To be completed by parents, health care teams and reviewed with necessary school staff. Original will be placed in health folder. Copies will be given to each teacher and administrator.

Diabetes Care Plan for:	Date of Birth:		
School Sch	ool Year Grade		
Parent/Guardian:			
Home phone: Work phone	: Cell/Pager:		
Parent/Guardian:	Address:		
Home phone: Work phone	: Cell/Pager:		
Emergency Contact:	Address:Cell/Pager:		
Home phone: Work phone	: Cell/Pager:		
School Nurse:Work phone:	Back-Up		
Medical Information:			
	Talanhana		
Address	Telephone:		
Exchange of information signed?	I'dx		
Signed MD orders received	Fax Expires Last HgbA1C in(date)		
History:			
Date of Diagnosis,Type 1	orType 2 Age at Diagnosis		
Level of Control in past:excellentgoo	orType 2 Age at Diagnosis dadequateimprovement needed		
Diabetes Education			
Family's diabetes history//knowledge of condition_			
Diabetes Camp/Group leaning experience	(date/where)		
Last ER/Hospital visit for diabetes			
Wears Medical alert tag? Other	health conditions?		
Blood Glucose Monitoring:			
Current target range for blood glucose:m	ıg/dl to mg/dl		
Type of blood glucose meter student uses:			
Usual times to test glucose:			
Times to do extra tests: (check all that apply)			
Before exerciseAfter exercise			
When student exhibits signs/symptoms of hy	ypoglycemia		
When student exhibits signs/symptoms of hy	yperglycemia		
Other (explain)			
Can student perform own blood sugar test? Yes	_ No Interpret results? Yes No		
Exceptions/notes:			
School personnel trained to monitor blood glucos	e level and dates of training:		
Current Insulin: (see additional page if pump or	basal/bolus used)		
	tudent safely give own injection? Yes No		
	student correctly determine insulin dose? Yes No		
Lunch Can	student draw correct dose of insulin? Yes No		
Supervision of Insulin, Nursing Task Delegation?	Yes No (additional documentation needed)		
	is important in maintaining stable blood glucose levels.)		
Breakfast Sna	ick before exercise?		
AIVI SNACK Sna	ack after exercise?		
Luncn Pre	eferred foods for class parties?		
FINI SNACK FO	oods to avoid?		

HS 5/06 rw/km/aa

A SOURCE OF GLUCOSE SHOULD BE READILY AVAILABLE AT ALL TIMES.

(preferred/works w
Hypoglycemia: (low blood sugar)
Usual symptoms of LOW blood sugar:
Treatment: Blood Sugar < Response Retest in minutes. Repeat X Call parent if
Retest in minutes. Repeat X Call parent if
Frequency of hypoglycemia
If is unconscious, having a seizure, unable to swallow, <u>Call 911</u> , <u>Give Glucagon</u> , <u>Call Paren</u>
Glucagon MD orders? Parent providing to school? Exp. Date
School personnel trained to administer Glucagon/dates of training:
Hyperglycemia: (high blood sugar)
Usual symptoms of HIGH blood sugar:
Usual symptoms of HIGH blood sugar: Treatment: Blood Sugar > Response
Circumstances where ketones should be tested.
Treatment for ketones:
Treatment for ketones: Student should not exercise if ketones are and blood sugar is at or abovemg/dl.
Notify parent if/when blood sugar is less than or greater than
or
Exercise and Sports:
A snack such as should be readily available at the site of exercise or sports.
Any activity restrictions?
Student should not exercise if blood glucose is belowmg/dl.
Location of Supplies at School:
Blood glucose monitoring kit: Glucagon kit:
Insulin administration supplies: Ketone testing supplies:
Extra Snack foods:
Extra Snack foods:
Field trips: Notify parent prior to trip. Take Diabetes Supply, Care is provided by: accompanying parenttrained and designate school staffstudent sufficiently independent
Assessment Completed with Parent:
School NurseDate
School Nurse is authorized to share this information with school staff yes no
In an urgent situation, school staff may share this information with Emergency Medical System yes
Parent/Guardian Date
Reviewed with:
School Administrator Date
Office Staff Date
Teachers Date
PE Teacher, Music Teacher, Playground and Lunch Supervision, Bus Driver (circle& <u>date</u>)
HS 5/06 rw/km/aa Pg 2 o

Students with Basal/Bolus:

Usual lunch dose	units (Humalog/Novolog/Regular-circle) or	r flexible dose _	units/	gms CHO
Other insulin at lunch	units (intermediate/NPH/lente) or	units basal (eg	g Lantus)	(name)

Students with Insulin Pumps:

1	
Гуре of Pump	Started pump
Pump Diabetes Educator	Phone/e-mail
Insulin/Carbohydrate Ratio:	Type Insulin in Pump
Basal Rates during School Day:	- · · · ·

Student's Level of Self-Care:	Independent	School Assistance Requested	Parental Oversight and Involvement
Carbohydrate (CHO) Calculations			
Bolus correct amount for CHO consumed			
Calculate and give pre-meal corrective bolus			
Select own snacks & meals			
Calculate and give corrective bolus prn			
Calculate and set basal rates			
Calculate and set temporary basal rate			
Stop delivery when indicated			
Disconnect pump at infusion site			
Reconnect pump at infusion site			
Interpret Pump Alarms			
Correct Pump Alarms			
Prepare reservoir and tubing			
Insert infusion set			
Treat mild hypoglycemia			
Urine Ketone Testing			

References:

- American Diabetes Association Position Statement "Care of Children with Diabetes in the School and Day Care Setting", *Diabetes Care*, Volume 26, Supplement 1, January 2003 http://care.diabetesjournals.org/cgi/reprint/26/suppl_1/s131?maxtoshow=&HITS= 10&hits=10&RESULTFORMAT=&titleabstract=School+and+Day+Care+Setting &searchid=1136824939614
- Haas, M, ed., <u>The School Nurse's Source Book of Individualized Healthcare</u> <u>Plans</u>, vol. 1, Sunrise River Press, 1993.
- Hodge, Jan, School Nurse Materials, Animas Corporation, Sept 2005.
- Klamath Union High School 2004/2005, "Diabetes Health Care Plan"
- National Diabetes Education Program Helping the Student with Diabetes Succeed: A Guide for School Personnel, June 2003 88 pages, available for download. <u>Diabetes Medical Management Plan</u> pgs. 49-54 <u>http://www.ndep.nih.gov/diabetes/pubs/Youth_NDEPSchoolGuide.pdf</u>
- National Association of School Nurses Consensus Statement <u>Safe Delivery of</u> <u>Care for children with Diabetes in Schools</u> Jan 12, 2005. <u>http://www.nasn.org/Portals/0/statements/consensusdiabetes.pdf</u>