		16,995	1	1,031,019
Capital projects		-		-		-		=		222,538		222,538
Debt services		-				-				111,798		111,798
Total Restricted		826,755		21,678		165,591				351,331	1	1,365,355
Committed												
Deferred maintenance												
projects		-				-		-		63,430		63,430
Total Committed		-		-		-		-		63,430		63,430
Assigned												
Parent fees		150,000		-		-		-		-		150,000
ELA adoption		400,000		-		-		-		-		400,000
Technology upgrades		150,000		-		-		-		-		150,000
Capital projects		-		-		-		2,633,038		_	2	2,633,038
Special projects		337,732		-		-		-		=		337,732
Total Assigned	1,	037,732		-		-		2,633,038		-	3	3,670,770
Unassigned												
Reserve for economic												
uncertainties	2,	289,716		-		-		-		-	2	2,289,716
Undesignated	2,	162,356		-		-		-		=		2,162,356
Total Unassigned		452,072		-		-		-				1,452,072
Total	\$ 6,	366,680	\$	21,678	\$	183,758	\$	2,635,705	\$	414,761	\$ 9	9,622,582

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - EXPENDITURES (BUDGET VERSUS ACTUAL)

At June 30, 2016, the following District major funds exceeded the budgeted amounts in total as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses			
Funds	Budget	Actual	Excess	
General				
Certificated salaries	\$ 10,348,966	\$ 10,571,959	\$ 222,993	
Employee benefits	\$ 3,275,508	\$ 3,743,494	\$ 467,986	
Capital outlay	\$ -	\$ 63,955	\$ 63,955	
Transfers out	\$ 44,671	\$ 1,561,000	\$ 1,516,329	
Charter School				
Classified salaries	\$ 103,279	\$ 110,005	\$ 6,726	
Books and supplies	\$ 61,050	\$ 83,632	\$ 22,582	
Services and operating expenditures	\$ 342,303	\$ 439,463	\$ 97,160	
Other outgo	\$ -	\$ 48,422	\$ 48,422	
Cafeteria				
Classified salaries	\$ 685,490	\$ 820,544	\$ 135,054	
Books and supplies	\$ 1,056,841	\$ 1,074,909	\$ 18,068	
Services and operating expenditures	\$ 88,800	\$ 101,337	\$ 12,537	
Capital outlay	\$ -	\$ 24,482	\$ 24,482	
Other outgo	\$ 80,157	\$ 111,503	\$ 31,346	

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the District contracted with Central Region Schools' Insurance Group (CRSIG) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2016, the District participated in the CRSIG, an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of CRSIG is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in CRSIG. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of CRSIG. Participation in CRSIG is limited to districts that can meet CRSIG selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with Self Insured Schools of California (SISC) to provide employee health benefits. SISC is a joint powers authority administered by Kern County Superintendent of Schools. SISC pools resources to provide schools with a more stable long-term insurance solution rather than purchasing from commercial carriers. SISC provides a very cost effective environment which reflects its commitment to preventing losses and controlling costs. SISC strives to provide the best coverage and service to their members while keeping costs affordable and stable.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

			(Collective	(Collective				
	Co	ollective Net	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	(Collective		
Pension Plan	Pension Liability		of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources	Pens	sion Expense
CalSTRS	\$	14,834,896	\$	2,620,790	\$	2,626,031	\$	1,183,926		
CalPERS		6,000,692		2,032,065		1,559,718		571,057		
Total	\$	20,835,588	\$	4,652,855	\$	4,185,749	\$	1,754,983		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
	On or before	On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a precentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	9.20%	8.56%		
Required employer contribution rate	10.73%	10.73%		
Required state contribution rate	7.12589%	7.12589%		

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$1,185,177.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 14,834,896
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	7,846,025
Total	\$ 22,680,921

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.0220 percent and 0.0216 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0004 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,183,926. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$607,763 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflow		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,185,177	\$	-	
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		266,762		-	
Difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		1,168,851		2,378,136	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the					
measurement of the total pension liability		<u>-</u> _		247,895	
Total	\$	2,620,790	\$	2,626,031	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (500,499)
2018	(500,499)
2019	(500,499)
2020	292,212_
Total	\$ (1,209,285)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability and the differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ 3,144
2018	3,144
2019	3,144
2020	3,144
2021	3,144
Thereafter	3,147_
Total	\$ 18,867

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.60%
Investment rate of return	7.60%
Consumer price inflation	3.00%
Wage growth	3.75%

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. Based on the model for CalSTRS consulting actuary's investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that the annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation is based on Teachers' Retirement Board of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (board) policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of ten-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	6.20%
Real estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed income	20%	0.20%
Cash/liquidity	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.60%)	\$ 23,399,539
Current discount rate (7.60%)	\$ 14,834,896
1% increase (8.60%)	\$ 8,548,068

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, 2014. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)		
	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a precentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	6.000%	
Required employer contribution rate	11.847%	11.847%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$582,577.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$6,000,692. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.0407 percent and 0.0396 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0011 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$571,057. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows	Deferred Inflows	
of Resources of Resources		
uent to measurement date \$ 582,577 \$ -		
share of net pension liability 120,990 -		
l and actual earnings on		
985,550 1,191,019		
d and actual experience in the		
asion liability 342,948 -		
- 368,699		
\$ 2,032,065 \$ 1,559,718	_	
I and actual earnings on 985,550 1,191, d and actual experience in the asion liability 342,948 - 368,	- 699	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (150,619)
2018	(150,619)
2019	(150,619)
2020	246,388_
Total	\$ (205,469)

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The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and the differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deterred
Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ 32,841
2018	32,841
2019	29,557
Total	\$ 95,239

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date

Measurement date

June 30, 2014

June 30, 2015

Experience study

July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011

Actuarial cost method

Entry age normal

Discount rate 7.65% Investment rate of return 7.65% Consumer price inflation 2.75%

Wage growth Varies by entry age and service

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include five years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	51%	5.25%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%
Private equity	10%	6.83%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

		1/	et Pension
	Discount rate		Liability
,	1% decrease (6.65%)	\$	9,766,627
	Current discount rate (7.65%)	\$	6,000,692
	1% increase (8.65%)	\$	2,869,066

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On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$686,693 (7.12589 percent of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

	Remaining		Expected	
	Construction		Date of	
Capital Project	Co	mmitment	Completion	
Salida Elementary solar project	\$	437,789	December 31, 2016	
Mildred Perkins Elementary solar project		385,363	December 31, 2016	
Total	\$	823,152		

NOTE 15 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Central Region Schools' Insurance Group (CRSIG) and the Self Insured Schools of California (SISC) joint powers authorities (JPA). The District pays annual premiums these entities for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District has appointed one member to the governing board of CRSIG.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payment of \$474,795 to CRSIG for workers' compensation and property and liability insurance.

The District has appointed no board members to the governing board of SISC.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payment of \$855,303 to SISC for health coverage.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Variances - Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final
	Original	Final	Actual	to Actual
REVENUES				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 20,333,426	\$ 20,333,426	\$ 20,312,489	\$ (20,937)
Federal sources	979,988	979,988	1,129,889	149,901
Other State sources	2,470,528	2,470,528	3,233,095	762,567
Other local sources	1,672,152	1,666,603	2,113,179	446,576
Total Revenues ¹	25,456,094	25,450,545	26,788,652	1,338,107
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	10,961,983	10,348,966	10,571,959	(222,993)
Classified salaries	3,806,352	3,712,114	3,561,003	151,111
Employee benefits	3,291,452	3,275,508	3,743,494	(467,986)
Books and supplies	1,501,586	1,501,586	1,100,151	401,435
Services and operating expenditures	4,344,719	4,344,719	4,201,846	142,873
Capital outlay	-	-	63,955	(63,955)
Other outgo	731,450	721,356	341,442	379,914
Total Expenditures ¹	24,637,542	23,904,249	23,583,850	320,399
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	818,552	1,546,296	3,204,802	1,658,506
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	16,329	16,329
Transfers out	(544,671)	(44,671)	(1,561,000)	(1,516,329)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(544,671)	(44,671)	(1,544,671)	(1,500,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	273,881	1,501,625	1,660,131	158,506
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,706,549	4,706,549	4,706,549	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,980,430	\$ 6,208,174	\$ 6,366,680	\$ 158,506

On behalf payments are no included in the budgeted or actual revenues and expenditures in this schedule. In addition, due to the consolidation of Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to this fund are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

								ariances -
								avorable
		D 1 . 1					(Un	favorable)
	Budgeted Amounts							Final
		Original		Final		Actual	te	o Actual
REVENUES								
Local Control Funding Formula	\$	1,336,245	\$	1,336,245	\$	1,305,389	\$	(30,856)
Other State sources		121,989		121,989		86,593		(35,396)
Other local sources				-		1,405		1,405
Total Revenues		1,458,234		1,458,234		1,393,387		(64,847)
EXPENDITURES				_				
Current								
Certificated salaries		709,864		682,720		621,403		61,317
Classified salaries		105,624		103,279		110,005		(6,726)
Employee benefits		169,891		167,738		161,209		6,529
Books and supplies		61,050		61,050		83,632		(22,582)
Services and operating expenditures		342,303		342,303		439,463		(97,160)
Other outgo						48,422		(48,422)
Total Expenditures		1,388,732		1,357,090		1,464,134		(107,044)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		69,502		101,144		(70,747)		(171,891)
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers out		(16,329)		(16,329)		(16,329)		-
Net Financing Uses		(16,329)		(16,329)		(16,329)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		53,173		84,815		(87,076)		(171,891)
Fund Balance - Beginning		108,754		108,754		108,754		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	161,927	\$	193,569	\$	21,678	\$	(171,891)

CAFETERIA FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Variances -	
				Favorable	
				(Unfavorable)	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final	
	Original Final		Actual	to Actual	
REVENUES					
Federal sources	\$ 1,430,000	\$ 1,430,000	\$ 1,573,910	\$ 143,910	
Other State sources	117,000	117,000	114,998	(2,002)	
Other local sources	812,510	577,900	741,147	163,247	
Total Revenues	2,359,510	2,124,900	2,430,055	305,155	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Classified salaries	860,888	685,490	820,544	(135,054)	
Employee benefits	232,420	213,612	186,622	26,990	
Books and supplies	1,055,726	1,056,841	1,074,909	(18,068)	
Services and operating expenditures	89,915	88,800	101,337	(12,537)	
Capital outlay	-	-	24,482	(24,482)	
Other outgo	80,157	80,157	111,503	(31,346)	
Total Expenditures	2,319,106	2,124,900	2,319,397	(194,497)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	40,404	-	110,658	110,658	
Fund Balance - Beginning	73,100	73,100	73,100		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 113,504	\$ 73,100	\$ 183,758	\$ 110,658	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0220%	0.0216%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 14,834,896	\$ 12,626,912
associated with the District Total	7,846,025 \$ 22,680,921	7,624,675 \$ 20,251,587
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 11,159,054	\$ 9,636,448
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	132.94%	131.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%	77%
CalPERS		
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0407%	0.0396%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,000,692	\$ 4,500,475
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 4,539,886	\$ 4,146,548
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	132.18%	108.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79%	83%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,185,177 1,185,177	\$ 930,924 930,924 -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	11,045,452	\$ 10,483,378
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		10.73%	 8.88%
CalPERS			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	582,577 582,577 -	\$ 534,390 534,390 -
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	4,917,507	\$ 4,539,886
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		11.847%	11.771%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

These schedules present information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for either CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

The CalSTRS plan rate of investment return assumption was not changed from the previous valuation. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.65 percent since the previous valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Federal	Pass-Through Entity	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Trainious	Trainer	Expenditures
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE):			
Special Education, IDEA - Basic	84.027	13379	\$ 392,047
No Child Left Behind			,
Title I - Part A, Basic	84.010	14329	518,599
Title II - Part A, Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	71,450
Title III - LEP	84.365	14346	72,242
Title III - Immigrant Education	84.365	15146	2,969
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,057,307
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through CDE:			
Child Nutrition: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	155,530
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch	10.555	13391	1,064,981
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	222,301
Basic Breakfast	10.553	13525	65,379
Seamless Summer	10.559	13004	65,719
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	13391	199,094
Subtotal, Child Nutrition Cluster			1,617,474
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,773,004
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through California Department of Health Care Services:			
Medicaid Programs			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013	56,128
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060	16,454
Subtotal, Medicaid Programs			72,582
Head Start Programs			
Head Start	93.600	10016	866,726
Early Head Start	93.600	15291	457,452
Subtotal Head Start Programs			1,324,178
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human			
Services			1,396,760
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 4,227,071

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2016

ORGANIZATION

Salida Union School District was established in 1949 and is comprised of an area of approximately 31 square miles located in Stanislaus County. There were no changes in the District's boundaries in the current year. The District is currently operating three elementary schools, one middle school and one charter school.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Virginia L. Berry	President	2018
Nanci E. Fox	Clerk	2018
Dr. Gary L. Dew	Trustee	2016
Dennis Thompson	Trustee	2016
Ivan Wyeth, II	Trustee	2018

ADMINISTRATION

Twila Tosh Superintendent

Sue Tallcott Supervisor of Business Services

Jaime Towe Chief Business Officer

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SALIDA UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	874.70	877.31
Fourth through sixth	804.31	805.94
Seventh and eighth	564.68	565.47
Total ADA	2,243.69	2,248.72
INDEPENDENCE CHARTER SCHOOL		
Non-Classroom Based		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	1.46	1.88
Fourth through sixth	0.84	1.07
Seventh and eighth	2.41	2.82
Total Non-Classroom Based ADA	4.71	5.77
Classroom based ADA		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third (there was no third grade ADA)	149.20	150.40
Total Classroom Based ADA	149.20	150.40
Total Charter School ADA	153.91	156.17

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Salida Union School District

	1986-1987	2015-2016	Number of Days		
	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	55,860	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400				
Grade 1		53,160	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2		53,160	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3		53,160	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	54,000				
Grade 4		57,240	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5		57,240	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6		59,010	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	54,000				
Grade 7		59,010	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8		59,010	180	N/A	Complied

Independence Charter School - Classroom Based

	2015-2016	Number	Number of Days		
	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack		
Grade Level	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status	
Kindergarten	54,060	180	N/A	Complied	
Grades 1 - 3					
Grade 1	51,360	180	N/A	Complied	
Grade 2	51,360	180	N/A	Complied	
Grade 3	-	180	N/A	-	

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

		Child
	Dε	evelopment
	Fur	
FUND BALANCE		_
Balance, June 30, 2016, Unaudited Actuals	\$	242,686
Decrease in:		
Accounts receivable		(225,691)
Balance, June 30, 2016, Audited Financial Statement	\$	16,995

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	(Budget)			
	2017 1, 4	2016 4	2015 4	2014 4
GENERAL FUND				
Revenues ³	\$ 25,006,719	\$ 26,102,363	\$ 23,119,996	\$ 20,861,161
Other sources and transfers in	16,329	16,329	<u> </u>	
Total Revenues ³	25,023,048	26,118,692	23,119,996	23,322,136
Expenditures	25,773,951	22,897,157	21,634,442	20,614,957
Other uses and transfers out	392,326	1,561,000	1,000,469	273,037
Total Expenditures				
and Other Uses ³	26,166,277	24,458,157	22,634,911	20,887,994
INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,143,229)	\$ 1,660,535	\$ 485,085	\$ (26,833)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,885,719	\$ 6,028,948	\$ 4,368,413	\$ 3,883,328
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 3,054,771	\$ 4,452,072	\$ 2,917,244	\$ 3,418,444
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO	11.67%	18.20%	12.89%	16.37%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	Not Available	\$ 11,262,002	\$ 10,439,540	\$ 12,758,198
AVERAGE DAILY				
ATTENDANCE AT P-2	2,261	2,244	2,369	2,464
				·

The General Fund balance has increased by \$2,129,291 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-2017 budget projects a decrease of \$1,143,229 (18.96 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$1,496,196 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 220 over the past two years. An increase of 17 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2016-2017.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

Budget 2017 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves.

⁴ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Special Reserve for Other Than Capital Outlay Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Included in
Name of Charter School	Audit Report
Independence Charter School (Charter No. 1098)	Yes

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

	Child Development Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Building Fund	
ASSETS						
Deposits and investments	\$	5	\$	63,430	\$	635
Receivables		101,985		-		1
Total Assets	\$	101,990	\$	63,430	\$	636
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	67,750	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds	Ψ	17,245	Ψ	-	Ψ	636
Total Liabilities		84,995		-		636
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		16,995		-		-
Committed		-		63,430		-
Total Fund Balances		16,995		63,430		-
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$	101,990	\$	63,430	\$	636

Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$ 190,103	\$	32,435	\$	111,798	\$	398,406
						101,986
\$ 190,103	\$	32,435	\$	111,798	\$	500,392
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	67,750 17,881 85,631
190,103		32,435		111,798		351,331
						63,430
190,103		32,435		111,798		414,761
\$ 190,103	\$	32,435	\$	111,798	\$	500,392

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Child Development Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Building Fund
REVENUES					
Federal sources	\$	1,324,178	\$	-	\$ -
Other State sources		336,629		-	-
Other local sources		(123)		591	 3
Total Revenues		1,660,684		591	3
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration:					
All other administration		52,320		-	-
Plant services		4,389		4,973	-
Facility acquisition and construction		-		-	636
Community services		1,604,610		-	-
Debt service					
Principal		-		-	-
Interest and other		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		1,661,319	1	4,973	636
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(635)	-	(4,382)	(633)
Fund Balance - Beginning		17,630		67,812	633
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	16,995	\$	63,430	\$ -

Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	9	\$	1,324,187
-		-		1,205		337,834
53,888		(39)		111,243		165,563
53,888		(39)		112,457		1,827,584
- - -		- - -		- - -		52,320 9,362 636 1,604,610
-		-		-		
-		-		85,000		85,000
 				29,838		29,838
				114,838		1,781,766
53,888		(39)		(2,381)		45,818
136,215	1	32,474		114,179		368,943
\$ 190,103	\$	32,435	\$	111,798	\$	414,761

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate as covered in Section 200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs of the Uniform Guidance.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amount consists of the fair market value of commodities that are not recorded on the financial statements and the difference between revenues and expenditures for the FHA In Lieu Tax Apportionment.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		·
and Changes in Fund Balances:		\$ 4,027,986
Reconciling items:		
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	199,094
FHA In Lieu Tax Apportionment	NA	(9)
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 4,227,071

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-1987 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Salida Union School District Salida, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salida Union School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Salida Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated _______, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Salida Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Salida Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Salida Union School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Salida Union School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Salida Union School District in a separate letter dated _______, 2016.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Preliminary Draft For Discussion Purposes Only

Fresno, California _____, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Governing Board Salida Union School District Salida, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Salida Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Salida Union School District's (the District) major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Salida Union School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Salida Union School District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Salida Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Salida Union School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Salida Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Salida Union School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Salida Union School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Salida Union School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Preliminary Draft For Discussion Purposes Only

Fresno, California _____, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Salida Union School District Salida, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Salida Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Salida Union School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the Salida Union School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Salida Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Salida Union School District's compliance with those requirements.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, Salida Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2016.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Salida Union School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No (see below)
Continuation Education	No (see below)
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No (see below)
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No (see below)
Middle or Early College High Schools	No (see below)
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND	
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
General Requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No (see below)
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No (see below)
Immunizations	Yes
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	No (see below)
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	No (see below)
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No (see below)

We did not perform procedures for Independent Study because the independent study ADA was under the level that requires testing.

We did not perform Continuation Education procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools.

The District does not offer a Before School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Before School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not offer Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Independent Study - Course Based Program.

We did not perform procedures for the Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools because the Independent Study ADA was under the level that requires testing.

We did not perform procedures for the Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction because less than 20 percent of the Charter School's attendance was non classroom-based.

Additionally, we did not perform procedures for the Charter School Facility Grant Program because the District did not receive funding for this program.

Preliminary Draft For Discussion Purposes Only

Fresno,	California
	, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial r	eporting:	
Material weaknesses identif	ied?	No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Noncompliance material to fina	ncial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major Fed	eral programs:	
Material weakness identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major Federal program:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed the	at are required to be reported in accordance with	
Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?		No
Identification of major Federal	programs:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
93.600	Head Start Programs	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs:		Unmodified

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

2015-001 10000

Attendance Accounting and Reporting

Criteria

According to the 2014-2015 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in the California Code of Regulations and published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel, attendance reports must be amended for any change in ADA. [Education Code Sections 41341 (a)(1) and 14503 (a)]

Condition

During our audit of the District's Charter School, we noted that one non-classroom based student received attendance credits prior to the credits being earned. The student did not have any attendance records and work samples to support the attendance credits earned for the period of November 3, 2014 to November 18, 2014, which is ten days of attendance. This resulted in an overstatement of 0.07 ADA.

Effect

The District will need to revise the Charter School Second Period Report of School District Attendance by a net ADA of 0.07 for the Grades 4-6 attendance. The fiscal impact amounted to approximately \$423 in State apportionment funding.

Cause

The attendance credit for the student was entered into the attendance system although the student's attendance log and homework had not been received and reviewed.

Recommendation

The District needed to revise the Charter School's Second Period Attendance Report of School District Attendance to reflect the audited ADA. Additionally, attendance credits for non-classroom based students should not be entered into the system until it is earned. The site should ensure that all attendance credits earned are supported by certified attendance records and work samples before entering them into the system.

Current Status

Implemented.

Governing Board Salida Union School District Salida, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Salida Union School District, for the year ended June 30, 2016, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we noted matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated _______, 2016, on the government-wide financial statements of the District.

SALIDA MIDDLE SCHOOL - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY

Bank Reconciliation

Observation

In reviewing the outstanding check listing for the October 2015 reconciliation, we noted that numerous checks were over six months old, making the probability of them clearing the account quite low. Specifically, there were seven checks dating back to March 17, 2014 which totaled \$119.76.

Recommendation

Outstanding checks over six months old should be credited back to the appropriate account and taken off the subsequent bank reconciliation. Although the chances are low, the check may clear on a subsequent bank statement. In this case, the amount should be charged against the appropriate account and described as "outstanding check written off-cleared".

Cash Disbursements

Observation

During our audit, we noted the ASB purchases gift cards for staff appreciation gifts. The purchase of gift cards with ASB funds fall under the category of prohibited expenditures.

Recommendation

Expenditures should be approved only if the purchased item is for the general welfare and benefit of all students. Purchases of items classified as prohibited expenditure should not be allowed. The site should design and implement a policy and control procedure to assure prohibited expenditures are not funded with general ASB money.

DENA BOER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB)

Cash Receipts

Observation

During our audit of cash receipts we found that the site is not consistently receipting for cash received from students. Without adequate receipts it is impossible to determine when cash was received, from whom the cash was received or how intact and timely deposits were. This internal control weakness puts the District at greater risk for loss of cash, reduces accountability over cash, and reduces the District's ability to know how much cash should be on hand.

Recommendation

The site can strengthen internal controls over cash by receipting or logging all cash received by the site as to when and from whom it was received. The cash receipt book, or log, should also be used as a reference as to amount of cash that should be on hand in the event cash turns up missing or if a claim or challenge is made regarding payment received by the site.

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

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Fresno,	California
	, 2016