THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS



Department of Agricultural Resources

251 Causeway Street, Suite 500, Boston, MA 02114 617-626-1700 fax: 617-626-1850 www.mass.gov/agr



THE ACT PROTECTING CHILDREN AND FAMILIES FROM HARMFUL PESTICIDES OF 2000

Massachusetts Pesticide Enforcement Consumer Information Bulletin FOR SCHOOLS, DAYCARE CENTERS AND SCHOOL AGE CHILD CARE PROGRAMS

The Massachusetts Pesticide Control Act requires parents, staff, and children to receive this Consumer Information bulletin whenever pesticide applications are being made on the property of your school, daycare center or school age child care program. This bulletin is being provided to you along with a Standard Written Notification form and a Pesticide Specific Factsheet.

Why am I receiving this information and what should I do when I receive it?

The purpose of the Standard Written Notification is to provide you with information about pesticide applications which are taking place on the property of your school, day care center or school age child care program. The bulletin provides information about precautions you can take to minimize exposure to any pesticides. The Pesticide Specific Factsheets provide information about the properties of the pesticides being used.

Who applies pesticides in my school, daycare center or school age child care program?

Commercial pest management professionals, facilities managers, grounds personnel or custodians. Regardless of the approach used, the person who applies the pesticides must have a current and valid Pesticide Bureau Applicator license. Check the standard written notification form for the applicator's license number.

How do I know when pesticides are being applied?

Employees, supervised children and their guardians must receive standard written notification at least two working days prior to the application of pesticides outdoors on the property. The standard written notification form, which accompanies this bulletin, includes:

- · approximate dates when the application shall commence and conclude;
- specific location of the application;
- product name, type and EPA Registration number of the pesticide;
- a Pesticide Specific Fact Sheet;
- a description of the purpose of the application and
- this Consumer Information Bulletin

The notification must also be posted in a common area of the facility at least two working days before the outdoor application is to commence and at least 72 hours after the application. Treated areas will be posted with clear and conspicuous warning signs along the perimeter. This information will be supplied to the school by the licensed pesticide applicator.

PESTICIDE STANDARD WRITTEN NOTIFICATION FOR SCHOOLS, DAY CARE PROGRAMS, AND SCHOOL-AGE CHILDCARE PROGRAMS

- The school, day care center, and/or school-age childcare program is responsible for sending this standard written notification form to employees, pupils, parents etc. to insure that they receive this information at least 2 working days prior to any pesticide use.
- It is recommended that the Pest Management Professional use this ready-to-copy <u>standard written notification form</u> for the purpose of providing pesticide use information to the school, day care center, and/or school-age childcare program. <u>The Pest Management Professional should save this form for copying.</u>

School:	Northampton High School					
	Name of School , Day care	center, and/or Sch	ool age childcare program			
Pest Ma	nagement Company:	TruGreen	2160 Westover Rd			
	(Please Print)	Name	Address			
Pest Mai	nagement Professional:	Paul Labonte	29859			
	(Please Print)	-	License number			
B. Record	Beginning Date 4/		Ending Date 4/18/19			
	tic Fields in back of scho		nue use			
			40.12			
C. Pesticion to be used	de Information (Pest Manag I)	ement Profession	al should be specific as is possible when listing product(s)			

to be used)						
Pesticide Product Name	Pesticide Type	EPA Registration #	Description/Purpose of treatment and/or application			
1. Fertilzer w/ Barricade	Herbicide	961-367	Crabgrass			
2. Escalade 2	Herbicide	228-442	Clover, Dandelions and broadleaf weeds			
3.						
4.						
5.						

This standard written notification must be accompanied by the following 2 documents. These materials are available from the MDAR web page www.mass.gov/agr. Follow the links to the Children's Protection page.

- Chemical Specific Fact Sheet(s)
- Consumer Information Bulletin for school, day care center, and/or school-age childcare program.



Page 1 of 4

1301 East 9th Street, Suite 1300, Cleveland, OH 44114-1849

EMERGENCY PHONE: LESCO: (800) 321-5325

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

I.

DATE ISSUED: SUPERSEDES:

12/8/09 11/24/09

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: LESCO Stonewall® Pre-emergence Herbicide plus Fertilizer; LESCO Stonewall® (0.20%, 0.29%, 0.43%, 0.68%, 2.0%) Plus Fertilizer; LESCO Barricade® (0.20%, 0.29%, 0.43%, 0.68%, 2.0%) Plus Fertilizer; LESCO Barricade® 0.28% Plus Fertilizer; LESCO Barricade® 0.38% Plus Fertilizer Chemical Family: Dinitroaniline Herbicide

Chemical Name/Synonyms: N3,N3-Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-m-phenylenediamine

CHEMICAL NAME	%(by/wt.)		
CHEMICAL NAME	76(DY/WL.)	CAS#	PEL/TLV
Prodiamine	0.20% - 2.0%	29091-21-2	Not Established
Formulated with one or more of t	he following ingredients	s. Check specific produc	ct label.
Urea	0 – 98	57-13-6	10 mg/M ³ (dust 5 mg/M ³ (resp)
Potassium Chloride	0 – 95	7447-40-7	10 mg/M ³
Potassium Sulfate	0 – 95	7778-80-5	10 mg/M ³
Monoammonium Phosphate	0 – 95	7722-76-1	15 mg/M ³ (dust 5 mg/M ³ TLV
Diammonium Phosphate	0 – 95	7783-28-0	15 mg/M ³ (dust 5 mg/M ³ (resp)
Ammonium Sulfate	0 – 95	7783-20 - 2	15 mg/M ³ (dust
Calcium Carbonate	0 – 95	1317-65-3	15 mg/M³ (dust 5 mg/M³ (resp)
Sulfur	0 – 20	7704-34 - 9	5 ppm (SO ₂)
Iron Oxide	0 – 10	1309-37-1	15 mg/M ³ (dust
Iron Sulfate	0 – 10	7720-78-7	15 mg/M ³ (dust
Manganese Oxide	0 – 10	1317-35-7	15 mg/M ³ (dust
Magnesium Sulfate	0 – 10	7487-88-9	15 mg/M ³ (dust
Urea Formaldehyde	0 – 10	9011-05-6	Not Established
Sulfate of Potash-Magnesia	0 – 10	14977-37-8	Not Established
Magnesium Carbonate	0 – 10	39409-82-0	Not Established
Biosolids	0 – 10	Not Established	Not Established
Kaolin Clay	0 – 10	Not Established	15 mg/M ³ (dust 5 mg/M ³ (resp)
Sodium Sulfite	0 – <1	Not Established	Not Established

TLV of all chemicals and mixtures is 15 mg/M³; TWA is 10 mg/M³; Respirable dust TLV of 5mg/M³, unless otherwise indicated

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Primary Route(s) of Entry: Eyes, Skin, Inhalation, Ingestion **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:** May cause mild irritation to skin and eyes. Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal disorder, nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhea.

EYE: May cause mild irritation

SKIN: Prolonged or frequently repeated skip contact may

SKIN: Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions to some individuals.

INHALATION: Dust may be irritating to nose, respiratory tract and throat

INGESTION: Ingestion may result in rapid onset of abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhea, blurred vision, sweating, salivation, muscle twitching, and tremors.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Pre-existing respiratory, skin, or eye conditions



Page 2 of 4

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

IV. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush with large amounts of water. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash area of contact thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

INHALATION: If symptoms develop, remove person from source of exposure to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen if available. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

INGESTION: Give 1 or 2 glasses of water. Induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

NOTES TO MEDICAL DOCTOR: Treat symptomatically

V.	FIRE	FIGHT	NG	MEA:	SURES

Flash Point (Method Used):	: Not Applicable	Auto Ignition Temperatu	re: Not
Lower Explosion Limits: No	ot Applicable	Applicable Upper Explosion Limits:	Not
NFPA/HMIS Rating: Health: EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	2 x Foam	Applicable Fire: 1 Reactiv Alcohol Foam	ity: 0 x Dry Chemica
	x Water Spray	x Use media suitable for surrounding fire	X CO2

EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Dispersion of fine dust in the air may form an explosive mixture. **FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Wear NIOSH approved positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Remove from area of fire at first opportunity. Prevent water runoff from entering drains, sewers or water sources. Fertilizer will become slippery when wet Guard against falls.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: If heated to decomposition, will give off toxic fumes of ammonia and formaldehyde. Under fire conditions, urea may decompose to cyanuric acid, biuret or ammonia. Thermal decomposition product may also include, but are not limited to, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen fluoride and carbon monoxide

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

RELEASE NOTES: If material is spilled, sweep up, keeping dust to a minimum and store for re-use. Contaminated product and/or environmental media should be recovered and disposed of properly. Avoid breathing the dust.

VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Read product label before handling. Use only as directed on the label. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides and way from drains, sewers, and water sources. Do not contaminate water source from disposal of equipment washwater. Do not eat, drink, or smoke while handling this product.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after using.

VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Local exhaust ventilation recommended. Applicators should stand upwind when handling.



Page 3 of 4

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT:

EYES AND FACE: Safety glasses with side shields, goggles, or face shield are required

RESPIRATORY: NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection

GLOVES: PVC gloves recommended

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks

WORK HYGENIC PRACTICES: Practice good care and good safety precautions when handling this

product.

IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: Not Applicable MELTING POINT: Not Applicable

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Not Applicable

ODOR: Bland odor

APPEARANCE: Multi-colored granules

pH: Not Determined

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not Applicable **EVAPORATION RATE:** Not Applicable **VAPOR PRESSURE:** Not Applicable **SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Partially soluble **PERCENT VOLATILE:** Not Applicable BULK DENSITY (lbs./cu ft): 56 - 60

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY X.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Oxidizing agents; thermal, mechanical and electrical ignition sources

STABILITY: Stable

POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong acids, alkalis

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: If heated to decomposition, may give off ammonia and formaldehyde as well as oxides of sulfur, manganese, magnesium, iron, potassium and phosphorus, nitrogen, carbon, and chlorine. Urea can yield cyanuric acid or biuret upon heating.

XI. **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

EYE EFFECTS: (Rabbit): Mildly irritating (AI) SKIN EFFECTS: (Rabbit): Non-irritating (AI)

DERMAL LC50: (Rat): >2000 mg/kg body weight (Al) ORAL LDso: (Rat): >5000 mg/kg body weight (Al) INHALATION LCso: (Rat): >1.8 mg/l air - 4 hours (Al) SENSITIZATION: (Guinea Pig): Sensitizing (AI)

ACUTE EFFECTS FROM OVEREXPOSURE: Eye irritation, possible skin sensitization

CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM OVEREXPOSURE: Prodiamine: (AI)

Reproductive Hazard Potential: Fetal toxicity at high dose levels (rats); developmental and maternal toxicity observed at 1 g/kg/day.

Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies: Liver (alteration and enlargement) and thyroid effects (hormone imbalances) at high dose levels (rats); decreased body weight gains

CARCINOGENICITY: Prodiamine: (AI)

Potential: Benign thyroid tumors (rat). None observed (mouse)

IARC: Sodium Sulfite, Group 3

NTP: Not Listed

OSHA: Not Listed **OTHER:** Not Listed

XII. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: No data available for the formulation. The information presented here is for the active ingredient, Prodiamine: (AI)

Stable in sterile water, in the dark at pH 5,7 and 9, but degrades rapidly in the light, in both water (t1/2 = 0.33 hr @ pH 5.5) and soil (t1/2 - 50 hr). Degradation in soil, in the dark is variable under aerobic conditions ($t1/2 \sim 57 - 218$ d), more rapid under anaerobic conditions ($t1/2 \sim 30$ d). Immobile in various soils (Koc >9000). Bioaccumulation is high (BCF = 1300X, whole fish).

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No data

XIII. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**



Page 4 of 4

DISPOSAL METHODS:

Product: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container: Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill, or at an incineration facility, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:

DOT Transportation: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name: Not Applicable

Hazard Class: Not Applicable

U.S. Surface Freight Class: Herbicides, NOI Reportable Quantity (RQ): Not Applicable

ID NO.: Not Applicable

Marine Pollution #1: Not Applicable HM 181 Shipping Name: Not Regulated

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION – UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT):

Y Immediate (Acute Health)

N Delayed (Chronic Health)

Fire

SEC 302: Not Applicable
SEC 304: Not Applicable
SEC 313: Not Applicable

N Sudden Release of Pressure CERCLA RQ: Iron Sulfate (7720-78-7) 1,000

N Reactivity CAA RQ: Not Applicable

EPA Registration No.: 10404-88 (0.20%); 10404-89 (0.43%); 10404-90 (0.68%); 10404-91 (2.0%); 60063-28-10404 (0.29%); 100-1338-10404 (0.28%); 100-1339-10404 (0.38%)

Preparation and distribution of this Material Safety Data Sheet is done for LESCO, Inc., pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

The information contained herein is based on available data. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof; and you should make your investigation to determine safety for the use you contemplate. LESCO makes no warranty of merchantability of fitness for a particular use, nor is there any other express or implied warranty except as may be specifically provided otherwise on product.

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For further information, contact: LESCO, Inc. • 1301 East 9th Street, Suite 1300 • Cleveland, OH 44114-1849 or (800) 321-5325.



For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300. For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840.

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

Escalade_{TM} ²

Synonyms:

Herbicide Mixture of 2,4-D, Fluroxypyr and Dicamba

EPA Reg. No.:

228-442

Company Name:

Nufarm Americas Inc.

1333 Burr Ridge Parkway, Suite 125A

Burr Ridge, IL 60527

Date of Issue:

July 15, 2005

Supersedes: June 17, 2005

Sections Revised:

1, 2 and 9

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance and Odor: Amber colored liquid with an amine odor.

Warning Statements: Keep out of reach of children. WARNING. Avoid contact on skin, eyes or clothing. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Potential Health Effects:

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye and skin contact

Eye Contact: Causes substantial but temporary eye damage. Vapors and mist may cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Moderately irritating. Overexposure by skin absorption may cause symptoms similar to those for ingestion.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, gastrointestinal irritation, weakness and central nervous system depression.

Inhalation: Low inhalation toxicity.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease.

See Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION for more information.

Potential Environmental Effects:

This product is toxic to fish. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms and non-target plants.

See Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION for more information

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS NO.	% BY WEIGHT
Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	2008-39-1	39.53
1-Methylheptyl Ester of Fluroxypyr	81406-37-3	5.90
Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-Anisic Acid)	1918 - 00-9	4.10
Other Ingredients Including:		50.47
Aromatic Solvent	64742-94-5	
(Contains Naphthalene)	91-20-3	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on Skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: >230°F (>110°C) Setaflash

Autoignition Temperature: Not determined Flammability Limits: Not determined

Extinguishing Media: Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire, contain runoff, using dikes to prevent contamination of water supplies. Dispose of fire control water later.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride, nitrogen oxides, and carbon oxides.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 1

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

6. ACCIDENTIAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Clean-Up and Disposal: Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<u> Handling:</u>

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Users should wash hands, face, and arms with soap and water before eating, smoking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash

the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

If the container is over one gallon and less than five gallons, then persons engaged in open pouring of the product must also wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron. If the container is five gallons or more in capacity, do not open pour product from the container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of the container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

Storage:

Always use original container to store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Protect from freezing. Store at temperatures above 25°F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using. This does not alter the product. Containers should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed or other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: To avoid contact with eyes, wear face shield, goggles or safety glasses with front, brow and temple protection. An emergency eyewash should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, socks, shoes and chemical-resistant gloves. When open pouring the product, also wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron. An emergency shower should be readily accessible to the work area.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) Do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored. 2) Wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

	08	OSHA		ACGIH	
Component	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Unit
DMA Salt of 2,4-D	10*	NE	10*	NE	mg/m ³
Fluroxypyr	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Dicamba	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Naphthalene	10	NE	10 (Skin)	15 (Skin)	ppm

^{*}Based on adopted limit for 2,4-D

NE = Not Established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance and Odor: Amber colored liquid with an amine odor.

Boiling Point: Not determined

Solubility in Water: Soluble Density: 9.74 pounds/gallon Specific Gravity: 1.169

Evaporation Rate: Not determined Vapor Density: Not determined Freezing Point: 25°F (4°C) Vapor Pressure: Not determined

Escalade²

pH:

5.9 (1% solution)

Viscosity:

51.6 cps @ 25°C

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions, may produce gases such as hydrogen

chloride, nitrogen oxides, and carbon oxides.

Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies conducted on a similar, but not identical, formulation:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: 1, 750 mg/kg (female); FIFRA Category III

Dermal: Rats LD₅₀: >2,000 and <5,000 mg/g; FIFRA Category III

Inhalation: Rat 4-hr LC₅₀: >2.07 mg/L; FIFRA Category IV

Eye Irritation: Rabbits (3): Moderately irritating; FIFRA Category II **Skin Irritation:** Rabbits (3); Moderately irritating; FIFRA Category III

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated overexposure may cause effects to liver, kidneys, blood chemistry, testes and gross motor function. Rare cases of peripheral nerve damage have been reported, but extensive animal studies have failed to substantiate these observations, even at high doses for prolonged periods.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) lists exposure to chlorophenoxy herbicides as a class 2B carcinogen, the category for limited evidence for carcinogenicity in humans. However, more current 2,4-D lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice did not show carcinogenic potential. The U.S. EPA has given 2,4-D and dicamba a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity). Fluroxypyr did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. The hydrocarbon component may contain naphthalene, which is listed by IARC as a class 2B and the U.S. National Toxicology Program as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity: No impairment of reproductive function attributable to 2,4-D have been noted in laboratory animal studies. In animal studies, fluroxypyr has been shown not to interfere with reproduction. Dicamba did not interfere with fertility in reproduction studies in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity: Studies in laboratory animals with 2,4-D have shown decreased fetal body weights and delayed development in the offspring at doses toxic to mother animals. Fluroxypyr did not cause birth defects in animals; other effects were seen in the fetus only at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother. Animal tests with dicamba have not demonstrated developmental effects.

Genotoxicity: There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that 2,4-D is not mutagenic. Animal tests with fluroxypyr and dicamba did not demonstrate mutagenic effects.

Assessment Carcinogenicity:

This product contains substances that are considered to be probable or suspected human carcinogens as follows:

	Regula	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinogen				
Component ACGIH IARC NTP OS						
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides	No	2B	No	No		
Naphthalene	No	2B	Yes*	No		

^{*}Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

See Section 2: HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION for more information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Data on 2,4-D Dimethylamine Salt

96-hour LC $_{50}$ Bluegill: 524 mg/l Bobwhite Quail Oral LD $_{50}$: 500 mg/kg 96-hour LC $_{50}$ Rainbow Trout: 250 mg/l Mallard Duck 8 day Dietary LC $_{50}$: >5,620 ppm 48 hour EC $_{50}$ Daphnia: 184 mg/l

*Data on Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester:

Acute LC₅₀ Blue Gill: above water solubility

Acute LC₅₀ Rainbow Trout: above water solubility

Acute LC₅₀ Rainbow Trout: above water solubility

Acute Immobilization EC 50 Daphnia Magna: >499 µg/L

Bobwhite Quail Acute Oral LC₅₀: >2,000 mg/kg
>2,000 mg/kg

*Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester is highly insoluble in water.

Data on Dicamba

96-hour LC₅₀ Bluegill: 135 mg/l Bobwhite Quail 8 day Dietary LC₅₀: >10,000 ppm 96-hour LC₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 135 mg/l Mallard Duck 8 day Dietary LC₅₀: >10,000 ppm 48 hour EC₅₀ Daphnia: 110 mg/l

Environmental Fate:

In laboratory and field studies, 2,4-D DMA salt rapidly dissociated to parent acid in the environment. The typical half-life of the resultant 2,4-D acid ranged from a few days to a few weeks. Fluroxypyr has a hydrolysis half-life of 12.8 to 16.5 hours. Under aerobic and anaerobic soil conditions the half-life for Fluroxypyr is 7 days. Dicamba has low bioaccumulation potential, is not persistent in soil, is highly mobile in soil and degrades rapidly.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Pesticide wastes are toxic. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed, labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling and Disposal:

Plastic Bottles and Non-Returnable Plastic Drums: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Containers: Close all openings and replace all caps. Contact Nufarm Customer Service at 1-800-345-3330, to arrange for return of the empty refillable container.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this MSDS.

For Department of Transportation (DOT) regulatory information, if required, consult transportation regulations, product-shipping papers or call Nufarm's DOT Manager at 708-755-2104, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Central Time.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations:

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370):

Immediate, Delayed

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Acetic Acid, (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)- (CAS No. 94-75-7), 32.83% equivalent by weight in product Dicamba (CAS No. 1918-00-9), 4.10% by weight in product Naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3), 0.77% by weight in product

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

Acetic Acid, (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)- (CAS No. 94-75-7) 100 pounds Dicamba (CAS No. 1918-00-9) 1,000 pounds Naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3) 100 pounds

RCRA Waste Code:

Acetic Acid, (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)- (CAS No. 94-75-7) U240 Naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3) U165

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: WARNING. This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This MSDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

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