HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AUGUST 31, 2020

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Hughes Springs Independent School District	Cass	034-903
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a	annual financial reports of th	e above-named school district were
reviewed and (check one) approve	d disapproved for t	he year ended August 31, 2020 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school	ol district on the	_day of December 2020.
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature o	f Board President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the aud (attach list as necessary)	ditor's report, the reason(s) i	for disapproving it is(are):

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

UNMODIFIED OPINION ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ACCOMPANIED BY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees Hughes Springs Independent School District 871 Taylor Street Hughes Springs, TX 75656

Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hughes Springs Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hughes Springs Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-12, budgetary comparison information on page 52, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (TRS) on page 53-54, schedule of District's contributions to TRS Pension plan on page 55-56, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability (TRS) on page 57-58, and schedule of District's contributions to TRS OPEB plan on page 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hughes Springs Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1 through J-3 and L-1. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Unites States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2020, on our consideration of the Hughes Springs Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Hughes Springs Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Wilf & Hendren, P.C.

Texarkana, Texas

December 8, 2020

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Hughes Springs Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the District's Basic Financial Statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's Net Position is \$4,982,877 as a result of this year's operations.

During the year, the District had expenses that were \$301,161 more than the \$15,268,046 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.

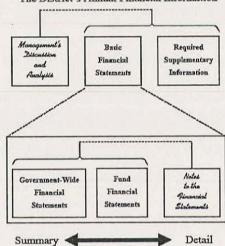
The general fund reported a positive fund balance of \$7,921,483.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the

Figure A-1: Required Components of The District's Annual Financial Information



short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 13. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the

Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's Governmental (except Fiduciary Funds) and the Agency's Component Units	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: Print shop	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agen for someone else's resources
	*Statement of Net Position	*Balance Sheet	*Statement of Net Position	*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Required Financial Statements		*Statement of revenues; expenditures and changes in	*Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	*Statement of Changes in
	*Statement of Activities	fund balances	*Statement of cash flows	Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis And measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.
Type of asset/liability information	All asset and Habilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soom thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, but they can
Type of Inflow/outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or pale

Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's Net Position and changes in them. The District's Net Position (the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District's activities are presented as:

Governmental activities – most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds—most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds—the internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position on pages 22 and 23. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Net Position of the District's governmental activities decreased from \$5,284,038 to \$4,982,877. Unrestricted Net Position – the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$171,265) at August 31, 2020.

Table I
Hughes Springs Independent School District
NET POSITION

		overnmental Activities 2020	overnmental Activities 2019	Total % Change		
Current and other assets	\$	9,055,426	\$ 8,644,203	4.76%		
Capital assets		6,742,869	7,438,294	-9.35%		
Total Assets		15,798,295	16,082,497	-1.77%		
Deferred outflows of resources		2,409,101	2,261,671	6.52%		
Other liabilities		683,615	790,237	-13.49%		
Long term liabilities		1,743,092	2,129,208	-18.13%		
TRS net pension liability		2,958,139	3,076,970	-3.86%		
TRS net OPEB liability		5,135,832	5,238,549	-1.96%		
Total Liabilities		10,520,678	11,234,964	-6.36%		
Deferred inflow of resources		2,703,841	1,825,166	48.14%		
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		5,036,566	5,344,798	-5.77%		
Restricted		117,576	37,205	216.02%		
Unrestricted		(171,265)	(97,965)	-74.82%		
Total Net Position	\$	4,982,877	\$ 5,284,038	-5.70%		

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Table II
Hughes Springs Independent School District
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2020	Governmental Activities 2019	Total % Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 265,213	\$ 367,639	-27.86%
Operating grants and contributions	2,371,525	1,959,552	21.02%
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	2,792,377	2,838,588	-1.63%
State aid - formula grants	9,675,666	8,475,960	14.15%
Investment earnings	62,222	169,917	-63.38%
Miscellaneous and Other	143,649	176,482	-18.60%
Loss on Disposal of Capital Asset	(42,606)	(348)	-12143.10%
TCEQ Capital Grant for Buses	_	204,000	-100.00%
Total Revenues	15,268,046	14,191,790	7.58%
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	9,094,110	8,268,762	9.98%
Instructional and school leadership	802,251	696,608	15.17%
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	158,247	140,366	12.74%
Social Work and Health services and student transportation	567,065	550,804	2.95%
Food services	568,953	527,574	7.84%
Extracurricular activities	817,639	955,099	-14.39%
General administration	650,513	584,788	11.24%
Facilities maintenance, security & monitoring	2,172,348	1,840,254	18.05%
Data processing	451,263	453,948	-0.59%
Debt service	102,992	58,860	74.98%
Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	109,934	101,964	7.82%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	73,892	71,175	3.82%
Total Expenses	15,569,207	14,250,202	9.26%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(301,161)	(58,412)	-415.58%
Net Position - Beginning of Year	5,284,038	5,256,142	0.53%
Prior Period Adjustment	-	86,308	-100.00%
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 4,982,877	\$ 5,284,038	-5.70%

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$15,569,207. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was \$2,792,377 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$265,213 or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions \$2,371,525 or by unrestricted grants, interest, or other revenue \$9,881,537.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Our analysis focuses on the net changes in fund balances (Table III) of the District's governmental funds.

Table III
Hughes Springs Independent School District
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Governmental Funds 2020	Governmental Funds 2019	Total \$ Change	Total % Change
Revenues:				
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 3,218,150	\$ 3,756,454	\$ (538,304)	-14.3%
State Program Revenues	10,389,836	9,120,444	1,269,392	13.9%
Federal Program Revenues	1,200,617	987,700	212,917	21.6%
Total Revenues	14,808,603	13,864,598	944,005	6.8%
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,703,894	7,043,157	660,737	9.4%
Instructional resources & media services	99,768	95,443	4,325	4.5%
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	125,629	142,697	(17,068)	-12.0%
Instructional leadership	361	1,852	(1,491)	-80.5%
School leadership	676,143	598,185	77,958	13.0%
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	124,131	114,438	9,693	8.5%
Social Work Services	68,523	62,173	6,350	10.2%
Health services	112,946	116,468	(3,522)	-3.0%
Student (pupil) transportation	306,307	764,463	(458,156)	-59.9%
Food service	530,349	469,801	60,548	12.9%
Extracurricular activities	748,093	873,109	(125,016)	-14.3%
General administration	571,185	514,924	56,261	10.9%
Facilities maintenance & operations	1,872,378	1,578,023	294,355	18.7%
Security & monitoring services	162,592	126,461	36,131	28.6%
Data processing services	400,116	414,608	(14,492)	-3.5%
Debt service	531,268	208,151	323,117	155.2%
Capital outlay	184,014	341,268	(157,254)	-46.1%
Payments to fiscal agent member districts of SSA	109,934	101,964	7,970	7.8%
Other intergovernmental charges	73,892	71,175	2,717	3.8%
Total Expenditures	14,401,523	13,638,360	763,163	5.6%
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	407,080	226,238	180,842	79.9%
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	3 1 3 15		1 170 336	
Refunding Bonds Issued	1,645,000	-	1,645,000	100%
Sale of real and personal property	3,010	6,029	(3,019)	-50.1%
Non-current loans		291,496	(291,496)	-100.0%
Transfers in	252,089	207,401	44,688	21.5%
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	61,303		61,303	100%
Transfers out	(252,089)	(207,401)	(44,688)	-21.5%
Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent	(1,665,220)		(1,665,220)	-100%
	44,093	297,525	(253,432)	-85.2%
Net Change in Fund Balances	451,173	523,763	(72,590)	-13.9%
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	7,645,606	7,035,534	610,072	8.7%
Prior period adjustment	-	86,308	(86,308)	-100.0%
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 8,096,779	\$ 7,645,605	\$ 451,174	5.9%

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,096,779, which is more than last year's total of \$7,645,605. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$447,644 in the District's General Fund.

State program revenue increased due to the formula changes resulting from House Bill 3.

Expenditures were also increased in the current year due to mandated salary increases and major repairs and improvements to buildings.

BUDGET

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2019).

The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$7,921,483 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$7,350,911 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the District had \$6,742,869 net invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. There was a net decrease in capital assets over last year due to current depreciation of (\$928,775). Current year additions totaling \$278,966 for fiscal year 2020 included a LED District sign, a new scoreboard, air conditioner, access control at the Elementary, DAEP renovations, a 2016 Dodge Ram, a trailer, an aera-vator for the football field, and a new printer.

The District disposed old technology equipment, old athletic equipment and old maintenance equipment. The District also paid to have the track resurfaced in fiscal year 2020. The old resurfacing of the track was removed from the listing since it was replaced in fiscal year 2020. The District elected to classify the resurface of the track as a repair and maintenance cost in the current year. The disposal of this asset resulted in a loss of \$45,616.

Debt

Long-term debt (bonds) decreased for the year ending August 31, 2020. As of year-end, the District had outstanding bonds of \$1,706,303. The District has no capital leases. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in Notes I, J, K and L to the financial statements.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021 budget and tax rates.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021. Amounts appropriated in the General Fund budget are \$12,942,619 an increase from the final 2020 actual of \$12,574,346. This increase is due to increased property tax valuations and changes to the funding formula even though ADA is slightly down from the prior year. TEA's hold harmless ADA (due to COVID-19 pandemic) was utilized in building the budget for 2021. If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain close to the same at the close of 2021. More importantly, however, this will have been accomplished in spite of unfunded mandates.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Hughes Springs Independent School District, 871 Taylor Street. Hughes Springs, Texas.



HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

		Primary Government			
Control		Governmenta			
Codes			Activities		
ASSETS					
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	4,483,118		
1120 Current Investments			3,291,667		
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent			332,266		
230 Allowance for Uncollectible Tax	es .		(89,252)		
240 Due from Other Governments			923,477		
1250 Accrued Interest			4,296		
1300 Inventories			109,854		
Capital Assets:					
1510 Land			100,050		
1520 Buildings and Improvements,	Net		5,060,556		
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net			1,582,263		
1000 Total Assets			15,798,295		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	CES				
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS	S Pension		1,528,373		
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS			880,728		
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of R	esources		2,409,101		
LIABILITIES					
2110 Accounts Payable			34,286		
2140 Accrued Interest Payable			2,329		
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withhole	lings		72,222		
2160 Accrued Wages Payable			574,778		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
2501 Due Within One Year			165,000		
Due in More Than One Year			1,578,092		
2540 Net Pension Liability (District			2,958,139		
Net OPEB Liability (District's	Share)		5,135,832		
2000 Total Liabilities			10,520,678		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S				
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	Pension		482,004		
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	OPEB		2,221,837		
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Res	sources		2,703,841		
NET POSITION					
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets			5,036,566		
3820 Restricted for Federal and State I	Programs	3	6,566		
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	A. A.		1,156		
3890 Restricted for Other Purposes			109,854		
3900 Unrestricted			(171,265)		
3000 Total Net Position		\$	4,982,877		

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Port			Program Revenues				Position
Data Control Codes	1 3				4 Operating	-	6 Primary Gov. Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
titol les 1 3 4 Operating Expenses Expenses Charges for Centributions Contributions Contributi							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	127				a la recola mano	d	(= 1=0 001)
11 Instruction	\$		\$	2,596 5	(A)	Ф	(7,170,291)
					9,054		(104,516)
				-	11,212		(133,409)
							(389)
				-	69,179		(732,683)
				-	4,294		(153,953)
					9,327		(70,731)
				-	10,726		(121,920)
					36,348		(318,013)
					363,647		(127,389)
			-	184,700	25,198		(607,741)
					41,913		(608,600)
				-	61,336		(1,960,350)
		ESPERIOR PROPERTY OF		= 1) = = =	37,310		(113,352)
		NO. CARREST		-	28,949		(422,314)
				-	4		(61,159)
					7		(41,833)
	S				*		(109,934)
		73,892		•	-		(73,892)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	15,569,207	\$	265,213	\$ 2,371,525	_	(12,932,469)
Control General I		nues:	***				
MT P	rope	rty Taxes, Lev	vied	for General Pu	irposes		2,792,377
					**************************************		9,675,666
							62,222
			d Int	termediate Rev	enue		143,649
							(42,606)
TR Total C	3ene	ral Revenues	and S	Special Items			12,631,308
CN		Change in	Net	Position			(301,161)
NB Net Pos	ition	- Beginning					5,284,038
NE Net Pos	ition	- Ending			*	\$	4,982,877

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contro Codes		10 General Fund		CARES Act Stimulus Grant	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	ASSETS		8			
1110 1120 1220 1230	Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current Property Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$ 4,233,233 3,291,667 328,616 (89,032)		:	\$ 159,574 \$ - 3,650 (220)	4,392,807 3,291,667 332,266 (89,252)
1240 1250 1260 1300	Due from Other Governments Accrued Interest Due from Other Funds Inventories	600,882 4,296 339,886 82,890		229,445 - - -	93,150 - - 26,964	923,477 4,296 339,886 109,854
1000	Total Assets	\$ 8,792,438	\$	229,445	\$ 283,118 \$	9,305,001
2110 2150 2160 2170	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds	\$ 33,247 65,088 538,297	\$	- - - 229,445	\$ 1,039 \$ 7,134 36,481 59,738	34,286 72,222 574,778 289,183
2000	Total Liabilities	636,632	334	229,445	104,392	970,469
2601	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	234,323		_	3,430	237,753
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	234,323			3,430	237,753
3410	FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Fund Balance: Inventories Restricted Fund Balance:	82,890			26,964	109,854
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction			7	6,566	6,566
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:	0.500.000			55	2 500 000
3510	Construction	2,500,000 850,000				2,500,000 850,000
3530 3540	Capital Expenditures for Equipment Self Insurance	15,706				15,706
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	1,167,000			141,711	1,308,711
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	3,305,887				3,305,887
3000	Total Fund Balances	7,921,483	_		175,296	8,096,779
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 8,792,438	\$	229,445	\$ 283,118 \$	9,305,001

EXHIBIT C-2

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,096,779
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	39,608
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$32,016,087 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$24,577,793). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. At the beginning of the year, these long-term liabilities totaled (\$2,093,496). The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	5,344,798
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	681,846
4 Included in the items related to the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,528,373, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$482,004), and a net pension liability in the amount of (\$2,958,139). This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(1,911,770)
5 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$880,728, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$2,221,837), and a net OPEB liability in the amount of (\$5,135,832). This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(6,476,941)
6 The 2020 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(928,775)
7 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	137,332
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,982,877

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contr Codes			10 General Fund	(CARES Act Stimulus Grant		Other Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	2,996,851 10,274,218	\$	286,806	\$	221,299 115,618 913,811	\$	3,218,150 10,389,836 1,200,617
5020	Total Revenues		13,271,069		286,806		1,250,728		14,808,603
3020	EXPENDITURES:	1 - J				7			7
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		6,774,422		286,806		642,666		7,703,894
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		99,768		-		one segment		99,768
0012	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		125,329				300		125,629
0021	Instructional Leadership		361				-		361
0023	School Leadership		676,143						676,143
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		124,131		-				124,131
0032	Social Work Services		68,523		-		-		68,523
0033	Health Services		112,946						112,946
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		306,307				-		306,307
0035	Food Services		32,907				497,442		530,349
0036	Extracurricular Activities		601,302		-		146,791		748,093
0041	General Administration		571,185				-		571,185
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,872,378						1,872,378
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		137,592		-		25,000		162,592
0053	Data Processing Services		400,116				-		400,116
0000	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		291,496		-		157,000		448,496
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		10,850				30,089		40,939
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		750				41,083		41,833
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		184,014		•		-		184,014
	Intergovernmental:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		109,934		5		172		109,934
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		73,892		-				73,892
6030	Total Expenditures		12,574,346		286,806		1,540,371		14,401,523
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		696,723				(289,643)		407,080
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								1 5 1 5 000
7901	Refunding Bonds Issued				•		1,645,000		1,645,000
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		3,010						3,010
7915	Transfers In		-		•		252,089		252,089
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		(0.50 0.00)				61,303		61,303
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(252,089)				(1.665.220)		(252,089
8940	Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)	-	(0.40.070)	_	-		(1,665,220)	_	(1,665,220
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(249,079)	_			293,172		44,093
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		447,644				3,529		451,173
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	7,473,839	2			171,767		7,645,606
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	7,921,483	\$		\$	175,296	¢	8,096,779

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT C-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	451,173
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.		20,981
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.		681,846
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(928,775)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		(16,689)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$235,994. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$197,112). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense (increased) decreased the change in net position by (\$464,663). The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.		(425,781)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$87,550. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$76,840). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense (increased) decreased the change in net position by (\$94,626). The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.		(83,916)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(201 161)
Change in 1set I osition of Governmental Activities	Φ	(301,161)

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -
	Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 90,311
Total Assets	90,311
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:	
Due to Other Funds	50,703
Total Liabilities	50,703
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	39,608
Total Net Position	\$ 39,608

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -
	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 45,487
Total Operating Revenues	45,487
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Payroll Costs	24,506
Total Operating Expenses	24,506
Operating Income	20,981
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	18,627
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 39,608

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		vernmental ectivities -	
		Total Internal	
		vice Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	45,487	
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	2	(24,506)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		20,981	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		20,981	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		69,330	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	90,311	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:	\$	20,981	
Operating Income (Loss)		23,701	

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	P	Private Purpose Trust Funds		Total Custodial Funds	
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,708	\$	37,269	
Total Assets	<u> </u>	17,708	\$	37,269	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for Scholarships		16,762		-	
Restricted for Other Purposes		946		37,269	
Total Net Position	\$	17,708	\$	37,269	

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	F	Private Purpose ust Funds		Total ustodial Funds
ADDITIONS:				
Contributions to Student Groups	\$	-	\$	36,777
Contributions, Gifts and Donations		21,376		
Total Additions		21,376		36,777
DEDUCTIONS:				
Other Deductions		19,379		33,039
Total Deductions		19,379		33,039
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		1,997		3,738
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)		15,711		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-	_	33,531
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$	17,708	\$	37,269

Note A. Summary of Significant Account Policies

The Hughes Springs Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the state of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and other authoritative sources identified in Statements on Auditing Standards No. 76 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions: The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Hughes Springs Independent School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Number 84 Fiduciary Activities to improve identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes in the current year.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of Hughes Springs Independent School District. The members of the Board of Trustees are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations; and have the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting unit.

2. Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Hughes Springs Independent School District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financings sources and expenditures and other financing uses.)

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measureable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible, if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year and are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the District, the phrase "available" for exchange transactions means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On the government-wide financial statements, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditures requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized in the governmental funds.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. Agency Funds apply the accrual basis of accounting, but do not have measurement focus. With the flow of economic resources measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position.

4. Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.

CARES Act Stimulus Fund – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Grant – This fund accounts for resources restricted for specific purpose by a grant in a special revenue fund. ESSER is one of multiple funding sources for school districts under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act to assist in operations during the disruptions and closures related to Coronavirus.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Type:

Special Revenue Funds — The District accounts for resources restricted or committed for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Food Service fund is the only required special revenue budgeted fund. For all other funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

Debt Service Fund - This governmental fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Funds – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Fund is a self-funded worker's compensation fund and laptop fund.

Fiduciary Fund Type:

Private Purpose Trust Funds – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is the Scholarship Fund.

Custodial Funds – The District utilizes Custodial Funds to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District's Custodial Fund is the Student Activity Fund

5. Cash Equivalents

The District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

6. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

7. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures. If any supplies are on hand at the end of the year, their total cost is recorded as inventory and the fund balance is reserved for the same amount.

8. Grant Fund Accounting

The Special Revenue Fund includes programs that are financed on a project grant basis. These projects have grant periods that can range from less than twelve months to in excess of two years. Grants are recorded as revenues when earned, which the District considers to be earned to the extent expenditures have been incurred, the District has met all eligibility requirements, and funds are available.

9. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements, debt issuance costs are recognized during the current period. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits. Employees who retire from Hughes Springs Independent School District are entitled to payment of their accumulated leave in a lump sum payment. The employee must provide advance written notice of intent to retire and the last three consecutive years worked by the employee before retirement must be with HSISD. Unused leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

11. Asset Capitalization and Useful Lives

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Building Improvements	20 - 50 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Office Equipment and Furniture	4-7 years
Computer Equipment	3 - 5 years

The District has no restriction on any assets.

12. Worker's Compensation Plan

During the year, the District participated in a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation insurance. The plan was established pursuant to Texas Revised Code Statutes Annotated Art. 8309h and Texas Government code, Ch. 791.

13. Interfund Transactions

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as due to/from other funds. All balances between funds are reported as transfers.

A description of the basic types of interfund transactions and the related accounting policies are as follows:

For reporting at the government-wide financial statement level, the District eliminates direct interfund charges for services and the balances created within the same activity categories (i.e. governmental vs. business-type). This process ensures neither governmental nor business-type activities report direct internal revenue/expenditures. Interfund activity and balances resulting from transactions with the fiduciary funds are not eliminated. Instead, the fiduciary interfund activity and balances are treated as transactions with an external party. The Internal Service Fund is essentially a repository for income, expenses, assets and liabilities of the District's workers' compensation.

14. Risk Management

In the normal course of operations the District is exposed to risks of loss from a number of sources including fire and casualty losses, errors and omissions by board members and employees, and injuries to employees during the course of performing their duties. The District attempts to cover these losses by the purchase of insurance. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for property and liability programs. The District entered into an agreement with the Texas Educational Insurance Association to self-fund their worker's compensation plan with annual maximum limits. The District entered into an agreement with the TRS ActiveCare for their employee health insurance coverage. For insurance programs, there have been no significant reduction in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior years.

In Management's estimation there are no current loss claims that exceed the maximum coverage or any material unfunded claim benefit obligation for the self-funded programs.

15. Fund Equity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories as following:

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivables or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance - represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated with the authority. The Board has delegated authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance - represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance.

As of August 31, 2020:

		CARES Act		
	General	Stimulus	Other	Total
Nonspendable:	1000	······································		
Inventory	\$ 82,890	*	\$ 26,964	\$ 109,854
Restricted:				
Food Service	-	=	6,566	6,566
Long-Term Debt	-	21	55	55
Committed:				
Construction	2,500,000	-	- 4	2,500,000
Capital Equip Expenditures	850,000	-		850,000
Self Insurance	15,706	2		15,706
Other	1,167,000		141,711	1,308,711
Unassigned:	3,305,887		-	3,305,887
	\$ 7,921,483	\$ -	\$ 175,296	\$ 8,096,779

17. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position (The government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds Balance Sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

18. Application of Restricted or Unrestricted Assets

During the budgeting process, allocation of expenses are determined as to whether it originated following specific guidelines related to restricted assets retained in the fund or whether for other purposes (non-restricted). Restricted assets will be used before unrestricted assets when payments are budgeted for an expenditure, which meets the specific guidelines, set forth by the granting agency.

19. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

20. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

21. Internal Service Funds

Since Internal Service Funds support the operations of governmental funds, they are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole.

22. Allocation of Indirect Expenses to Functions in the Statement of Activities

Program revenues are derived from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government taken as a whole, with the effect of reducing the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. The statement of activities should separately report three categories of program revenues; (a) charges for services, (b) program-specific operating grants and contributions, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions.

Note B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund, which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the Board legally enacts the budget through passage of a resolution.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end.

The following budget amendments were significant:

General Fund:	4,050
Increase in revenues - State Program Revenues	361,743
Decrease in expenditures Function 11 - Instruction	
(Increase) in expenditures Function 12 - Instructional Resources & Media Services	(1,715)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 13 - Curriculum Development	(9,200)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 23 - School Leadership	(30,000)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 31 - Guidance, Counseling Services	(15,500)
(Increase) in expenditures - Function 33 - Health Services	(20,000)
Decrease in expenditures Function 34 - Student Transportation	165,760
(Increase) in expenditures Function 35 - Food Service	(30,000)
Decrease in expenditures Function 36 - Extracurricular Activities	19,020
(Increase) in expenditures Function 41 - General Administration	(30,000)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 51 - Facilities Maintenance & Operations	(792,379)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 52 - Security & Monitoring Services	(27,072)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 53 - Data Processing Services	(37,400)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 71 - Principal on Long-Term Debt	(216,006)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 72 - Interest on Long-Term Debt	(10,644)
(Increase) in expenditures Function 73 - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	(750)
Decrease in expenditures Function 81 - Facilities Acquisition & Construction	442,975
(Increase) in other financing uses -Transfers Out	(50,000)
	(277,118)
Food Service Fund:	
(Increase) in expenditures Function 35 - Food Service	(64,384)
Increase in other financing uses -Transfers In	65,000
	616

Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), (2) the General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures in excess of NSLP, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	run	d Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$	33,530
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	\$	141,711
	\$	175,241

Note C. Deposits and Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

The captions and amounts of cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet and statements of proprietary and fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2020 consists of the following:

	General Fund	CARES Act	Other Governmental Funds	Balance Sheet Total	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Fund
Cash in bank	3,805,357		94,683	3,900,040	90,311	54,977
Investment pools	427,876	-	64,891	492,767	-	-
Total	4,233,233	-	159,574	4,392,807	90,311	54,977

The District's cash deposits and certificates of deposits at August 31, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

The Public Funds Investments Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) governs the District's investment policies and types of investments. The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investments policies.

As of August 31, 2020, Hughes Springs Independent School District had the following investments:

	Fair	Less			More
Investment Type	Value*	than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10
Local Government Investment Pools**					
Lone Star***	492,767	492,767	-	-	12
Certificates of Deposit	3,291,667	3,291,667	-	-	
Total	3,784,434	3,784,434	-	-	-

^{*}Fair value is the amount at which a security could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation. Under GASB 72, all investments are recorded at fair value.

*** Investments in local government pool are based upon a contract and not the security itself. Therefore, these types of investments are not categorized in Categories 1-3. The above investment pools, which are regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, have as one of their objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1.00.

Investment Accounting Policy - The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools – Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act ("the Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for Hughes Springs Independent School District are specified below:

<u>Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in (list investments covered by the district's credit risk policy, such as commercial paper, corporate bonds, mutual bond funds) to the top (or top 2 or 3) ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2020, the district's investments in the Lone Star Investment Pool was rated AAA by Standard and Poor.

^{**}Local government investment pools operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Local government investment pools use amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u> To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District diversifies its investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District shall use final and weighted-average-maturity limits and diversification. The District monitors interest rate risk using weighted-average-maturity and specific identification.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments</u> The District does not engage in any deposit or investment in transactions involving foreign currency.

Note D. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for real and personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. The assessed value of the roll on January 1, 2019 upon which the levy for the 2020 fiscal year was based was \$279,595,576. The tax rates levied for the year ended August 31, 2020, to finance General Fund operations was \$1.0353 per \$100 valuation.

Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On June 30 of each year, a tax lien attaches to the property to secure payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

Note E. Delinquent Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowance for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note F. Interfund Payables and Receivables and Transfers

Interfund balances at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Due to Other Funds	Due from Other Funds
General Fund:		
CARE Act Stimulus Fund	229,445	
Special Revenue Funds	59,738	2
Internal Service Fund	50,703	-
CARE Act Stimulus Fund		
General Fund	-	229,445
Special Revenue Funds:		
General Fund	-	59,738
Internal Service Fund:		
General Fund		50,703
Total	339,886	339,886

Interfund transfers are defined as "flow of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without requirement of repayment." Interfund transfers at August 31, 2020, were as follows:

Transfers to Other Funds	Transfer from Other Funds
187,089	-
65,000	1 × 1
4	252,089
252,089	252,089
	Other Funds 187,089 65,000

The District transferred \$187,089 to the Debt Service Fund to make payments on principal and interest on debt and transferred \$65,000 to subsidize the Food Service Fund.

Note G. Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables

Receivables at August 31, 2020, were as follows:

	Property Taxes	Other Governments	Due From Other Funds	Other	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	328,616	600,882	339,886	4,296	1,273,680
Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	3,650	93,150		15 5 6 6 -	96,800
CARES Act Stimulus Fund		229,445			229,445
Total - Governmental Activities	332,266	923,477	339,886	4,296	1,599,925
Amounts not scheduled for collection					
during the subsequent year	(89,252)			-	(89,252)

Payables at August 31, 2020, were as follows:

	Accounts Payable	Salaries and Benefits	Other Governments	Due To Other Funds	Other	Total Payables
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	33,247	603,385	-		1574	636,632
Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	1,039	43,615	¥.,	59,738	-	104,392
CARES Act Stimulus Fund	_	-		229,445	-	229,445
Total - Governmental Activities	34,286	647,000		289,183	-	970,469

Note H. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

Current year additions for fiscal year 2020 included a LED District sign, a new scoreboard, air conditioner, access control at the Elementary, DAEP renovations, a 2016 Dodge Ram, a trailer, an aera-vator for the football field, and a new printer.

	Beginning		Reclassifications/	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Land	100,050		*	100,050
Buildings and Improvements	26,969,142	184,014	(313,948)	26,839,208
Furniture and Equipment	4,946,895	94,952	(164,138)	4,877,709
Total Historical Cost	32,016,087	278,966	(478,086)	31,816,967
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	21,385,916	661,068	(268,332)	21,778,652
Furniture and Equipment	3,191,877	267,707	(164,138)	3,295,446
Total Accumulated Depreciation	24,577,793	928,775	(432,470)	25,074,098
Governmental Activities:				
Land	100,050		-	100,050
Buildings and Improvements, Net	5,583,226	(477,054)	(45,616)	5,060,556
Furniture and Equipment, Net	1,755,018	(172,755)	-	1,582,263
Capital Assets, Net	7,438,294	(649,809)	(45,616)	6,742,869

The District disposed old technology equipment, old athletic equipment and old maintenance equipment. The District also paid to have the track resurfaced in fiscal year 2020. The old resurfacing of the track was removed from the listing since it was replaced in fiscal year 2020. The District elected to classify the resurface of the track as a repair and maintenance cost in the current year. The disposal of this asset resulted in a loss of \$45,616.

Depreciation expense was	charged to go	vemmental	functions as 1	ollows:
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Instruction	528,581
Instructional Resources and Media Services	7,784
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	9,779
Instructional Leadership	28
School Leadership	52,757
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	9,685
Social Work Services	5,347
Health Services	8,813
Student Transportation	23,900
Food Services	2,568
Extracurricular Activities	46,917
General Administration	44,567
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	146,094
Security and Monitoring Services	10,736
Data Processing Services	31,219
Total Depreciation Expense	928,775
	Annual Control of the

Note I. Bonds Payable

Bond indebtedness and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. Long-term debt includes general obligation serial bonds. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized using the effective interest method.

In 2014, the District issued Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 in the amount of \$2,153,000. In the governmental fund financial statements, bond indebtedness of the District current requirement for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The District paid \$157,000 in principal and \$30,089 in interest.

In 2020, the District issued Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 in the amount of \$1,645,000 to refund Series 2014. The escrow payment of \$1,665,220 was used to provide debt service payments on Series 2014 when called on July 16, 2020. As a result, the Series 2014 is considered defeased and the District has removed the liability from its financial statements. The refunding resulted in a gross savings of \$51,951 and a net present value benefit of \$48,756. Bond proceeds are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund as other financing sources in the amount of \$1,645,000 for refunding bonds issued and \$61,303 for premium on issuance of bonds. The District paid \$41,083 in bond issuance costs.

In the government-wide financial statements, bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Premium on issuance of bonds, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$61,303 at August 31, 2020.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2020:

<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 09/01/19	Issued	-18	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 08/31/20
Unlimited Tax Refunding, Series 2014	2.95%	\$ 2,153,000	1,802,000		(a)	157,000	
					(b)	1,645,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding, Series 2020	2.56%	\$ 1,645,000	÷	1,645,000			1,645,000
Total			1,802,000	1,645,000		1,802,000	1,645,000

- (a) Principal debt payment
- (b) Refunded amount

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year Ended					Total
August 31]	Principal	Interest	Re	quirements
2021		165,000	40,000		205,000
2022		169,000	35,725		204,725
2023		173,000	31,347		204,347
2024		178,000	26,855		204,855
2025		182,000	22,246		204,246
2026-2029		778,000	40,474		818,474
	\$	1,645,000	\$ 196,647	\$	1,841,647

Hughes Springs Independent School District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 12c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Hughes Springs Independent School District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is incompliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2020.

Note J. Notes Payable

On August 5, 2019, the Board of Trustees authorized the issuance of a notes payable in the amount of \$291,496 for lighting upgrades to the football stadium. The loan matures on February 28, 2020, at which point the accrued interest and full principal payment are due. The interest rate of the loan is 4.07%. Loan payments were made in the General Fund for Function 71 – Principal of \$291,496, Function 72 – Interest of \$10,850, and Function 73 – Fees of \$750. The loan was paid in full during the current year.

Note K. Accumulated Leave Benefits Payable

The District adopted a new policy regarding the payment of accumulated leave upon retirement from Hughes Springs Independent School District. Employees earn leave, which may either be taken or accumulated until paid upon retirement. Leave benefits payable at August 31, 2020 totaled \$36,789. A summary of the changes in the accumulated leave liability follows:

Balance September 1, 2019	35,712
Additions	1,077
Deductions	
Balance August 31, 2020	36,789

Note L. Changes in Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:			V		
Unlimited Tax Refund, Series 2014	1,802,000	-	1,802,000	-	4
Unlimited Tax Refund, Series 2020	-	1,645,000		1,645,000	165,000
Bond premium		61,303	2	61,303	1
Total Bond Payable	1,802,000	1,706,303	1,802,000	1,706,303	165,000
Other Liabilities					
Notes Payable	291,496		291,496	-	
Compensated Absences	35,712	1,077		36,789	
TRS Net Pension Liability	3,076,970	80,346	199,177	2,958,139	÷ 1
TRS Net OPEB Liability	5,238,549	-	102,717	5,135,832	-
Total Other Liabilities	8,642,727	81,423	593,390	8,130,760	-
Total Governmental Activities:					
Long Term-Liabilities	10,444,727	1,787,726	2,395,390	9,837,063	165,000

Note M. Commitments under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Year Ended	Total
August 31	Requirements
2021	15,690
2022	13,249
2023	7,086
2024	224
Total	36,249

Note N. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Description. Hughes Springs Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in the plan above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825-402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for the fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

Contribution Rates		
	2019	2020
Member (Employees)	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employer (District)	6.8%	7.5%
HSISD Member Contributions	507,597	594,429
HSISD Employer Contributions	197,112	235,994
HSISD Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions	388,175	375,221

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- > On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- > During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- > When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- ➤ When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- > When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- ➤ When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and non-employer contribution entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 season. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-rate of retire on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Asset Class	FY 2019 Target Allocation ¹ %	New Target Allocation ² %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ³
Global Equity	- 70		
USA	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	1	
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries ⁴	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds 4	3.0%		
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	8.0%	5.8% / 6.5% ⁵
Leverage			
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage		-6.0%	2.70%
Expected Return	100.00%	100.0%	7.23%

¹ Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocations as of FY 2019.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	Discount Rate (8.25%)
HSISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$4,547,089	\$2,958,139	\$1,670,783

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$2,958,139 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

 $^{^{2}}$ New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY 2020.

^{3 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds.

^{5 5.8% (6.5%)} return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility.

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,958,139
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	5,572,945
Total	\$ 8,531,084

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0056905755%, which was an increase of 0.0001003961% from its proportion measurement as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this
 would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase
 in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible member retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment of \$2,000 or less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,537,206 and revenue of \$875,431 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	12,427	\$	102,711	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		917,760		379,262	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		29,703		-	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		332,489		31	
Total as of August 31, 2019 measurement date	\$	1,292,379	\$	482,004	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date (to be calculated by employer)		235,994			
Total as of August 31, 2020 fiscal year-end	\$	1,528,373	\$	482,004	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year ended	Expense
August 31:	Amount
2021	227,747
2022	189,177
2023	182,794
2024	173,384
2025	62,355
Thereafter	(25,082)
	810,375

Note O. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Plan Description. Hughes Springs Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-CareMonthly for Retirees

	Me	dicare	100000	lon- dicare
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree* and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1020		999
*or surviving spouse				

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate, which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate, which is .75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2019	2020
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
HSISD Member Contributions	44,492	50,179
HSISD Employer Contributions	76,840	87,550
Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions	77,093	102,411

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS CARE OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriation from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to
	August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	2.63% as of August 31, 2019
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and
Election Rates	50% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims cost
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.63%)	Current Single Discount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.63%)
HSISD's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	6,200,596	5,135,832	4,302,865

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$5,135,832 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	5,135,832
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	6,824,371
Total	11,960,203

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportionate of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0108600087%, which was an increase of 0.0003684151% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate used.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability	4,189,631	5,135,832	6,403,305

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased
 the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15
 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that due while
 actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- There were not changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,664,438 and revenue of \$179,862 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	251,956	\$	840,424	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		285,255		1,381,413	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		554		-	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		255,413			
Total as of August 31, 2019 measurement date	\$	793,178	\$	2,221,837	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date (to be calculated by employer)		87,550			
Total as of August 31, 2020 fiscal year-end	\$	880,728	\$	2,221,837	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Year ended August 31:	EB Expense Amount
-	2021	(250,673)
	2022	(250,673)
	2023	(250,852)
	2024	(250,956)
	2025	(250,931)
	Thereafter	(174,574)
		\$ (1,428,659)

Note P. Medicare Part D (TRS)

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy - The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (knows as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants. Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care receives payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity.

The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submission by reporting entities for the month of May. Any questions about payroll amounts should be directed to a reporting entity's payroll contact.

Contribution amounts are as follows: State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Hughes Springs Independent School District's employees were \$33,133 for the year ended August 31, 2020. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Hughes Springs Independent School District's employees were \$25,507 for the year ended August 31, 2019. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Hughes Springs Independent School District's employees were \$20,853 for the year ended August 31, 2018.

Note Q. Deferred Inflows of Resources (Governmental Funds)

Unavailable revenue - property taxes at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

	General	Nonmajor Debt Service	
	Fund	Fund .	Total
Net uncollected tax revenue	234,323	3,430_	237,753
	234,323	3,430	237,753

Note R. Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2020, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

Fund	En	State titlements	Federal Grants	Total	
General	\$	600,882	\$ -	\$ 600,8	382
CARES Act Stimulus Fund			229,445	229,4	145
Nonmajor Special Revenue		10,125	83,025	93,1	50
Total	\$	611,007	\$ 312,470	\$ 923,4	77

Note S. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	CARES Act Stimulus Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds Total	Internal Service Fund	Private Purpose Fund	Custodial Funds	Total
Property Taxes	2,851,831	-		2,851,831				2,851,831
Food Sales	-	-	77,917	77,917	-	-	-	77,917
Investment Income	61,529	-	693	62,222	51			62,273
Gifts	8,000	_	-	8,000	-	21,376		29,376
Rent	9,600	12	2	9,600	2		-	9,600
Co-curricular student activities	42,083		142,485	184,568	2	-	36,777	221,345
Other	23,808		204	24,012	45,436	2	-	69,448
Total	2,996,851		221,299	3,218,150	45,487	21,376	36,777	3,321,790

Note T. Litigation and Contingencies

- (1) Litigation The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. As of the report date, the District was not involved in any outstanding litigation.
- (2) Contingencies The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Note U. Risk Management

In the normal course of operation the District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

In management's estimation there are no current loss claims that exceed the maximum coverage or any material unfunded claim benefit obligation for self-insured insurance risk pool.

Workers' Compensation

The District maintains a self-insurance program for workers' compensation. Contributions are paid from all government funds to the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund from which all claims are paid. Claims administration, loss control, and consultant services are provided by a third party administrator. The District contributed fixed cost of \$13,369 to the fund for the year ended August 31, 2020. The District's loss fund maximum was \$28,480. The District maintains a catastrophic loss insurance policy for catastrophic losses exceeding \$350,000. Estimated claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) were calculated to be \$75,149.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal year 2020 are represented below:

Statement of Change in Liability From 9/1/19 Thru 8/31/20

	01/11	11/12	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	Total
Unpaid claims at 9/1/19	3,327	746	190	375	873	3	3,494	3,932	5,143		18,083
Incurred Claims:											
Provisions for insured events of the current year	-							-		5,359	5,359
Increases in provision for insured events of the prior years	(889)	(342)	(48)		(66)	-		(159)	(1,640)	-	(3,144)
Total incurred claims	(889)	(342)	(48)	-	(66)	+	-	(159)	(1,640)	5,359	2,215
Payments:											
Claims attributable to insured events of the current year				-		_		-		2,155	2,155
Claims attributable to insured events of the prior years	101	2	1	2	52	(#	438	827	1,017		2,438
Total payments	101	2	1	-	52	-	438	827	1,017	2,155	4,593
Total unpaid claims 8/31/20	2,337	402	141	375	755	3	3,056	2,946	2,486	3,204	15,705
Minimum amount to be encumbered. Calculation of this amount allows for estimated claims Incurred But										2.2	
Not Reported (IBNR)	689	163	130	1,456	300	65,844	1,398	2,231	800	2,138	75,149

Note V. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in several Shared Service Arrangements ("SSA") described as follows:

Atlanta ISD fiscal agent: The District participates in a SSA which provides special education services to member districts. In addition to the District, other member districts include five other districts. The member districts provide funds to the fiscal agent. Although a percentage of the activity of the cooperative is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues and expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The fiscal agent is responsible for all the financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

The District has accounted for the payment of the activities of the SSA in the General Fund Function 93, Shared Services Arrangements. These payments totaled \$109,934 for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Note W. Prior Period Adjustment

During fiscal year 2020, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 84 for Fiduciary Activities. With GASB 84, the District evaluated all fiduciary funds to determine the proper classification of custodial funds. Adoption of GASB 84 requires a prior period adjustment to report the effect of GASB 84 retroactively. The amount of the prior period adjustment for activity funds reclassified to Custodial Funds is reflected on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as \$33,531. The restated beginning net position is \$33,531.

Note X. Subsequent Events

On March 13, 2020, Texas Governor Greg Abbott declared Texas in a state of disaster as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic will most probably have a significant effect on governmental and private entities. The extent of the effect cannot, at this time, be estimated or quantified.

Management evaluated subsequent events after the date of the balance sheet and prior to the release of these financial statements, which was December 8, 2020.



HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control			Budgeted A	Amou	nte		tual Amounts AAP BASIS)	Fina	ance With al Budget
Code		Original Final						Positive or (Negative)	
	EVENUES:				(3),793(64.9)				
	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	3,047,265 10,302,539	\$	3,047,265 10,306,589	\$	2,996,851 10,274,218	\$	(50,414 (32,371
5020	Total Revenues		13,349,804		13,353,854		13,271,069		(82,785
E	XPENDITURES:	1				-			
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		7,364,697		7,002,954		6,774,422		228,532
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		105,004		106,719		99,768		6,951
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		124,603		133,803		125,329		8,474
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,750		1,750		361		1,389
0023	School Leadership		645,062		675,062		676,143		(1,081
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		110,097		125,597		124,131		1,466
0032	Social Work Services		74,267		74,267		68,523		5,744
0033	Health Services		112,553		132,553		112,946		19,607
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		569,008		403,248		306,307		96,941
035	Food Services		3,236		33,236		32,907		329
0036	Extracurricular Activities		717,656		698,636		601,302		97,334
0041	General Administration		548,728		578,728		571,185		7,543
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,197,623		1,990,002		1,872,378		117,624
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		113,021		140,093		137,592		2,501
0053	Data Processing Services		364,714		402,114		400,116		1,998
	Debt Service:		WA 1999		1000 000				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		75,750		291,496		291,496		1
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt				10,904		10,850		54
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees				750		750		-
	Capital Outlay:		202 222		200,000		221011		
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		645,000		202,025		184,014		18,011
0003	Intergovernmental: Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		140,000		140,000		109,934		30,066
0093	Other Intergovernmental Charges		75,000		75,000		73,892		1,108
		7.1	12,987,769	_	13,218,937	_	12,574,346		644,591
6030	Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-		-		_		-	
1100	Excess of revenues over Experiationes	-	362,035	_	134,917	_	696,723		561,806
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								02020200
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property				-		3,010		3,010
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(207,845)		(257,845)		(252,089)		5,756
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(207,845)		(257,845)		(249,079)		8,766
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		154,190		(122,928)		447,644		570,572
0100			7,473,839		7,473,839		7,473,839	10	/ *
		1.00	22007000000000		0		*		
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	7,628,029	\$	7,350,911	\$	7,921,483	\$	570,572

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Pla	FY 2020 n Year 2019	Pla	FY 2019 an Year 2018	P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.005690576%		0.005590179%		0.005363585%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,958,139	\$	3,076,970	\$	1,714,985
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		5,572,945		5,987,612		3,795,011
Total	\$	8,531,084	\$	9,064,582	\$	5,509,996
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,844,939	\$	6,591,984	\$	6,664,605
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		43.22%		46.68%		25.73%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

FY 2017 an Year 2016	Pla	FY 2016 an Year 2015	PI	FY 2015 an Year 2014
0.005231531%		0.0055736%		0.0026508%
\$ 1,976,918	\$	1,970,193	\$	708,065
4,670,017		4,465,504		3,778,782
\$ 6,646,935	\$	6,435,697	\$	4,486,847
\$ 6,662,163	\$	6,590,643	\$	6,197,193
29.67%		29.89%		11.43%
78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	2020			2019		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	235,994	\$	197,112	\$	187,446
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(235,994)		(197,112)		(187,446)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	7,748,349	\$	6,844,939	\$	6,591,984
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.05%		2.88%		2.84%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 175,787	\$ 166,219	\$ 165,036
(175,787)	(166,219)	(165,036)
\$	\$ -	\$ •
\$ 6,664,605	\$ 6,662,163	\$ 6,590,643
2.64%	2.49%	2.50%

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Pl	FY 2020 an Year 2019	F	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.010860009%		0.010491594%	S	0.010383898%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	5,135,832	\$	5,238,549	\$	4,515,568
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		6,824,371		5,587,823		5,215,114
Total	\$	11,960,203	\$	10,826,372	\$	9,730,682
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,844,939	\$	6,591,984	\$	6,664,605
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		75.03%		79.47%		67.75%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	 2020	2019	 2018
Contractually Required Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 87,550 \$ (87,550)	76,840 (76,840)	\$ 75,332 (75,332)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	u.	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,748,349 \$	6,844,939	\$ 6,591,984
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.13%	1.12%	1.14%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes in the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

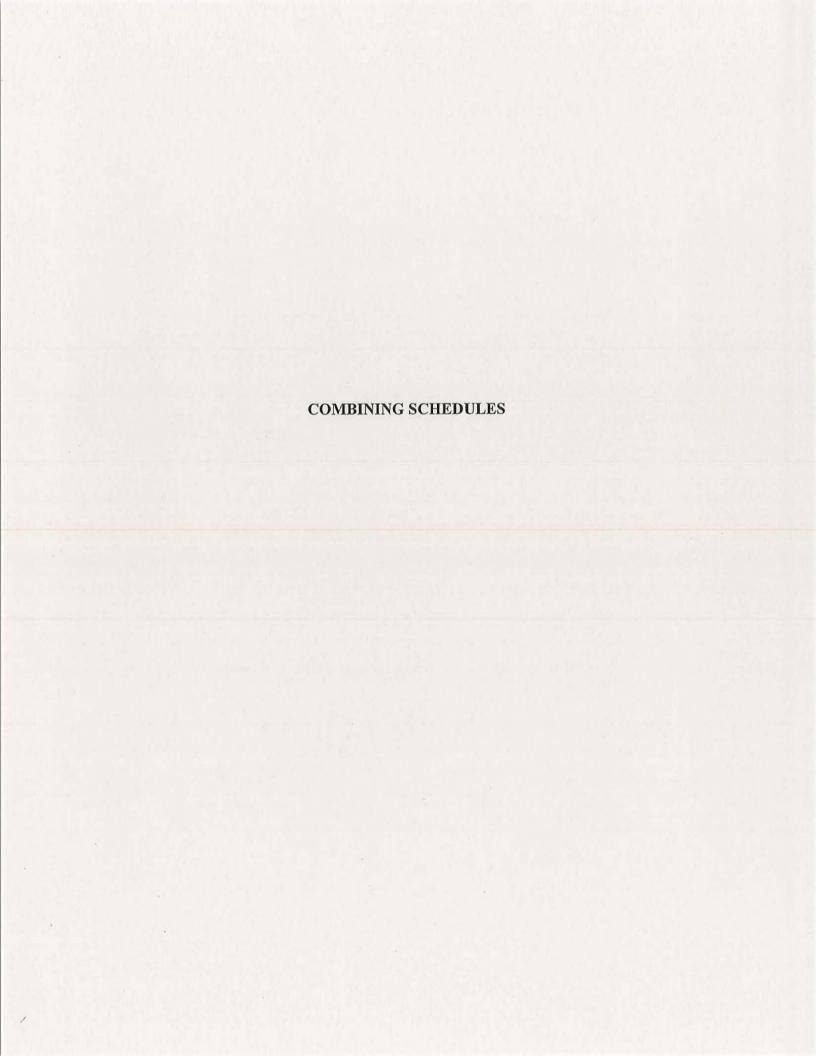
Changes of benefit

There were no changes of benefit terms during the measurement period that affected the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Assumptions

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability since the prior measurement period.

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.



HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

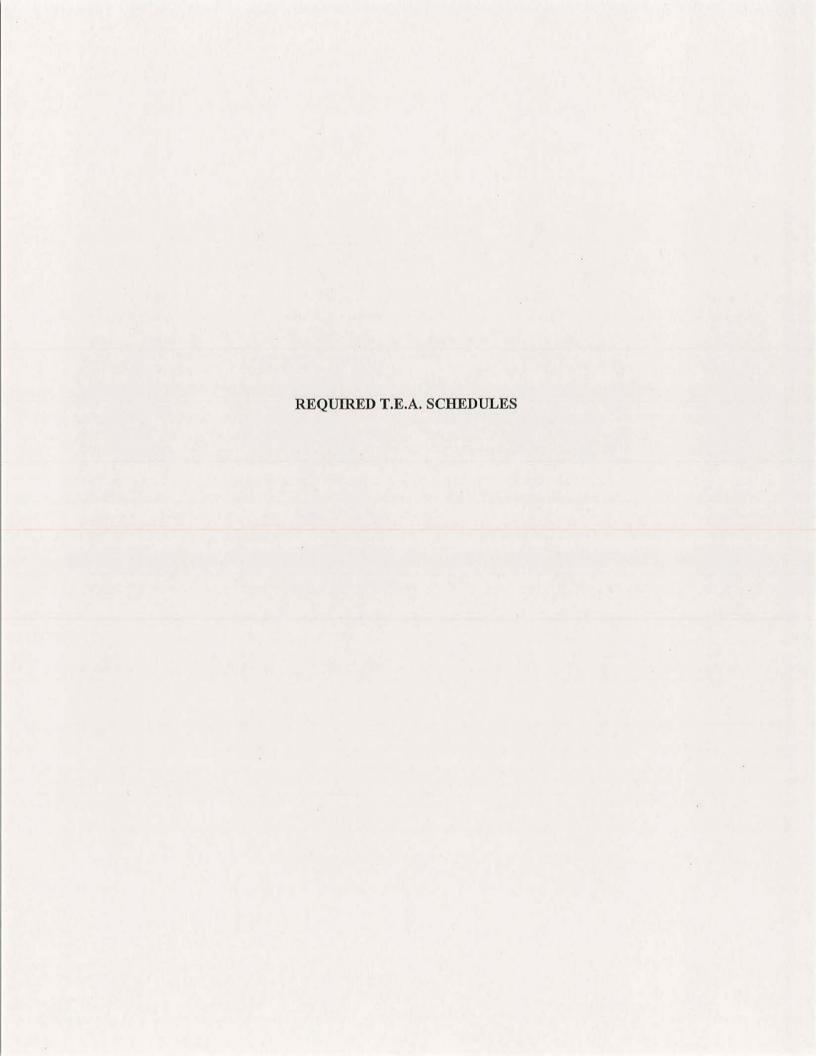
Data Control Codes	rol		211 EA I, A proving Program		224 EA - Part B Formula	Bre	240 National akfast and ch Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	
A	SSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,470	\$	164	\$	3,077	\$	401
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		-		-		-		-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		-		-		-		-
1240	Due from Other Governments		22,710		30,432		15,602		4,749
1300	Inventories		-		-		26,964		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	27,180	\$	30,596	\$	45,643	\$	5,150
L	IABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	2	\$	#1	\$	1,039	\$	-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		4,770		211		1,752		401
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		22,410		TT =		9,322		4,749
2170	Due to Other Funds		-	-	30,385		-		
2000	Total Liabilities	-	27,180		30,596		12,113		5,150
Γ	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		20		-		-		~
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2				-		4
F	UND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
3410	Inventories		2		-		26,964		-
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		6,566		-
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		2		-		-		20
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-				-		
3000	Total Fund Balances		-	_	-		33,530		7.
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	27,180	\$	30,596	\$	45,643	\$	5,150

270 ESEA VI, Pt B Rural & Low Income		289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds		410 State Instructional Materials		429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		461 Campus Activity Funds		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		599 Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$		\$		\$		\$	27	\$	141,711	\$	149,823	\$	9,751	\$	159,574
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	_		-	4	- 1.59/55		-	70	3,650	33	3,650
	-		-		-		_		2,1		2		(220)		(220)
	7,407		2,125		-		10,125		-		93,150		-		93,150
	-		-		70		-		-		26,964		2		26,964
\$	7,407	\$	2,125	\$	-	\$	10,125	\$	141,711	\$	269,937	\$	13,181	\$	283,118
\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,039	\$		\$	1,039
Ψ		4	_	*	-			7			7,134		2		7,134
	_		_		_		-		-		36,481		-		36,481
	7,407		2,125		-		10,125		-		50,042		9,696		59,738
	7,407		2,125		-		10,125	_			94,696		9,696	-	104,392
	_		_						-				3,430		3,430
	-		-		-		-	_	-		-		3,430	12	3,430
			_				74				26,964				26,964
											6,566				6,566
	-		-		-		1		*		0,300		55		55
	-		•										33		3.5
	17/		-		-		2		141,711		141,711		-		141,711
	-	_	-		-				141,711		175,241	_	55	-	175,296
\$	7,407	\$	2,125	\$		\$	10,125	\$	141,711	\$	269,937	\$	13,181	\$	283,118

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Im	211 EA I, A proving Program	224 IDEA - Part B Formula	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Progran		
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	- - 446,241	\$ - 30,431	\$ 78,12 2,24 359,21	8 - 2 43,986	
5020 Total Revenues		446,241	30,431	439,58	1 43,986	
EXPENDITURES: Current:		445,941	30,431		43,986	
0011 Instruction 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0035 Food Services		300		497,44		
0036 Extracurricular Activities 0052 Security and Monitoring Services Debt Service:		-	:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt 0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		2			-	
6030 Total Expenditures		446,241	30,431	1 497,44	2 43,986	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		ş		(57,86	1) -	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7901 Refunding Bonds Issued 7915 Transfers In 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds 8940 Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)				65,00 - -		
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	•	65,00	- 00	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	•	7,13		
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	*	26,39	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 33,53	- 30 \$	

ESEA Rura	270 VI, Pt B l & Low come	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$ -	\$ -	s - s	143,178	\$ 221,299 \$	- \$	221,299
7	2	-	88,367	25,000	-	115,615	3	115,618
	21,416	12,525	-	7	- 1 - 2	913,811	-	913,811
	21,416	12,525	88,367	25,000	143,178	1,250,725	3	1,250,728
	10.202		00.00			(42.666		612.666
	21,416	12,525	88,367	*		642,666 300		642,666 300
	7					497,442		497,442
					146,791	146,791		146,791
	_	-		25,000	-	25,000	-	25,000
					<u> </u>		157,000	157,000
							30,089	30,089
	-			-	-		41,083	41,083
	21,416	12,525	88,367	25,000	146,791	1,312,199	228,172	1,540,371
		-		7	(3,613)	(61,474)	(228,169)	(289,643
							1,645,000	1,645,000
			_			65,000	187,089	252,089
	-	-	-	11111	-	-	61,303	61,303
	4	2			-	*	(1,665,220)	(1,665,220
	- 4		-			65,000	228,172	293,172
		-			(3,613)	3,526	3	3,529
					145,324	171,715	52	171,767
\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	141,711	\$ 175,241 \$	55 \$	175,296



HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	(1)	(2)	(3)			
ast 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Rates	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
011 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various			
012	1.119046	0.000000	371,683,023			
013	1.119046	0.000000	379,481,412			
014	1.119046	0.000000	366,967,669			
015	1.119046	0.000000	324,274,213			
016	1.119046	0.000000	329,645,440			
017	1.119046	0.000000	238,960,214			
018	1.119046	0.000000	226,870,803			
019	1.119046	0.000000	252,188,037			
020 (School year under audit)	1.035300	0.000000	279,595,576			
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2019	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments		(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2020
\$ 58,423	\$ - 4	\$ 115	\$ 4	\$ (2,301)	S	56,007
6,057	**	213				5,844
9,258		733				8,525
12,753		1,070	-2	-		11,682
16,521		880		W E		15,641
23,109		3,318		910		20,702
35,441	-	8,134		882		28,188
44,428		9,029		712		36,112
91,851	-	32,718	-	(695)		58,438
	2,894,653	2,792,375	-	(11,151)		91,127
\$ 297,840	\$ 2,894,653	\$ 2,848,584	\$ 2	\$ (11,643)	\$	332,266

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FOOD SERVICE FUND

Data Control		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Codes		Original		Final		Positive or (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	85,000	\$	85,000		\$	(6,879)	
5800 State Program Revenues		2,500		2,500	2,248		(252)	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		354,000		354,000	359,212		5,212	
5020 Total Revenues		441,500		441,500	439,581		(1,919)	
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
0035 Food Services		485,516		549,900	497,442		52,458	
6030 Total Expenditures		485,516		549,900	497,442		52,458	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(44,016)		(108,400)	(57,861)		50,539	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In				65,000	65,000			
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(44,016)		(43,400)	7,139		50,539	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		26,391		26,391	26,391	-	1	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	(17,625)	\$	(17,009)	\$ 33,530	\$	50,539	

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

FOR	THE	VEAR	ENDED	AUGUST 3	1 2020
LOK	TITI	TEM	LIVILID	MOGORIS	1, 2020

Data Control Codes -		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
		Original		Final				(Negative)
REVENUES:					•	2	0	2
5800 State Program Revenues	\$	-	\$		\$	3	\$	3
Total Revenues		-		-		3		3
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:	Ī							
Principal on Long-Term Debt		157,000		157,000		157,000		-
2072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		30,100		30,100		30,089		11
9073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		20,745		20,745		41,083		(20,338)
Total Expenditures		207,845		207,845	1	228,172		(20,327)
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(207,845)		(207,845)	_	(228,169)	_	(20,324)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						1 616 000		1 645 000
7901 Refunding Bonds Issued 7915 Transfers In		207,845		207,845		1,645,000 187,089		1,645,000 (20,756)
916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		207,843		207,043		61,303		61,303
1940 Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)				-		(1,665,220)		(1,665,220)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		207,845		207,845		228,172		20,327
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		*				3		3
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	52		52		52	_	3
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	52	\$	52	\$	55	\$	3

COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL, AND FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Hughes Springs Independent School District 871 Taylor Street Hughes Springs, TX 75656

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hughes Springs Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively compromise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hughes Springs Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Wilf & Spendorson, P.C.

Texarkana, Texas

December 8, 2020

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Hughes Springs 871 Taylor Street Hughes Springs, TX 75656

Members of the Board:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hughes Springs Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hughes Springs Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hughes Springs Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hughes Springs Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hughes Springs Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hughes Springs Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report in internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Wif & Sendown, P.C.

Texarkana, Texas

December 8, 2020

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

- a. The type of report issued on the financial statements of the Hughes Springs Independent School District was an unmodified opinion.
- b. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters required by the GAO's Government Auditing Standards.
- c. No instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Hughes Springs Independent School District was disclosed during the audit.
- d. No significant deficiency or material weakness relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the report on internal control over compliance required by Uniform Guidance.
- e. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.
- f. No audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs were disclosed by the audit that were required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- g. The program tested as major programs was:

School Breakfast Program	CFDA # 10.553
National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	CFDA # 10.555
National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance	CFDA # 10.555

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- Hughes Springs Independent School District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

No findings were required to be reported.

III. Findings and Responses for Federal Awards Including Audit Findings as Described in I.f above.

No findings were required to be reported.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

There were no prior year findings or questioned costs.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

There were no current year audit findings or questioned costs.

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through			
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal		
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through State Department of Education					
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A	19-610101034903 20-610101034903 21-610101034903	\$	1,033 422,798 22,410	
Total CFDA Number 84.010A				446,241	
*IDEA - Part B, Formula ESEA, Title VI, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.027 84.358B	20-696001034903 20-696001034903		30,431 21,416	
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instr ESEA, Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instr	84.367A 84.367A	20-694501034903 21-694501034903		39,238 4,748	
Total CFDA Number 84.367A				43,986	
Title IV, Part A CARES Act Stimulus Grant	84.424A 84.425D	20-680101034903 20-521001034903		12,525 286,806	
Total Passed Through State Department of Education				841,405	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				841,405	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture					
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		56,401	
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	N/A N/A		270,037 32,774	
Total CFDA Number 10.555			100	302,811	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				359,212	
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agricultur	re			359,212	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				359,212	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,200,617	

HUGHES SPRINGS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial
 Accountability System Resource Guide. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted or
 committed to specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in
 a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types and Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types, the Expendable Trust Funds, and Agency Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimum indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

- 3. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance.
- 4. Nonmonetary assistance received from the Commodity Supplemental Food Program is recorded in fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. The revenue and expense are reported in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund.



SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Hugh	es Springs Independent School District	Fiscal Year 2020
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Govenment Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	