	Marble Falls ISD		Year at a Glance 2019-2020 Spanish I		Creation Date: August 2019	
					Revision Date: October 2019	
Unit Name	Spanish I Unit 1 ¡Bienvenidos al español! 8/26 – 9/9	Spanish 1 Unit 2 ¿Cómo eres? 9/10 – 9/17	Spanish 1 Unit 3 ¿Qué te gusta? 9/18 – 10/17	Spanish 1 Unit 4 El Día Escolar y Después 10/22 – 11/5	Spanish 1 Unit 5 La Familia 11/6 – 12/6	Spanish 1 Unit 6 En Casa 12/7 – 12/19
TEKS	1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2D	1A, 1E, 1F, 2A, 2B, 3B	1A, 1B, 2A, 2D, 3A, 3B	1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D,	1A, 1B, 1E, 2D, 3B	1A, 1C, 1D, 2A, 2B, 3B
Big Ideas	Everyday classroom and common expressions are fundamental to language learning     Estening, speaking, reading, and writing are fundamental to language learning     Comparing new and native language can provide insight into the new language	1. Everyday classroom and common expressions are fundamental to language learning. 2. Listening, speaking, and writing are fundamental to language acquisition. 3. Using a new language for personal enrichment or career development is evidence of a lifelong learner.	Knowing basic syntax rules is fundamental to language acquisition.     Comparing a new and native language an provide insight into the new language.     Learning a new language develops knowledge and skills in other content areas.	1. Understanding culture is essential to appreciating and acquiring a language. 2. Knowing basic syntax rules is fundamental to language acquisition. 3. Listening, speaking, and writing are fundamental to language acquisition. 4. Using a new language for personal enrichment or career development is evidence of a lifelong learner.	Everyday common expressions are fundamental to language acquisition.     Understanding culture is essential to appreciating and acquiring a language.     Acquiring a new language involves using previously acquired language skills within context of meaningful an purposeful communication.     Using a language for personal enrichment or career development is evidence of a life-long learner.	Listening, speaking, and writing are fundamental to language acquisition.     Comparing a new and native language can provide insight into the new language.     Learning a new language develops knowledge and skills in other content areas.
Unit Name	Spanish 1 Unit 7 ¡A comer! 1/7 – 31	Spanish 1 Unit 8 Los Pasatiempos 2/3 – 2/26	Spanish 1 Unit 9 La Rutina y El Bienestar 2/27–3/26	Spanish 1 Unit 10 Vamos de Compras 3/27- 4/22	Spanish 1 Unit 11 Las Experiencias 4/23– 5/28	Spanish 1 Unit 12 ¡A Viajar! 5/8 – 5/31
TEKS	1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 2A, 2B, 2D, 3B	1A, 1B, 1D, 1E, 2A, 2B, 2D, 3A, 3B	1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 2A, 2B, 3A, 3B	1A, 1B, 1C, 1E, 2A, 2B, 2D, 3A, 3B	1A, 1C, 1D, 1E, 1F, 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D, 3B	1A, 1B, 1C, 1D, 1E, 2A, 2B, 2D, 3A, 3B
Big Ideas	Listening, speaking, and writing are fundamental to language acquisition.     Cultural practices are related to how people perceive their culture.     Using a new language for personal enrichment or career development is evidence of a lifelong learner.	Everyday common expressions are fundamental to language acquisition.     Listening, speaking, and writing are fundamental to language acquisition.     Understanding culture is essential to appreciating and acquiring a language.     Cultural practices are related to how people perceive their culture.	Knowing basic syntax rules is fundamental to language acquisition.     Cultural practices are related to how people perceive their culture.     Acquiring a new language involves using previously acquired language skills within a context of meaningful and purposeful communication.     Listening, speaking, reading, and writing are fundamental to language learning.	Everyday common expressions are fundamental to language acquisition.     Cultural practices are related to how people perceive their culture.     Using a new language for personal enrichment or career development is evidence of a lifelong learner.     Learning a new language develops knowledge and skills in other content areas.	1. Listening, speaking, reading and writing are fundamental to language learning. 2. Acquiring a new language involves using previously acquired language skills within a context of meaningful and purposeful communication. 3. Understanding culture is essential to appreciating and acquiring a language. 4. Learning a new language develops knowledge an skills in other content areas.	Knowing basic syntax rules is fundamental to langage acquisition.     Comparing a new and native language can provide insight into the new language.     Using a new language for personal enrichment or career development is evidence of a lifelong learner.     Learning a new language develops knowledge and skills in other content areas.

