

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
June 30, 2021

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICTTABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	4
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Activities	19
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25
Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	57
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	59
Schedule of District Pension Contributions	60
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	61
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund	62
Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources – Capital Projects Fund	63
Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	65
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	66



JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA
PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA
JILL S. SANDERS, CPA
DONALD J. HOFFMANN, CPA
CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA
ALAN YU, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Connetquot Central School District Bohemia, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary fund of the Connetquot Central School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and qualified audit opinions.

1650 ROUTE 112, PORT JEFFERSON STATION, NEW YORK 11776-3060

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Unmodified
General Fund	Unmodified
Special Aid Fund	Unmodified
School Food Service Fund	Unmodified
Debt Service Fund	Unmodified
Capital Projects Fund	Unmodified
Extraclassroom Activities Fund	Qualified
Scholarships Fund	Unmodified
Permanent Fund	Unmodified
Fiduciary Fund	Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Extraclassroom Activities Fund

The records of the extraclassroom activities fund of the Connetquot Central School District were not adequate to permit the application of adequate auditing procedures to indicate whether all receipts were recorded.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effect of any adjustments that might have been necessary had we been able to perform adequate auditing procedures in regard to the receipts referred to in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Extraclassroom Activities Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the extraclassroom activities fund of the Connetquot Central School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, other than the extraclassroom activities fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Connetquot Central School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, "Changes in Accounting Principles," the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as of June 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability), schedule of District pension contributions and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 4 through 17 and 57 through 61, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Connetquot Central School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 62 through 65 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2021 on our consideration of the Connetquot Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connetquot Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Connetquot Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 21, 2021

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Connetquot Central School District's discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2020, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

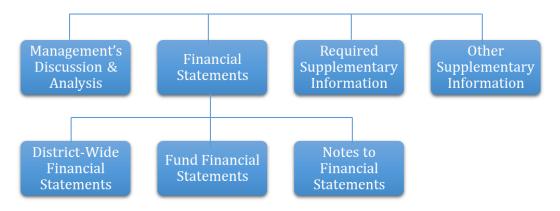
Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- The District's total net position was a deficit of \$149,071,479 in the district-wide financial statements at June 30, 2021, compared to a deficit of \$130,604,645 at June 30, 2020. The deficit increased \$18,466,834 over the prior year due to an excess of expenses over revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's total net position at June 30, 2020 was restated and increased by \$251,149, which is due to the required implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, during the 2021 fiscal year.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the District's expenses for the year totaled \$214,991,367. Of this amount \$7,041,503 was offset by program charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants. General revenues of \$189,483,030 amount to 96.42% of total revenues, and were not adequate enough to cover the balance of program expenses.
- The District's general fund fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements was \$47,990,488 at June 30, 2021. This balance represents a \$3,440,794 increase (7.72%) over the prior year due to an excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses, using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Nonspendable fund balance increased by \$133,756, which represents the change in the reserve for advance. Restricted fund balances increased \$1,664,922 due to funding of reserves and interest allocated to reserves, offset by the use of reserves. Assigned fund balance increased \$2,563,967 as the District increased the fund balance appropriated to fund the 2022 budget and included an assignment for encumbrances. Unassigned fund balance decreased \$921,851 to \$10,112,334.
- On May 21, 2019, the voters authorized district-wide capital improvement projects not to exceed \$45,758,075. The approved projects are to be funded through the issuance of bonds not to exceed \$36,067,162 and \$9,690,913 from capital reserve funds. No debt has been issued to date on this authorization. A total of \$13,609,600 has been expended as of June 30, 2021.
- On April 13, 2021, the Board authorized the District to enter into and energy performance contract for the purpose of making energy efficient improvements at District buildings and facilities not to exceed \$21,240,702. The debt has been fully issued at June 30, 2021 and work is expected to begin during the 2021–2022 fiscal year.
- The District's 2021 property tax levy of \$129,665,481 was a 3.10% increase over the 2020 tax levy. The District's property tax cap was 3.10%.
- The District was awarded funding under the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Program and the Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Program in the amount of \$245,436. The District applied for additional funding in the amount of \$5,111,645 allocated under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act which were granted in September 2021.
- The budget for the 2021-2022 school year in the amount \$203,581,707 was approved by the voters on May 18, 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements.



A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's school buildings and other facilities.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary fund.

Governmental Funds

These statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period when they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period when the District incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains eight individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, extraclassroom activities fun, scholarships fund and permanent fund. Each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The District reports its fiduciary activities in the fiduciary fund – custodial fund. This fund reports real property taxes collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments, and utilizes the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

Certain balances at June 30, 2021 were adjusted as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which are required the District to record activities in the Governmental Funds that had previously been recorded in the Fiduciary Funds. Consequently, the District now includes the agency fund activities in the general fund, and the extraclassroom activities, scholarship funds, and permanent fund

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

as separate governmental funds. These changes resulted in an increase to total net position. The following is a summary of those changes:

	As Restated June 30, 2020		As Reported June 30, 2020		 Increase (Decrease)
Current and Other Assets	\$	70,474,019	\$	69,786,983	\$ 687,036
Current and Other Liabilities		17,567,149		17,131,262	435,887
Restricted Net Position Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit) Total Net Position (Deficit)	•	34,096,821 (265,850,267) (130,604,645)	•	33,988,215 265,992,810) 130,855,794)	108,606 142,543 251,149

The District's total net position (deficit) increased by \$18,466,834 between fiscal year 2020 and 2021. The deficit increase is due to expenses in excess of revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position follows:

	June 30, 2021	As Restated June 30, 2020	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
	June 30, 2021	Julie 30, 2020	(Decrease)	Change
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 83,034,646	\$ 70,474,019	\$ 12,560,627	17.82 %
Capital Assets, Net	140,903,317	133,448,452	7,454,865	5.59 %
Net Pension Asset -				
Proportionate Share		11,711,193	(11,711,193)	(100.00)%
Total Assets	223,937,963	215,633,664	8,304,299	3.85 %
Deferred Outflows of Resources	136,087,160	138,903,735	(2,816,575)	(2.03)%
Liabilities				
Current and Other Liabilities	15,638,016	17,567,149	(1,929,133)	(10.98)%
Long-Term Liabilities	67,732,330	55,743,344	11,988,986	21.51 %
Net Pension Liabilities -				
Proportionate Share	12,325,411	16,440,987	(4,115,576)	(25.03)%
Total OPEB Liability	339,911,892	328,377,634	11,534,258	3.51 %
Total Liabilities	435,607,649	418,129,114	17,478,535	4.18 %
Deferred Inflows of Resources	73,488,953	67,012,930	6,476,023	9.66 %
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net Invested in Capital Assets	116,734,548	101,148,801	15,585,747	15.41 %
Restricted	31,216,415	34,096,821	(2,880,406)	(8.45)%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(297,022,442)	(265,850,267)	(31,172,175)	11.73 %
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (149,071,479)	\$ (130,604,645)	\$ (18,466,834)	14.14 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The increase in current and other assets is primarily due to an increase in the District's cash position as a result of current year operations.

The increase in capital assets, net is due to capital asset additions in excess of depreciation expense. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 10 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Net pension asset – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System net pension asset, at the measurement date of the respective year. In the current year the District's proportionate share shifted from an asset to a liability. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14 "Pension Plans – New York State" provides additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years, and the amount of deferred charges from the bond refunding that is being amortized over the remaining term of the bonds.

The decrease in current and other liabilities is primarily due to decreases in accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and compensated absences, offset by an increase in the amount due to teachers' retirement system.

The increase in long-term liabilities is primarily due to the District committing to an energy performance contract, offset by scheduled bond and installment purchase indebtedness payments and a decrease in the workers' compensation liability.

Net pension liabilities – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension liability at the measurement date of the respective year. The District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's collective net pension liability is also included in the current year balance. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14 "Pension Plans – New York State" provides additional information.

Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability increased, based on the actuarial valuation of the plan. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 16 "Postemployment Healthcare Benefits," provides additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years.

The net investment in capital assets is the investment in capital assets at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and related outstanding debt. The accompanying Other Supplementary Information, Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets provides additional information.

The restricted amount relates to the District's reserves. This number decreased from the prior year principally due to the use of reserves to fund the budget.

The unrestricted deficit amount relates to the balance of the District's net position. This balance does not include the District's reserves, which are classified as restricted. Additionally, certain unfunded liabilities will have the effect of reducing the District's unrestricted net position. One such unfunded liability is the total OPEB liability. In accordance with state guidelines, the District is only permitted to fund OPEB on a "pay as you go" basis, and is not permitted to accumulate funds for the OPEB liability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Changes in Net Position

The June 30, 2020 revenues and expenses were increased, resulting from the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, As follows:

	As Restated June 30, 2020		As Reported June 30, 2020		Increase (Decrease)	
Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	2,003,463 4,503,452	\$	1,311,740 4,492,436	\$	691,723 11,016
Instruction Expense	1	169,619,172	1	168,885,905		733,267

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

		As Restated	Increase	Percentage
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 532,828	\$ 2,003,463	\$ (1,470,635)	(73.40)%
Operating Grants & Contributions	5,506,871	4,503,452	1,003,419	22.28 %
Capital Grants	1,001,804		1,001,804	100.00 %
General Revenues				
Property Taxes and STAR	129,668,867	125,777,104	3,891,763	3.09 %
State Sources	54,164,334	56,558,634	(2,394,300)	(4.23)%
Other	5,649,829	5,739,616	(89,787)	(1.56)%
Total Revenues	196,524,533	194,582,269	1,942,264	1.00 %
Europaga				
Expenses	20 524 040	27 251 021	1 270 110	4.60.07
General Support	28,531,049	27,251,931	1,279,118	4.69 %
Instruction	169,777,101	169,619,172	157,929	0.09 %
Pupil Transportation	13,366,901	14,482,849	(1,115,948)	(7.71)%
Debt Service - Interest	1,394,405	1,542,762	(148,357)	(9.62)%
Food Service Program	1,921,911	2,214,105	(292,194)	(13.20)%
Total Expenses	214,991,367	215,110,819	(119,452)	(0.06)%
Decrease in Net Position	\$(18,466,834)	\$(20,528,550)	\$ 2,061,716	(10.04)%

The District's net position decreased by \$18,466,834 and \$20,528,550 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

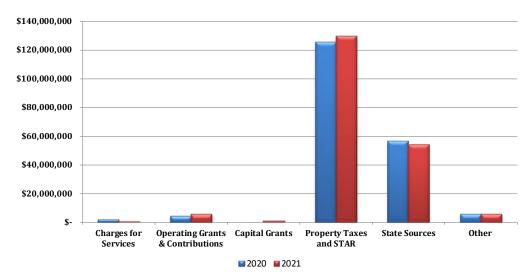
The District's revenues increased by \$1,942,264 or 1.00%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were increases to property taxes and STAR in accordance with the voter-approved budget, operating grants and contributions as a result of CARES Act funding for the food service program, and capital grants, as a result of capital improvements funded by the SMART Schools Bond Act, offset by a decrease in state sources due to reductions in the District's state aid.

The District's total expenses for the year decreased by \$119,452 or 0.06%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

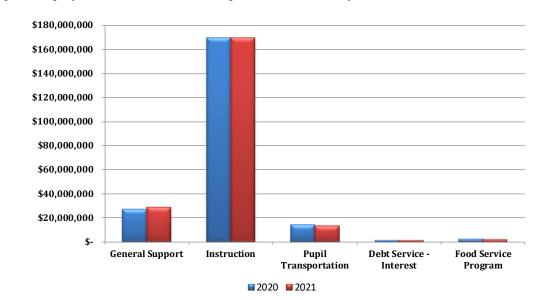
As indicated on the graphs that follow, property taxes and STAR is the largest component of revenues recognized (i.e., 66.0% and 64.6% of the total for the years 2021 and 2020, respectively). Instruction expense is the largest category of expenses incurred (i.e., 79.0% and 78.9% of the total for the years 2021 and 2020, respectively).

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants	Property Taxes and STAR	State Sources	Other
2020	1.0%	2.3%	0.0%	64.6%	29.1%	3.0%
2021	0.3%	2.8%	0.5%	66.0%	27.6%	2.8%

A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



			Pupil	Debt Service -	Food Service
	General Support	Instruction	Transportation	Interest	Program
2020	12.7%	78.9%	6.7%	0.7%	1.0%
2021	13.3%	79.0%	6.2%	0.6%	0.9%

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Continued)

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$66,856,500, which is an increase of \$15,353,924 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The June 30, 2020 amounts were restated to include the extraclassroom activities, scholarships, and permanent funds as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84. A summary of the change in the components of fund balance by fund is as follows:

		As Restated	Increase	Percentage
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	(Decrease)	Change
General Fund				
Nonspendable: Advance	\$ 537,964	\$ 404,208	\$ 133,756	33.09 %
Restricted:				
Workers' compensation	5,930,102	6,207,459	(277,357)	(4.47)%
Unemployment insurance	601,930	201,325	400,605	198.98 %
Retirement contribution				
Teachers' retirement system	3,002,527	2,884,300	118,227	4.10 %
Employees' retirement system	9,528,928	10,299,993	(771,065)	(7.49)%
Insurance	1,376,092	374,966	1,001,126	266.99 %
Employee benefit accrued liability	10,341,348	9,149,146	1,192,202	13.03 %
Capital	191,287	190,714	573	0.30 %
Repairs	204,009	203,398	611	0.30 %
Assigned:				
Appropriated fund balance	4,458,874	3,600,000	858,874	23.86 %
Unappropriated fund balance	1,705,093		1,705,093	100.00 %
Unassigned: Fund balance	10,112,334	11,034,185	(921,851)	(8.35)%
	47,990,488	44,549,694	3,440,794	7.72 %
Special Aid Fund				
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	(22,502)		(22,502)	100.00 %
School Food Service Fund				
	10,246	13,192	(2.046)	(22.22)0/
Nonspendable: Inventory Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	•		(2,946)	(22.33)% 33.09 %
onassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	(537,964)	(404,208)	(133,756)	34.96 %
	(527,718)	(391,016)	(136,702)	34.96 %
Debt Service Fund				
Restricted: Debt	14,249	12,304	1,945	15.81 %
	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Capital Projects Fund				
Restricted:				
Capital reserve		4,464,610	(4,464,610)	(100.00)%
Unspent bond proceeds	21,240,702		21,240,702	100.00 %
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance		2,615,835	(2,615,835)	(100.00)%
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	(2,093,708)		(2,093,708)	100.00 %
	19,146,994	7,080,445	12,066,549	170.42 %

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	June 30, 2021		As Restated June 30, 2020		Increase (Decrease)		Percentage Change
Extraclassroom Activities Fund Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	\$	136,658	\$	142,543	\$	(5,885)	(4.13)%
Scholarships Fund Restricted: Scholarships		25,943		16,218		9,725	59.96 %
Permanent Fund Nonspendable: Scholarships		92,388		92,388			0.00 %
Total Fund Balance	\$ 6	6,856,500	\$ 5	1,502,576	\$ 15	5,353,924	29.81 %

A. General Fund

The net change in the general fund – fund balance is an increase of \$3,440,794 compared to a decrease of \$3,438,948 in 2020. This resulted from expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources.

The District's revenues increased by \$1,197,465 or 0.63%, as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to increases in property taxes, offset by decreases in state sources and operating transfers in. The increase in property taxes is due to an increase in the tax levy in accordance with the 2020-2021 budget. The decrease in state sources is due to reductions in the District's allocation of state aid and the decrease in operating transfers in is the result of a one-time transfer from the debt service fund in the prior year.

Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$5,682,277 or 2.95% from the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in operating transfers out as the District transferred capital reserve funds to the capital projects fund in the prior year of \$9,690,913, offset by increases in general support primarily because additional staff and supplies were required to meet the needs of COVID-19 requirements, instructional costs as additional staff were hired to meet the needs of COVID-19 and remote learning requirements, and employee benefits.

The following is a summary of the District's general fund restricted fund balance activity:

	Balance @ June 30, 2020	Use of Reserves	 Interest	Funding	Balance @ June 30, 2021	Appropriated for June 30, 2022
Workers' compensation	\$ 6,207,459	\$ (1,400,000)	\$ 18,643	\$ 1,104,000	\$ 5,930,102	\$ 1,600,000
Unemployment insurance	201,325	(90,000)	605	490,000	601,930	400,000
Retirement contribution						
TRS	2,884,300	(1,435,131)	8,663	1,544,695	3,002,527	1,492,984
ERS	10,299,993	(2,915,000)	30,935	2,113,000	9,528,928	3,415,000
Insurance	374,966		1,126	1,000,000	1,376,092	
EBALR	9,149,146	(435,276)	27,478	1,600,000	10,341,348	1,100,000
Capital	190,714		573		191,287	
Repairs	203,398		611		204,009	
	\$29,511,301	\$ (6,275,407)	\$ 88,634	\$ 7,851,695	\$31,176,223	\$ 8,007,984

Additional detail regarding the capital reserve can be found in Note 20 "Restricted for Capital Reserve."

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Special Aid Fund

The net change in the special aid fund - fund balance was a decrease of \$22,502, which was the result of expenditures related to relief programs under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, for which funding was not approved by June 30, 2021.

C. School Food Service Fund

The net change in the school food service fund – fund balance was a decrease of \$136,702, which was the current year operating loss, offset by a general fund budget transfer of \$430,000.

D. Debt Service Fund

The net change in the debt service fund – fund balance was an increase of \$1,945, the result of current year interest earnings.

E. Capital Projects Fund

The net change in the capital projects fund – fund balance is an increase of \$12,066,549. The increase is the result of the proceeds of an energy performance contract for energy efficient capital improvements of \$21,240,702 and state sources for grant revenues of \$1,206,531 under the SMART Schools Bond Act in excess of expenditures for capital improvements of \$10,380,684.

	Balance @	Use of		Balance @
	June 30, 2020	Reserves	Funding	June 30, 2021
		_		
May 2016	\$ 4,464,610	\$ (4,464,610)	\$	\$

F. Extraclassroom Activities Fund

The net change in the extraclassroom activities fund – fund balance is a decrease of \$5,885, as a result of expenditures of \$271,006 in excess of revenues of \$265,121.

G. Scholarships Fund

The net change in the scholarships fund – fund balance is an increase of \$9,725, as a result of donations of \$30,309 and interest income of \$56 in excess of scholarships awarded of \$20,640.

H. Permanent Fund

The permanent fund – fund balance consists of nonspendable scholarship funds.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2020-2021 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$199,437,938. This amount was increased by budget revisions in the amount of \$3,056,843 for a total final budget of \$202,494,781.

The final budget was funded through a combination of estimated revenues and appropriated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$129,665,481 in estimated property taxes and STAR.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of current and prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves, appropriations to fund the subsequent year's budget, encumbrances, and amounts classified as nonspendable. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 11,034,185
Fund Balance Appropriated for Budget Revision	(3,056,674)
Revenues Over Budget	934,822
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	13,797,684
Change in Nonspendable Fund Balance	(133,756)
Unused Appropriated Reserves	(64,724)
Allocation to Reserves	(7,940,329)
Appropriated to Fund the 2022 Budget	(4,458,874)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 10,112,334

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$11,034,185 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2020 fund balance that was retained as unassigned.

Fund Balance Appropriated for Budget Revision

The District increased appropriations, of which \$3,056,674 were funded by unassigned fund balance. The increase was needed to fund COVID-19 related expenditures. This decreased the unassigned portion of the general fund fund balance.

Revenues Over Budget

The 2020-2021 final budget for revenues was \$189,497,976. Actual revenues recognized for the year of \$190,432,798 exceeded estimates by \$934,822. This variance contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2020-2021 final budget for expenditures was \$202,494,781. Actual expenditures and other financing uses as of June 30, 2021 were \$186,992,004 and outstanding encumbrances were \$1,705,093. Combined the expenditures plus encumbrances for 2020-2021 were \$188,697,097. The final budget variance was \$13,797,684, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

Change in Nonspendable Fund Balance

The District's general fund assets include a long-term receivable from the school food service fund that cannot currently be spent as a result of the operating deficits incurred by the fund and the fund's inability to repay the loan in a current period. Accordingly, an equal amount of fund balance is classified as nonspendable. The increase in nonspendable fund balance decreases unassigned fund balance.

Unused Appropriated Reserves

In the 2020-2021 budget, \$6,340,131 of reserves were appropriated to reduce the tax levy. Due to lower than anticipated reserve expenditures, \$64,724 of this funding from the employee benefit accrued liability reserve was not needed and, therefore, it was required to be returned to the reserve and is available for future use.

Allocation to Reserves

Monies transferred into authorized reserves do not affect the total fund balance unless, and until these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the unassigned fund balance by the amount of the transfers. The table in §4.A. of this Management's Discussion and Analysis details the allocation of interest earnings to the reserves.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$4,458,874 of the available June 30, 2021 unassigned fund balance to partially fund the 2021-2022 approved operating budget. As such, the June 30, 2021 unassigned fund balance must be reduced by this amount.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2021 was \$10,112,334. This amount is 4.97% of the 2021-2022 budget and is in excess of the statutory limit.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, DEBT ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital asset additions of \$11,451,583 in excess of depreciation expense of \$3,996,718 recorded for the year ended June 30, 2021. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	Increase (Decrease)
Land	\$ 2,440,000	\$ 2,440,000	\$ -
Construction in progress	24,103,961	14,756,018	9,347,943
Buildings and improvements	109,851,513	111,797,627	(1,946,114)
Site improvements	298,136	379,169	(81,033)
Furniture and equipment	4,209,707	4,075,638	134,069
Capital assets, net	\$ 140,903,317	\$ 133,448,452	\$ 7,454,865

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2021, the District had total bonds payable of \$20,900,000. The bonds were issued for district-wide and library improvements or the refunding of bonds originally issued for improvements. The decrease in outstanding debt represents principal payments. The District also had total installment purchase debt payable of \$24,509,471. The increase in outstanding installment purchase debt is the result of a new energy performance contract entered into in excess of principal payments. A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

Iss	ue	Interest				Increase
Da	te	Rate Ju	ne 30, 2021 J	une 30, 2020	(]	Decrease)
Bonds Payable						
20	09 2	.5 - 5.0% \$	\$	1,850,000	\$	(1,850,000)
20	11 2	.0 - 5.0%	4,320,000	6,360,000		(2,040,000)
20	13 2	.0 - 5.0%	6,825,000	8,880,000		(2,055,000)
20	18	5.00%	2,505,000	3,255,000		(750,000)
20	18 2	25 - 3.0%	7,250,000	7,800,000		(550,000)
		\$	20,900,000 \$	28,145,000	\$	(7,245,000)
Installment Purcha	ase Debt Payable					
20	13	2.35% \$	3,268,769 \$	4,154,651	\$	(885,882)
20	21	1.73%	21,240,702			21,240,702
		\$	24,509,471 \$	4,154,651	\$	20,354,820

The District's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is Aa2. The District's outstanding serial bonds at June 30, 2021 are approximately 2.94% of the District's debt limit.

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences and retirement incentive, which are based on employment contracts, and workers' compensation liability, retirement incentive liability, net pension liability – proportionate share and total other postemployment benefits liability, which are based on actuarial valuations. A summary of the outstanding other long-term liabilities at June 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	<u></u>	une 30, 2021	Jı	ıne 30, 2020	 Increase (Decrease)
Compensated absences	\$	12,977,591	\$	12,964,141	\$ 13,450
Workers' compensation		5,930,584		6,622,493	(691,909)
Retirement incentive liability		2,517,507		2,489,792	27,715
Net pension liability - proportionate share		12,325,411		16,440,987	(4,115,576)
Total OPEB liability		339,911,892		328,377,634	11,534,258
	\$	373,662,985	\$	366,895,047	\$ 6,767,938

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters on May 18, 2021, for the year ending June 30, 2022, is \$203,581,707. This is an increase of \$4,143,769 or 2.08% over the previous year's budget. The increase is principally due to increases in instruction (\$2,721,471), and employee benefits (\$1,739,373) areas of the budget.

The District budgeted revenues other than property taxes and STAR at a \$963,301 decrease from the prior year's estimate, which is principally due to a decrease in operating transfers in of \$1,228,179. The appropriated fund balance of \$4,458,874 applied to the June 30, 2022 budget was an \$858,874 increase over the prior year. The District appropriated \$8,007,984 from various reserves to fund the budget, which is a \$1,667,853 increase over the prior year. A property tax increase of \$2,580,343 (1.99%) levy to levy, was needed to meet the funding shortfall and cover the increase in appropriations.

B. Future Budgets

The property tax cap, and uncertainty in state aid and federal funding, as well as the continuing effect of the COVID-19 pandemic, will greatly impact the District's future budgets.

C. Tax Cap

New York State law limits the increase in the property tax levy of school districts to the lesser of 2.0% or the rate of inflation. There are additional statutory adjustments in the law. School districts may override the tax levy limit by presenting to the voters a budget that requires a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit. However, that budget must be approved by 60% of the votes cast. The District's 2021-2022 property tax increase of 1.99% was less than the tax cap of 2.90% and did not require an override vote.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Lynda G. Adams, Ed. D. - Superintendent Connetquot Central School District 780 Ocean Avenue Bohemia, New York 11716

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash	* 40 Was and
Unrestricted	\$ 19,506,909
Restricted Receivables	52,549,505
Accounts receivable	22,599
Due from state and federal	4,327,571
Due from other governments	6,617,816
Inventory	10,246
Capital assets not being depreciated	26,543,961
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	114,359,356
Total Assets	223,937,963
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges from advance refunding	301,639
Pensions	56,678,932
Other postemployment benefits	79,106,589
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	136,087,160
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	4,306,456
Accrued liabilities Due to fiduciary fund	1,243,200 94,044
Due to induciary fund Due to other governments	21,281
Due to teachers' retirement system	7,819,545
Due to employees' retirement system	883,899
Compensated absences payable	257,747
Other liabilities	798,435
Unearned credits	
Collections in advance	213,409
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable within one year Bonds payable, net	6,048,088
Installment purchase debt payable	2,163,308
Compensated absences payable	850,000
Due and payable after one year	050,000
Bonds payable, net	15,749,089
Installment purchase debt payable	22,346,163
Compensated absences payable	12,127,591
Workers' compensation liabilities	5,930,584
Retirement incentive liability	2,517,507
Net pension liabilities - proportionate share	12,325,411
Total other postemployment benefits liability	339,911,892
Total Liabilities	435,607,649
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0= 004 55=
Pensions Other postemployment benefits	25,081,667 48,407,286
Property of the control of the contr	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	73,488,953
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	116,734,548
Restricted	F 000 400
Workers' compensation	5,930,102
Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution	601,930
Teachers' retirement system	3,002,527
Employees' retirement system	9,528,928
Insurance	1,376,092
Employee benefit accrued liability	10,341,348
Capital	191,287
Repairs	204,009
Debt	14,249
Scholarships	25,943 31,216,415
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(297,022,442)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (149,071,479)

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Expenses		harges for Services	Ope	ram Revenues rating Grants ontributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Бхрепзез		Jei vices	<u> </u>	ond ibudions	 Grants	Net i osition	-
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation	\$	28,531,049 169,777,101 13,366,901	\$	507,225	\$	4,218,126	\$ 1,001,804	\$ (28,531,049) (164,049,946) (13,366,901))
Debt service - interest Food service program		1,394,405 1,921,911		25,603		1,288,745		(1,394,405) (607,563))
Total Functions and Programs	\$	214,991,367	\$	532,828	\$	5,506,871	\$ 1,001,804	(207,949,864)	<u> </u>
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for los Miscellaneous State sources Medicaid reimbursement	ss							119,450,982 13,596,691 649,878 334,423 1,239,957 54,164,334 46,765	_
Total General Revenues								189,483,030	_
Change in Net Position								(18,466,834)	ı
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginn	ing o	of Year, as Restat	ed					(130,604,645)	<u>_</u>
Total Net Position (Deficit) - End of	Year							\$ (149,071,479)	<u> </u>

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	General	9	Special Aid	School Food Service	Debt Service	Capital Projects	aclassroom	Sch	olarships	Pe	rmanent	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					 							
Cash Unrestricted Restricted Receivables	\$ 17,994,304 31,190,472	\$	200,382	\$ 10,030	\$	\$ 1,165,535 21,240,702	\$ 136,658	\$	25,943	\$	92,388	\$ 19,506,909 52,549,505
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from state and federal Due from other governments Inventory	22,599 5,730,465 1,465,818 5,505,342		1,509,823 1,112,474	350,126 10,246	2,401,145	1,986,630 1,001,804						22,599 10,118,240 4,327,571 6,617,816 10,246
Total Assets	\$ 61,909,000	\$	2,822,679	\$ 370,402	\$ 2,401,145	\$ 25,394,671	\$ 136,658	\$	25,943	\$	92,388	\$ 93,152,886
LIABILITIES Payables												
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system Compensated absences payable Other liabilities Unearned credits	\$ 1,309,325 731,663 1,989,470 10,631 7,819,545 883,899 257,747 798,435	\$	37,245 36,064 2,749,140	\$ 58,420 13,799 750,889 2,132	\$ 2,386,896	\$ 2,901,466 2,335,889 8,518	\$	\$		\$		\$ 4,306,456 781,526 10,212,284 21,281 7,819,545 883,899 257,747 798,435
Collections in advance	117,797		22,732	72,880								213,409
Total Liabilities	13,918,512		2,845,181	 898,120	2,386,896	5,245,873	-		_		_	25,294,582
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues						1,001,804						1,001,804
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable: Advance Inventory Scholarships Restricted:	537,964			10,246							92,388	537,964 10,246 92,388
Workers' compensation Unemployment insurance	5,930,102 601,930											5,930,102 601,930
Retirement contribution Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system Insurance Employee benefit accrued liability Capital Repairs	3,002,527 9,528,928 1,376,092 10,341,348 191,287 204,009				14.240							3,002,527 9,528,928 1,376,092 10,341,348 191,287 204,009
Debt Unspent debt proceeds Scholarships					14,249	21,240,702			25,943			14,249 21,240,702 25,943
Assigned: Appropriated fund balance Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned: Fund balance (Deficit)	4,458,874 1,705,093 10,112,334		(22,502)	(537,964)		(2,093,708)	136,658					4,458,874 1,841,751 7,458,160
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	47,990,488		(22,502)	 (527,718)	 14,249	19,146,994	 136,658		25,943		92,388	66,856,500
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 61,909,000	\$	2,822,679	\$ 370,402	\$ 2,401,145	\$ 25,394,671	\$ 136,658	\$	25,943	\$	92,388	\$ 93,152,886

See Notes to Financial Statements - 20 -

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 66,856,5	500
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, site improvements, furniture and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.			
Original cost of capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 227,352,021 (86,448,704)	140,903,3	317
Proportionate share of long-term liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or liabilities and are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability - teachers' retirement system Net pension liability - employees' retirement system Deferred inflows of resources	56,678,932 (12,262,814) (62,597) (25,081,667)	19,271,8	854
Deferred charges from advance refunding of bonds are not reported on the Balance Sheet, but are reflected on the Statement of Net Position and amortized over the life of the related bonds.		17,271,0	334
Deferred charges on advanced refunding Less: accumulated amortization	1,635,354 (1,333,715)	301,6	639
Total other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows related to providing providing benefits in retirement are not current financial resources or liabilities and are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources Total other postemployment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources	79,106,589 (339,911,892) (48,407,286)	(309,212,5	589)
Long-term receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, the revenue is deferred on the governmental fund statements.		1,001,8	304
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:			
Accrued interest on bonds payable Bonds payable, net Installment purchase debt payable Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities Retirement incentive liability	(461,674) (21,797,177) (24,509,471) (12,977,591) (5,930,584) (2,517,507)	(68,194,0	004)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		\$ (149,071,4	

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				, ,					
	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Extraclassroom Activities	Scholarships	Permanent	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 119,450,982 13,596,691 242,104 647,899	\$	\$ 34	\$ 1,945	\$	\$	\$ 56	\$	\$ 119,450,982 13,596,691 242,104 649,934
Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous Interfund revenues State sources Medicaid reimbursement Federal sources	334,423 1,239,957 45,479 54,828,498 46,765	1,031,058 1,364,496 1,792,207	27,263 1,261,482	1,743	1,206,531	265,121	30,309		334,423 2,566,445 45,479 57,426,788 46,765 3,053,689
Sales			25,603						25,603
Total Revenues	190,432,798	4,187,761	1,314,382	1,945	1,206,531	265,121	30,365		197,438,903
EXPENDITURES General support Instruction Pupil transportation Employee benefits Debt service	20,144,854 101,608,019 9,109,948 45,452,624	45,479 4,251,825 312,959				271,006	20,640		20,190,333 106,151,490 9,422,907 45,452,624
Principal Interest Food service program Capital outlay	8,130,882 1,715,677		1,881,084		10,380,684				8,130,882 1,715,677 1,881,084 10,380,684
Total Expenditures	186,162,004	4,610,263	1,881,084		10,380,684	271,006	20,640		203,325,681
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,270,794	(422,502)	(566,702)	1,945	(9,174,153)	(5,885)	9,725		(5,886,778)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USE Proceeds of debt Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	(830,000)	400,000	430,000		21,240,702				21,240,702 830,000 (830,000)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(830,000)	400,000	430,000		21,240,702				21,240,702
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,440,794	(22,502)	(136,702)	1,945	12,066,549	(5,885)	9,725	-	15,353,924
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year, as Restated	44,549,694		(391,016)	12,304	7,080,445	142,543	16,218	92,388	51,502,576
End of Year	\$ 47,990,488	\$ (22,502)	\$ (527,718)	\$ 14,249	\$ 19,146,994	\$ 136,658	\$ 25,943	\$ 92,388	\$ 66,856,500

See Notes to Financial Statements - 22 -

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance		\$ 15,353,924
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
Certain revenues are recognized in the governmental funds when they provide current financial resources. However, these revenues were recognized in the Statement of Activities in prior years when they were earned.	\$ (868,891)	
Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) may exceed the amounts incurred during the year, resulting in a reduction of the long-term liability and an increase in the net position.		
Decrease in workers' compensation liability	691,909	
Certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities.		
Increase in compensated absences payable Increase in retirement incentive liability	(13,450) (27,715)	(218,147)
Capital Related Differences		(210,147)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlays and other additions Depreciation expense	11,451,583 (3,996,718)	
Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences		7,454,865
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds are other funding sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.	(21,240,702)	
The amortization of deferred premium, net of the amortization of the deferred charges on the advance refunding of bonds, decreases interest expense in the Statement of Activities.	316,545	
Repayments of long-term debt are expenditures in governmental funds, but they reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.		
Repayment of bond principal Repayment of installment purchase debt principal	7,245,000 885,882	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest decreased from June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021.	4,727	
Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences		(12,788,548)
The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans and the change in other postemployment benefits expense reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system	(9,159,985) 1,292,527	
Other postemployment benefits	(20,401,470)	(28,268,928)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (18,466,834)

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2021

	Cu	ıstodial
ASSETS Due from governmental funds	\$	94,044
LIABILITIES Due to other governments		94,044
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	-

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary FundFor the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial
ADDITIONS Real property taxes collections for the Library:	\$ 6,334,916
Total Additions	6,334,916
DEDUCTIONS Real property taxes payments to the Library:	6,334,916
Change in Net Position	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	
Net Position - End of Year	_ \$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Connetquot Central School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Eastern Suffolk (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:

Governmental Funds - are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Food Service Fund - is used to account for the activities of the food service program.

Debt Service Fund - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Extraclassroom Activities Fund – is used to account for the funds operated by and for the students of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Scholarships Fund – is used to account for funds collected that benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students.

Permanent Fund – used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings and not principal may be used for purposes that support the District's programs, i.e., for the benefit of the District

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or custodian for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used to finance District operations. The following is the District's fiduciary fund:

Custodial Fund – is used to account for real property taxes collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus describes what type of information is reported, and is either the economic resources measurement focus or the current financial resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus reports all assets, liabilities and deferred resources related to a given activity, as well as transactions of the period that affect net position. For example, all assets, whether financial (e.g., cash and receivables) or capital (e.g., property and equipment) and liabilities (including long-term debt and obligations) are reported. The current financial resources measurement focus reports more narrowly on assets, liabilities and deferred resources that are relevant to near-term liquidity, along with net changes resulting from transactions of the period. Consequently, capital assets and the unmatured portion of long-term debt and certain other liabilities the District would not expect to liquidate currently with expendable available financial resources (e.g., compensated absences for employees still in active service) would not be reported.

Basis of accounting describes when changes are recognized, and is either the accrual basis of accounting or the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes in net position when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes only at the point they affect near-term liquidity.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, retirement incentives,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

pension costs and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

E. Real Property Taxes

Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than November 1st and become a lien on December 1st. Taxes are collected by the Town of Islip and remitted to the District from December to June.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County in June.

F. Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)

The District reports PILOT revenues in the general fund as part of other tax items revenues. These PILOT revenues are often the result of tax abatements granted by industrial development agencies of the Town and/or the County to help promote local economic development. Property owners make PILOT payments to the government agencies, which in turn remit the collected payments to the District.

G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

H. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including revenue availability, compensated absences, retirement incentives, pension costs, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation liabilities, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of capital assets.

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

K. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectibles has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

L. Inventory

Inventory of food in the school food service fund is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. Inventory is accounted for on the consumption method. Under the consumption method, a current asset for the inventory is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods are consumed.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventory does not constitute available spendable resources.

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Capitalization Threshold		Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements Site improvements	\$	50,000 25,000	50 years 20 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	5-20 years

N. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the unamortized amount of deferred charges from several years' refunding of bonds. The amount for two bond issues is being amortized as a component of interest expense on a straight-line basis and the amounts for the other bond issue is being amortized as a component of interest on a weighted average basis. The second item is related to pensions and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense and the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS) subsequent to the measurement date. The third item is related to OPEB and represents the change in the total other postemployment benefits liability not included in OPEB.

O. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when charges for services monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the District, such as prepaid lunch amounts. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

P. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date, seven years if originally issued during calendar year 2015 through, and including, 2021. The notes, or renewal thereof, may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue, unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each twelve-month period thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Q. Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination or death.

Certain collectively bargained agreements require these termination payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30^{th} .

R. Employee Benefits - Retirement Incentive

Retirement incentive consists of first year eligible retirement incentive payments as specified in collective bargaining agreements or individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, employees may receive a lump sum payment based on years of service and meeting the eligibility requirements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 47.

In the fund financial statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund.

S. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

The District provides individual or family health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

In addition to providing these benefits, the District provides individual, family or surviving spouse postemployment health insurance coverage for eligible retired employees. Collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the district-wide statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

T. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue/expense credit) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. This includes a receivable of state aid for a capital improvement grant. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. In the District-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are treated as revenues. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense. The third item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and represents changes in the total other postemployment benefits liability not included in OPEB expense.

U. Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction, and improvements of those assets.

Restricted – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

Fund Statements

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of the long-term portion of loans receivable related to the school food service fund balance deficit which is recorded in the general fund, inventory which is recorded in the school food service fund, and nonexpendable scholarship funds which are recorded in the permanent fund.

Restricted – Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The Board may also adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund.

Insurance Reserve

Insurance Reserve (GML §6-n) is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit primarily based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Repairs Reserve

Repairs Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Restricted for Debt

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects; interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premium and accrued interest are recorded in the debt service fund and held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the debt service fund.

Restricted – Unspent Debt Proceeds

Unspent debt proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Restricted for Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, including earnings and net of awards. These restricted funds are accounted for in the scholarships fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – Represents the residual classification for the District's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending of available resources. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318, restricts the unassigned fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by budget or any Board approved budget revision, then from the assigned fund balance to the extent appropriated by the Board, and then from the unassigned fund balance.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. This statement provides guidance for identifying fiduciary activities, primarily based on whether the assets associated with the activities are controlled by the government and the government does not have administrative involvement with the assets. As a result, agency and private purpose trust activities previously reported within the fiduciary funds are now reported within the governmental funds.

3. FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements are issued to set generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments. The following is not an all-inclusive list of GASB standards issued, but the statement that the District feels may have a future impact on these financial statements. The District will evaluate the impact of this pronouncement and implement it, as applicable, if material.

Effective for the Year Ending

Effective for the Year Ending GASB No. 87 - Leases

June 30, 2022

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87 will change the reporting of leases in the district-wide financial statements. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of financial resources.

4. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term assets and liabilities.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis, whereas the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan, versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the District's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan.

Other postemployment benefit differences occur as a result of recognizing OPEB costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized for health insurance premiums and other postemployment benefit costs as they mature (come due for payment), versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the future cost of benefits in retirement over the term of employment.

5. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are established by the adoption of the budget, are recorded at the program line item level, and constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriation of fund balances. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Contingent expenditures related to COVID-19 funded by unassigned fund balance	\$ 3,056,674
Instruction expenditures funded by donations	 169
	\$ 3,056,843

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Unassigned Fund Balance

The District's general fund unassigned fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The District is in the process of formulating a plan to reduce the unassigned fund balance to be within the permissible limit. This plan will address funding its reserves to a fiscally prudent level and the capital needs of the District.

D. Special Aid Fund Deficit

The special aid fund has an unassigned fund balance deficit of \$22,502, arising from expenditures incurred. The deficit will be eliminated with the recognition of revenue from the funding awarded by New York State under the American Rescue Plan (ARP).

E. School Food Service Fund Deficit

The school food service fund has an unassigned fund balance deficit of \$537,964. This is expected to be funded by a budgeted or Board authorized subsequent year transfer from the general fund.

F. Capital Projects Fund Deficit

The capital projects fund has an unassigned fund balance deficit of \$2,093,708. This will be funded when the District obtains permanent financing for its current construction project.

6. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The District's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the District's behalf at year-end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

7. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District was billed \$15,540,115 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,982,280. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 201 Sunrise Highway, Patchogue, New York, 11772.

8. <u>DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL</u>

Due from state and federal at June 30, 2021 consisted of:

General Fund		
New York State - excess cost aid	\$	1,465,818
Special Aid Fund		
Federal and State grants		1,509,823
School Food Service Fund		
Federal and State program reimbursements		350,126
Capital Projects Fund		
SMART Schools Bond Act grant		1,001,804
	ф	4 227 574
	\$	4,327,571

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

9. <u>DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS</u>

Due from other governments at June 30, 2021 consisted of:

General Fund	
BOCES aid	\$ 3,651,877
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,585,740
Program revenue due from other districts	267,725
	5,505,342
Special Aid Fund	
County of Suffolk	1,112,474
	\$ 6,617,816
	\$ 6,617,816

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICTNOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Balance	A 1 1	n l «	Balance
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2021
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,440,000	\$	\$	\$ 2,440,000
Construction in progress	14,756,018	9,347,943		24,103,961
Total capital assets not being depreciated	17,196,018	9,347,943		26,543,961
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	181,355,998	1,017,019		182,373,017
Site improvements	2,485,644			2,485,644
Furniture and equipment	15,903,040	1,086,621	(1,040,262)	15,949,399
Total capital assets being depreciated	199,744,682	2,103,640	(1,040,262)	200,808,060
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	69,558,371	2,963,133		72,521,504
Site improvements	2,106,475	81,033		2,187,508
Furniture and equipment	11,827,402	952,552	(1,040,262)	11,739,692
Total accumulated depreciation	83,492,248	3,996,718	(1,040,262)	86,448,704
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	116,252,434	(1,893,078)		114,359,356
Capital assets, net	\$133,448,452	\$ 7,454,865	\$ -	\$140,903,317

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 327,730
Instruction	3,178,795
Pupil transportation	449,366
Food service program	40,827
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,996,718

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Interfund							
	Receivable		Payable		Transfers In		Tra	insfers Out
		_		_				
General Fund	\$	5,730,465	\$	1,989,470	\$		\$	830,000
Special Aid Fund				2,749,140		400,000		
School Food Service Fund				750,889		430,000		
Debt Service Fund		2,401,145		2,386,896				
Capital Projects Fund		1,986,630		2,335,889				
Total Governmental Funds		10,118,240		10,212,284	\$	830,000	\$	830,000
Custodial Fund		94,044			-			
Total	\$	10,212,284	\$	10,212,284				

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund and school food service fund in accordance with the approved budget. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the summer program for students with disabilities. The transfer to the school food service fund was a budgeted transfer of \$430,000 to provide support for the operating loss for the program.

12. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year is summarized below:

		Stated				
		Interest	Balance			Balance
	Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2020	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2021
TAN	6/25/2021	1.25-1.75%	\$ -	\$ 40,000,000	\$ (40,000,000)	\$ -

The TAN was issued to provide cash flow for the District until the District receives the real property taxes from the Town.

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$449,167, net of a premium of \$346,770, to yield an effective interest rate of 0.3291%.

13. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes

Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities, for the year are summarized below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Amounts Due Within One Year
Long-term debt:					
Bonds payable	\$ 28,145,000	\$	\$ (7,245,000)	\$ 20,900,000	\$ 5,620,000
Add: Premiums on refunding	1,367,267		(470,090)	897,177	428,088
	29,512,267		(7,715,090)	21,797,177	6,048,088
Installment purchase debt	4,154,651	21,240,702	(885,882)	24,509,471	2,163,308
	33,666,918	21,240,702	(8,600,972)	46,306,648	8,211,396
Other long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	12,964,141	13,450		12,977,591	850,000
Workers' compensation	6,622,493	1,205,847	(1,897,756)	5,930,584	
Retirement incentive	2,489,792	27,715		2,517,507	
	\$ 55,743,344	\$ 22,487,714	\$(10,498,728)	\$ 67,732,330	\$ 9,061,396

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2021
Refunding Debt Refunding Debt Refunding Debt District improvement	12/29/2011 10/1/2013 6/21/2018 8/29/2018	1/15/2023 1/15/2024 7/15/2023 8/15/2033	2.0 - 5.0% 2.0 - 5.0% 5.00% 2.25 - 3.0%	\$ 4,320,000 6,825,000 2,505,000 7,250,000
				\$ 20,900,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Year Ending June	30,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
					_		
2022		\$	5,620,000	\$	438,631	\$	6,058,631
2023			5,860,000		313,625		6,173,625
2024			3,820,000		174,000		3,994,000
2025			550,000		84,000		634,000
2026			550,000		75,750		625,750
2027 - 2031			2,750,000		255,000		3,005,000
2032 - 2034			1,750,000		52,875		1,802,875
					_		
	Total	\$	20,900,000	\$	1,393,881	\$	22,293,881

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Advance Refunding

In the district-wide statements, the District is amortizing deferred charges and refunding bond premiums as a component of interest expense for the December 2011 and June 2018 advanced bond refunding's on a straight-line basis and for the October 2013 advanced bond refunding on a weighted average basis as follows:

	An	nortization			Inte	rest Expense		
	of	Deferred	An	nortization	I	ncrease /		
Year Ending June 30,	Charges		Charges		Charges of Premium		(]	Decrease)
				_		_		
2022	\$	146,315	\$	(428,088)	\$	(281,773)		
2023		138,716		(383,944)		(245,228)		
2024		16,608		(85,145)		(68,537)		
	\$	301,639	\$	(897,177)	\$	(595,538)		

D. Installment Purchase Debt Payable

Installment purchase debt payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2021
Installment purchase debt payable Installment purchase debt payable	7/15/2013 4/21/2021	7/15/2024 4/16/2036	2.35% 1.73%	\$ 3,268,769 21,240,702
				\$ 24,509,471

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for installment purchase debt payable:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	2,163,308	\$	428,447	\$ 2,591,755
2023		2,201,427		390,328	2,591,755
2024		2,245,490		346,265	2,591,755
2025		1,801,286		301,299	2,102,585
2026		1,340,692		272,721	1,613,413
2027 - 2031		7,061,077		1,005,991	8,067,068
2032 - 2036		7,696,191		370,877	 8,067,068
				_	
	\$	24,509,471	\$	3,115,928	\$ 27,625,399

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

E. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 1,266,510
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(466,401)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	461,674
Less amortization of advance refunding deferred items	 (316,545)
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 945,238

14. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

B. Provisions and Administration

Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors, and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in the TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the TRS may be found on the TRS website at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY, 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the NYSRSSL. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the ERS. As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY, 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Funding Policies

Plan members who joined the systems before July 27, 1976, are not required to make contributions. Those joining on or after July 27, 1976, and before January 1, 2010, with less than ten years of credited services are required to contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to ERS or 3.5% of their salary to TRS throughout active membership. Those joining on or after April 1, 2012, are required to contribute between 3% and 6% dependent on their salary throughout active membership. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on covered salaries paid. For the TRS, the employers' contribution rate is established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30th, and employer contributions are deducted from state aid in the subsequent months of September, October, and November. For the ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by the prior December 15th less a 1% discount or by the prior February 1st. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year. The District's contribution rate was 8.86% of covered payroll for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District's average contribution rate was 14.39% of covered payroll for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the District's year ended June 30, 2021 was \$7,360,257 for TRS at the contribution rate of 9.53% and \$3,303,039 for ERS at an average contribution rate of 14.55%.

D. Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2020 for TRS and March 31, 2021 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and the ERS in reports provided to the District.

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2021
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset / (liability)	\$ (12,262,814)	\$ (62,597)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset / (liability)	0.443779%	0.0628652%
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date	(0.006997)	0.0007782

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$16,520,242 for TRS and \$2,010,512 for ERS. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflov	ws of Resources	
	TRS	ERS	TRS	ERS	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,744,679	\$ 764,484	\$ 628,446	\$	
Changes of assumptions	15,509,605	11,509,639	5,528,364	217,075	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	8,008,692			17,981,654	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	682,569	1,215,108	676,079	50,049	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,360,257	883,899			
Total	\$ 42,305,802	\$ 14,373,130	\$ 6,832,889	\$ 18,248,778	

District contributions, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	TRS	ERS
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 4,790,938 9,657,126 7,968,247 4,905,749 170,099	\$ (645,691) (42,806) (740,879) (3,330,171)
Thereafter	620,497	
	\$ 28,112,656	\$ (4,759,547)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019	April 1, 2020
Inflation	2.20%	2.70%
Salary increases	1.90-4.72%	4.40%
Investment rate of return (net of investment		
expense, including inflation)	7.10%	5.90%
Cost of living adjustments	1.30%	1.40%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2019, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

	TRS		ERS		
	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return	
Measurement date		June 30, 2020		March 31, 2021	
Asset type					
Domestic equity	33.0%	7.10%	32.0%	4.05%	
International equity	16.0%	7.70%	15.0%	6.30%	
Global equity	4.0%	7.40%			
Real estate	11.0%	6.80%	9.0%	4.95%	
Private equities	8.0%	10.40%	10.0%	6.75%	
Alternatives investments			10.0%	3.63-5.95%	
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0%	1.80%			
Global fixed income securities	2.0%	1.00%			
High-yield fixed income securities	1.0%	3.90%			
Bonds and mortgages			23.0%	0.00%	
Private debt	1.0%	5.20%			
Real estate debt	7.0%	3.60%			
Cash and equivalents	1.0%	0.70%			
Cash		_	1.0%	0.50%	
	100.0%	_	100.0%		

Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for TRS and 2.0% for ERS.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS (the discount rate used by the ERS at the prior year's measurement date of March 31, 2020, was 6.80%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.10% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.10% for TRS and 4.90% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (8.10% for TRS and 6.90% for ERS) than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

TRS	1% Decrease 6.10%	Current Assumption 7.10%	1% Increase 8.10%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (77,459,969)	\$ (12,262,814)	\$ 42,454,122
ERS	1% Decrease 4.90%	Current Assumption 5.90%	1% Increase 6.90%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (17,374,612)	\$ (62,597)	\$ 15,903,131

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

		TRS		ERS
		(Dollars in	Tho	usands)
Measurement date	Jι	ine 30, 2020	M	Jarch 31, 2021
Employers' total pension liability	\$	(123,242,776)	\$	(220,680,157)
Plan fiduciary net position		120,479,505		220,580,583
Employers' net pension liability	\$	(2,763,271)	\$	(99,574)
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability		97.76%		99.95%

Payables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are paid to the system in September, October, and November 2021 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021, represent employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$7,360,257 of employer contributions and \$459,288 of employee contributions.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$883,899 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. PENSION PLANS - OTHER

A. Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain compensated absence payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, totaled \$1,232,553 and \$5,127,553, respectively.

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for all employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$391,577.

16. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description –The District-provides OPEB for eligible, retired employees of the District. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in the various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare benefits and Medicare Part B coverage for eligible retirees. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	805
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	997
	1,802

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$339,911,892 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability, as of the measurement date, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Inflation	2.50%	
Salary increases	2.9% - 10%	Vary based on NYS TRS and ERS assumptions
Discount rate	2.16%	
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.40%	for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.04% by 2075
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	3-10% 10-15%	Teachers Operations and maintenance and clerical Principals and supervisors Transportation

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted Table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected fully generationally using Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 328,377,634
Changes for the year	
Service cost	13,965,757
Interest	7,490,339
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(8,132,327)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	5,076,098
Benefit payments	(6,865,609)
	11,534,258
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 339,911,892

Changes of assumptions and other inputs is based on several factors including a change in the discount rate from 2.21% in 2020 to 2.16% in 2021, change in the health care trend rate, change in mortality rate, and updated termination and retirement rates as per the actuarial valuation report.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	Discount				
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase		
OPEB	1.16%	2.16%	3.16%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ (410,934,811)	\$(339,911,892)	\$ (284,555,583)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.40%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.40%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost			
	1% Decrease Trend Rates 1% Incr			
	4.40%	5.40%	6.40%	
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to	
ОРЕВ	3.04%	4.04%	5.04%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ (274,470,887)	\$ (339,911,892)	\$ (427,968,370)	

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$27,267,079. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		
	Outflows	Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 42,405,957	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	79,106,589	6,001,329	
Total	\$ 79,106,589	\$ 48,407,286	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2022	\$ 5,810,983
2023	5,810,983
2024	5,810,983
2025	6,275,510
2026	7,427,449
Thereafter	 (436,605)
	 _
	\$ 30,699,303

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year, and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

A. Risk Retention

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities do not include an amount for reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year-end but not reported (IBNR). Claims activity is summarized below:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	
Unpaid claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claim payments	\$ 6,524,883 1,552,469 (1,454,859)	\$ 6,622,493 1,205,847 (1,897,756)	
Unpaid claims at year end	\$ 6,622,493	\$ 5,930,584	

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$5,930,102 of funds in the workers' compensation reserve.

B. Public Entity Risk Pool

The District participates in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal (NYSIR), a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its property and liability insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of certain defined limits, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

18. <u>RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES</u>

The District expects to appropriate the following amounts from reserves, which are reported in the June 30, 2021 restricted fund balances, to fund the budget for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Workers' compensation	\$ 1,600,000
Unemployment insurance	400,000
Retirement contribution -	
Teachers' retirement system	1,492,984
Employees' retirement system	3,415,000
Employee benefit accrued liability	1,100,000
	\$ 8,007,984

19. ASSIGNED APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$4,458,874 has been appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2022.

20. RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL RESERVE

The following is a summary of the District's restricted capital reserve activity since inception:

Date Created	ľ	May 2016
Number of Years to Fund		10
Maximum Funding	\$	9,500,000
General Fund		
Funding Provided Since Inception	\$	9,500,000
Interest Earnings Since Inception		382,200
Use of Reserve Since Inception		(9,690,913)
Total General Fund		191,287
Capital Projects Fund		
Funding Provided Since Inception		9,690,913
Use of Reserve Since Inception		(9,690,913)
Total Capital Projects Fund		_
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	191,287

21. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84. The implementation of Statement No. 84 resulted in the reporting of changes in cash and current liabilities. The District's net fund balance and net position have been restated as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	General Fund	Extraclassroom Activity Fund	Scholarship Fund	Permanent Fund	Statement of Net Position
Fund Balance/Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year, as Reported	\$ 44,549,694	\$	\$	\$	\$ (130,855,794)
Assets Cash Accounts receivable	435,887	142,543	16,218	92,388	687,036
Due from fiduciary fund	435,887	142,543	16,218	92,388	687,036
Liabilities					
Due to fiduciary fund Other liabilities	(284,564)				(284,564)
Other habilities	720,451 435,887				720,451 435,887
Fund Balance/Net Position Restricted			16,218	92,388	108,606
Assigned, unappropriated Unrestricted		142,543	,	1 = ,0 = 0	142,543
omestricteu		142,543	16,218	92,388	251,149
Fund Balance/Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year, as Restated	\$ 44,549,694	\$ 142,543	\$ 16,218	\$ 92,388	\$ (130,604,645)

22. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency and the Town of Islip Industrial Development Agency enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The District's property tax revenue was reduced \$5,006,981. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$3,235,733.

23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2021, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance:

General Fund

General support	\$ 1,677,031
Instruction	28,062
	1,705,093
Capital Projects Fund	
Capital projects	10,705,149

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

D. Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total rental expenditures on such leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were approximately \$230,274. The minimum future operating lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2022 2023	\$	266,826 202,497
2023 2024 2025		93,843 5,560
	\$	568,726

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements, except for the following:

A. Issuance of TANs

On September 1, 2021, the District issued tax anticipation notes in the amount of \$47,500,000, which are due June 24, 2022 and bear interest at a stated rate of 1.50%. The District received premiums of \$537,748 with the borrowing to yield an effective interest rate of 0.1090%.

B. Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act

In September 2021, The District was awarded CRRSA funding of \$4,431,085 through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Program and \$680,560 through the Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Program. Additionally, the District received an allocation of American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act of \$2,802,607 under the ESSER program. The funds are to be used for eligible expenditures, which support the District's ability to continue to provide educational services. The funds will be recognized in the special aid fund as expended and the fund balance deficit at June 30, 2021 will be eliminated.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance with Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources	d 440 504 000	h 440.445.50¢	h 440.450.000	.
Real property taxes	\$ 118,794,382	\$ 119,447,596	\$ 119,450,982	\$ 3,386
Other tax items	13,071,099 275,000	12,417,885 275,000	13,596,691 242.104	1,178,806
Charges for services Use of money and property	718,000	718,000	242,104 647,899	(32,896) (70,101)
Sale of property and	/18,000	/18,000	047,899	(70,101)
compensation for loss	174,500	174,500	334,423	159,923
Miscellaneous	699,000	699,169	1,239,957	540,788
Interfund revenues	20,000	20,000	45,479	25,479
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Local Sources	133,751,981	133,752,150	135,557,535	1,805,385
Charles Carrows	E4 422 107	E4 422 107	E4.030.400	205 211
State Sources	54,433,187	54,433,187	54,828,498	395,311
Medicaid Reimbursement	72,156	72,156	46,765	(25,391)
Total Revenues	188,257,324	188,257,493	190,432,798	2,175,305
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating Transfers In	1,240,483	1,240,483	_	(1,240,483)
operating transfers in	1,210,100			(1)2 10,100)
Total Revenues and Other Sources	189,497,807	189,497,976	190,432,798	\$ 934,822
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE				
Prior Years' Surplus	3,600,000	6,656,674		
Appropriated Reserves	6,340,131	6,340,131		
	· · · ·			
Total Appropriated Fund Balance	9,940,131	12,996,805		
Total Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 199,437,938	\$ 202,494,781		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Actual and Encumbrances
EXPENDITURES					
General Support Board of education	\$ 195,940	\$ 195,940	\$ 124,313	\$ -	\$ 71,627
Central administration	351,452	362,263	355,065	φ -	7,198
Finance	1,551,452	1,645,152	1,586,246		58,906
Staff	1,606,987	1,631,232	1,377,917		253,315
Central services	16,244,043	18,314,470	15,010,104	1,677,031	1,627,335
Special items	1,697,750	1,701,403	1,691,209		10,194
Total General Support	21,647,624	23,850,460	20,144,854	1,677,031	2,028,575
Instruction					
Administration & improvement	6,728,082	7,276,544	7,061,472	458	214,614
Teaching - regular school	55,625,063	56,517,266	54,599,066	13,607	1,904,593
Programs for students					
with disabilities	26,503,795	26,480,886	23,983,580		2,497,306
Occupational education	1,989,301	1,989,301	1,976,322		12,979
Teaching - special schools Instructional media	429,150 3,776,747	429,150 4,499,653	205,442 4,246,568		223,708 253,085
Pupil services	10,243,518	10,833,395	9,535,569	13,997	1,283,829
Tupii services	10,210,010	10,000,070	3,555,557	10,777	1,200,027
Total Instruction	105,295,656	108,026,195	101,608,019	28,062	6,390,114
Pupil Transportation	10,519,712	10,355,310	9,109,948		1,245,362
Employee Benefits	50,947,553	49,235,423	45,452,624		3,782,799
Debt Service					
Principal	8,130,882	8,130,882	8,130,882		-
Interest	2,066,511	2,066,511	1,715,677		350,834
Total Debt Service	10,197,393	10,197,393	9,846,559		350,834
Total Expenditures	198,607,938	201,664,781	186,162,004	1,705,093	13,797,684
OTHER USES	020.000	020.000	020.000		
Operating Transfers Out	830,000	830,000	830,000		
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 199,437,938	\$ 202,494,781	186,992,004	1,705,093	\$ 13,797,684
Net Change in Fund Balance			3,440,794		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			44,549,694		
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 47,990,488		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) Last Seven Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	2021 2020 2019		2019	2018 2017		2016	2015		
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.443779%	0.450776%	0.440525%	0.443230%	0.446379%	0.439474%	0.447848%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (12,262,814)	\$ 11,711,193	\$ 7,965,850	\$ 3,377,295	\$ (4,780,901)	\$ 45,647,333	\$ 49,887,448		
District's covered payroll	\$ 75,324,695	\$ 76,080,733	\$ 72,561,489	\$ 71,123,057	\$ 70,355,597	\$ 68,292,766	\$ 68,581,292		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(16.28)%	15.39 %	10.98 %	4.75 %	(6.80)%	66.84 %	72.74 %		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%		
Discount rates	7.10%	7.10%	7.25%	7.25%	7.25% 7.50%		8.00%		
Employees' Retirement System									
	En	nployees' Retireme	ent System						
	E n	nployees' Retireme	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
District's proportion of the net pension liability			-	2018 0.0631567%	2017 0.0651297%	2016 0.0617504%	2015 0.0630717%		
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	2021	2020	2019						
	2021 0.0628652%	2020	2019 0.0624122%	0.0631567%	0.0651297%	0.0617504%	0.0630717%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	2021 0.0628652% \$ (62,597)	2020 0.0620870% \$ (16,440,987)	2019 0.0624122% \$ (4,422,095)	0.0631567% \$ (2,038,347)	0.0651297% \$ (6,119,730)	0.0617504% \$ (9,911,117)	0.0630717% \$ (2,130,716)		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	2021 0.0628652% \$ (62,597) \$ 21,998,040	2020 0.0620870% \$ (16,440,987) \$ 20,759,927	2019 0.0624122% \$ (4,422,095) \$ 20,774,169	0.0631567% \$ (2,038,347) \$ 20,252,221	0.0651297% \$ (6,119,730) \$ 19,892,648	0.0617504% \$ (9,911,117) \$ 20,697,096	0.0630717% \$ (2,130,716) \$ 20,281,498		

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,360,257	\$ 6,673,768	\$ 7,031,728	\$ 7,031,728	\$ 8,263,907	\$ 9,137,708	\$ 11,567,602	\$ 10,754,571	\$ 7,869,583	\$ 7,405,655
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	7,360,257	6,673,768	7,031,728	7,031,728	8,263,907	9,137,708	11,567,602	10,754,571	7,869,583	7,405,655
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 77,232,497	\$ 75,324,695	\$ 76,080,733	\$ 72,561,489	\$ 71,123,057	\$ 70,355,597	\$ 68,292,766	\$ 68,581,292	\$ 68,513,422	\$ 68,703,390
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10%	9%	9%	10%	12%	13%	17%	16%	11%	11%
			Employ	ees' Retirement S	vstem					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,303,039	\$ 2,997,006	\$ 2,971,910	\$ 2,979,242	\$ 3,124,406	\$ 3,039,136	\$ 3,623,145	\$ 3,852,022	\$ 3,405,631	\$ 2,823,839
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,303,039	2,997,006	2,971,910	2,979,242	3,124,406	3,039,136	3,623,145	3,852,022	3,405,631	2,823,839
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,695,284	\$ 21,837,890	\$ 20,961,723	\$ 20,385,639	\$ 20,083,341	\$ 21,499,992	\$ 20,342,455	\$ 20,432,191	\$ 20,159,117	\$ 19,884,733

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Four Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ 13,965,757 7,490,339	\$ 10,534,595 10,454,711	\$ 5,777,286 9,597,730	\$ 6,028,771 8,819,172
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	(8,132,327) 5,076,098 (6,865,609)	(43,508,614) 66,723,205 (6,239,535)	(6,972,495) 43,353,944 (7,071,410)	- (12,467,185) (5,996,248)
Net change in total OPEB liability	11,534,258	37,964,362	44,685,055	(3,615,490)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	328,377,634	290,413,272	245,728,217	249,343,707
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 339,911,892	\$ 328,377,634	\$ 290,413,272	\$ 245,728,217
Covered employee payroll	\$ 88,875,045	\$ 87,919,040	\$ 92,894,022	\$ 82,517,340
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	382.46%	373.50%	312.63%	297.79%
Discount rates	2.16%	2.21%	3.51%	3.87%
Healthcare trend rates	5.40% to 4.04% by 2075	5.40% to 3.84% by 2075	5.50% to 3.84% by 2075	5.50% to 3.84% by 2078

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget		\$ 199,437,938
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances		 <u>-</u>
Original Budget		199,437,938
Budget Revision		 3,056,843
Final Budget		\$ 202,494,781
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		
2021-2022 voter-approved expenditure budget		\$ 203,581,707
Maximum allowed (4% of 2021-2022 budget)		\$ 8,143,268
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 6,163,967 10,112,334	\$ 16,276,301
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances Total adjustments	 4,458,874 1,705,093	6,163,967
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		\$ 10,112,334
Actual Percentage		4.97%

^{*}The District adopted a resolution on October 13, 2020 to appropriate \$3,056,674 of unassigned fund balance for unanticipated ordinary contingent expenditures to preserve and protect the health and safety of students and staff as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak.

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources - Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Expenditures				Methods o	f Financing		Fund
	Budget	Budget	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Proceeds of		<u></u>	<u> </u>	Balance
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	Years	Year	Total	Balance	Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	June 30, 2021
PROJECT TITLE											
2013-14 Capital Projects	\$ 445,035	\$ 445,035	\$		\$ -	\$ 445,035			\$ 445,035	\$ 445,035	\$ 445,035
2013-14 Capital Hojects	Ψ 113,033	Ψ 113,033	Ψ			Ψ 113,033			Ψ 113,033	Ψ 113,033	φ 443,033
2017-18 Capital Projects	2,500,000	2,500,000	1,442,738	1,365	1,444,103	1,055,897			2,500,000	2,500,000	1,055,897
2010 10 Contain Daring	4 000 000	4 000 000	2 201 016	000 742	4.102.650	006 242			4.000.000	4 000 000	006 242
2018-19 Capital Projects	4,999,000	4,999,000	3,201,916	990,742	4,192,658	806,342			4,999,000	4,999,000	806,342
2015 Bond / GF Project											
Sycamore Improvements	1,188,436	1,166,862	1,166,862		1,166,862	-	537,671		629,191	1,166,862	-
Sycamore Security Vestibule	25,482	25,248	25,248		25,248	-	11,633		13,615	25,248	-
John Pearl Improvements	951,576	933,997	933,997		933,997	-	430,371		503,626	933,997	-
John Pearl Security Vestibule	50,523	51,016	51,016		51,016	-	23,507		27,509	51,016	-
Slocum Improvements	998,009	973,777	973,777		973,777	-	448,701		525,076	973,777	-
Slocum Security Vestibule	35,445	34,720	34,720		34,720	-	15,998		18,722	34,720	-
Duffield Improvements	973,878	956,950	956,950		956,950	-	440,948		516,002	956,950	-
Duffield Security Vestibule	19,072	18,892	18,892		18,892	-	8,705		10,187	18,892	-
Premm. Improvements	95,477	74,785	74,785		74,785	-	34,460		40,325	74,785	-
High School Improvements	4,142,068	4,077,081	4,077,081		4,077,081	-	1,878,655		2,198,426	4,077,081	-
High School Security Vestibule	1,091,064	1,056,489	1,053,013	3,476	1,056,489	-	486,814		569,675	1,056,489	-
Idle Hour Improvements	1,781,617	1,752,707	1,752,707		1,752,707	-	807,620		945,087	1,752,707	-
Idle Hour Security Vestibule	23,912	23,846	23,846		23,846	-	10,988		12,858	23,846	-
OBMS Improvements	1,738,429	1,712,506	1,712,506		1,712,506	-	789,096		923,410	1,712,506	-
OBMS Security Vestibule	32,773	33,048	33,048		33,048	-	15,228		17,820	33,048	-
OBMS HVAC	756,699	720,752	720,752		720,752	-	332,112		388,640	720,752	-
Ronkonkoma MS Improvements	1,473,455	1,451,621	1,451,621		1,451,621	-	668,884		782,737	1,451,621	-
Ronkonkoma MS Security Vestibule	21,311	21,013	21,013		21,013	-	9,682		11,331	21,013	-
Cherokee Improvements	1,600,866	1,574,362	1,574,362		1,574,362	-	725,441		848,921	1,574,362	-
Cherokee Security Vestibule	25,867	25,725	25,725		25,725	-	11,854		13,871	25,725	-
Bosti Improvements	1,403,425	1,361,269	1,361,269		1,361,269	-	627,252		734,017	1,361,269	-
Bosti Security Vestibule	33,874	33,943	33,943		33,943	-	15,640		18,303	33,943	-
Bus Purchases	1,799,882	1,799,882	1,799,882		1,799,882	-	829,357		970,525	1,799,882	_
Unallocated	136,860	519,509	, ,		, ,	519,509	239,383		280,126	519,509	519,509
	20,400,000	20,400,000	19,877,015	3,476	19,880,491	519,509	9,400,000	-	11,000,000	20,400,000	519,509
									·		-

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources - Capital Projects Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Expenditures				Methods o	of Financing		Fund
	Budget June 30, 2020	Budget June 30, 2021	Prior	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance
PROJECT TITLE	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	Years	rear	Total	вагапсе	Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	June 30, 2021
2019 Bond Projects											
Sycamore 2019 Bond	\$ 69,677	\$ 52,917	\$ 30,827	\$ (30,579)		\$ 52,669	\$ 41,710		\$ 11,207	\$ 52,917	\$ 52,669
Sycamore 2019 Bond Phase I	302,935	314,701	281,217	33,484	314,701	-	248,052		66,649	314,701	-
Sycamore 2019 Bond Phase 2	462,443	3,192,321	137,480	792,047	929,527	2,262,794	2,516,232		676,089	3,192,321	2,262,794
Sycamore 2019 Bond Phase 3	50,000	50,000	4,958	22,571	27,529	22,471	39,412		10,588	50,000	22,471
John Pearl 2019 Bond	23,660	16,795	15,620	(15,620)		16,795	13,238		3,557	16,795	16,795
John Pearl 2019 Bond Phase 1	72,247	59,096	22,046	37,050	59,096	46.550	46,580		12,516	59,096	46.550
John Pearl 2019 Bond Phase 2	391,249	366,582	366,696	(16,667)	350,029	16,553	288,945		77,637	366,582	16,553
Slocuum 2019 Bond	27,763	17,233	21,013	(21,013)	222 224	17,233	13,583		3,650	17,233	17,233
Slocuum 2019 Bond Phase 1	222,821	229,901	193,388	36,513	229,901	111 540	181,212		48,689	229,901	111 540
Slocuum 2019 Bond Phase 2 Slocuum 2019 Bond Phase 3	660,800 43,500	667,828 873,516	184,114 4,318	372,166 93,088	556,280 97,406	111,548 776,110	526,392 688,517		141,436 184,999	667,828 873,516	111,548 776,110
Duffield 2019 Bond	43,500 30,590	21,380	22,520	(22,520)	97,406	21,380	16,852		4,528	21,380	21,380
Duffield 2019 Bond Phase 1	202,194	21,360	173,590	37,650	211,240	21,300	166,502		44,738	21,360	21,300
Duffield 2019 Bond Phase 2	512,686	522,686	305,809	11,032	316,841	205,845	411,989		110,697	522,686	205,845
Duffield 2019 Bond Phase 3	312,000	5,070	303,009	11,032	1,320	3,750	3,996		1,074	5,070	3,750
Premm 2019 Bond	5,000	5,000		1,320	1,320	5,000	3,941		1,074	5,000	5,000
Premm 2019 Bond Phase 2	268,394	268,394	264,375	1,320	264,375	4,019	211,552		56,842	268,394	4,019
High School 2019 Bond	99,462	98,675	79,185		79,185	19,490	77,777		20,898	98,675	19,490
High School 2019 Bond Phase 1	1,220,472	1,198,443	1,149,690	48,753	1,198,443	17,470	944,629		253,814	1,198,443	17,470
High School 2019 Bond Phase 2	1,920,421	2,003,412	365,298	1,436,750	1,802,048	201,364	1,579,118		424,294	2,003,412	201,364
High School 2019 Bond Phase 3	312,000	312.000	31,193	140.853	172.046	139,954	245,923		66,077	312.000	139,954
High School 2019 Bond Phase 3A	312,000	3,270	31,173	3,270	3,270	157,751	2,577		693	3,270	137,731
Idle Hour 2019 Bond	21.625	14.740	13,605	(13,605)	3,270	14,740	11,618		3.122	14.740	14,740
Idle Hour 2019 Bond Phase 1	233,128	231,239	194,835	36,404	231,239		182,266		48,973	231,239	
Idle Hour 2019 Bond Phase 2	599,858	596,120	277,009	274,520	551,529	44,591	469,871		126,249	596,120	44.591
Idle Hour 2019 Bond Phase 3	33,700	755,770	3,368	43,651	47,019	708,751	595,709		160,061	755,770	708,751
OBMS 2019 Bond	39,153	39,277	21,113	-,	21,113	18,164	30,958		8,319	39,277	18,164
OBMS 2019 Bond Phase 2	128,625	3,076,716	70,876	1,519,415	1,590,291	1,486,425	2,425,111		651,605	3,076,716	1,486,425
OBMS 2019 Bond Phase 3	49,640	226,732	4,514	97,146	101.660	125.072	178,713		48.019	226,732	125.072
Ronkonkoma MS 2019 Bond	34,720	34,844	17,310		17,310	17,534	27,465		7,379	34,844	17,534
Ronkonkoma MS 2019 Bond Phase 2	208,170	2,525,983	70,876	1,398,720	1,469,596	1,056,387	1,991,016		534,967	2,525,983	1,056,387
Ronkonkoma MS 2019 Bond Phase 3	107,500	284,592	10,720	120,016	130,736	153,856	224,319		60,273	284,592	153,856
Cherokee 2019 Bond	34,650	24,515	25,295	(25,295)		24,515	19,323		5,192	24,515	24,515
Cherokee 2019 Bond Phase 1	256,064	260,458	228,505	31,953	260,458	-	205,297		55,161	260,458	-
Cherokee 2019 Bond Phase 2A	276,653	286,652	42,586	173,329	215,915	70,737	225,944		60,708	286,652	70,737
Cherokee 2019 Bond Phase 2B	692,818	692,818	44,491	609,182	653,673	39,145	546,089		146,729	692,818	39,145
Cherokee 2019 Bond Phase 3	47,000	906,167	4,662	75,090	79,752	826,415	714,254		191,913	906,167	826,415
Bosti 2019 Bond	35,123	25,767	24,986	(24,447)	539	25,228	20,310		5,457	25,767	25,228
Bosti 2019 Bond Phase 1	88,736	91,652	56,524	35,128	91,652	-	72,241		19,411	91,652	-
Bosti 2019 Bond Phase 2	895,114	895,028	381,295	402,337	783,632	111,396	705,473		189,555	895,028	111,396
Bosti 2019 Bond Phase 3	67,000	1,160,215	6,676	61,868	68,544	1,091,671	914,498		245,717	1,160,215	1,091,671
Administration Building Phase 2	602,725	602,725	19,793	567,283	587,076	15,649	475,076		127,649	602,725	15,649
Administration Building	8,207	8,207	1,955		1,955	6,252	6,469		1,738	8,207	6,252
Transportation 2019 Bond	5,000	5,000				5,000	3,941		1,059	5,000	5,000
Field House 2019 Bond Phase 2	18,750	20,086	10,312	2,799	13,111	6,975	15,832		4,254	20,086	6,975
Sand / Salt Shed 2019 Bond Phase 2	21,031	24,012	17,856	9,106	26,962	(2,950)	18,927		5,085	24,012	(2,950)
Press Box 2019 Bond Phase 2	7,850	415,656	4,316	21,961	26,277	389,379	327,626		88,030	415,656	389,379
Maintenance 2019 Bond Phase 2	28,075	34,147	19,487	6,589	26,076	8,071	26,915		7,232	34,147	8,071
Unallocated 2019 Bond	34,318,846 45,758,075	22,028,497 45,758,075	5,226,302	8,383,298	13,609,600	22,028,497 32,148,475	17,363,172 36,067,162		4,665,325 9.690,913	22,028,497 45,758,075	22,028,497 32,148,475
	43,/30,0/3	43,/30,0/3	3,220,302	0,303,498	13,609,600	34,140,4/3	30,007,102	-	7,070,713	43,730,073	34,140,473
Smart Schools Bond Improvements	1,213,236	1,213,236	1,206,531		1,206,531	6,705		1,213,236		1,213,236	6,705
Smart Schools Bond Improvements		1,475,500		1,001,803	1,001,803	473,697		1,475,500		1,475,500	473,697
Energy Performance Contract		21,240,702				21,240,702	21,240,702			21,240,702	21,240,702
Totals	\$ 75,315,346	\$ 98,031,548	\$ 30,954,502	\$ 10,380,684	\$ 41,335,186	\$ 56,696,362	\$ 66,707,864	\$ 2,688,736	\$ 28,634,948	\$ 98,031,548	56,696,362
								Cmant C-l1 D	and Act v	Unissued debt	(36,067,162)
								Smart Schools B	ond Act revenue n	iot yet recognized	(1,482,206

Fund Balance \$ 19,146,994

CONNETQUOT CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2021

Capital assets, net	\$ 140,903,317
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable	(5,620,000) (15,280,000)
Short-term portion of installment purchase debt Long-term portion of installment purchase debt Less: Unspent debt proceeds	 (2,163,308) (22,346,163) 21,240,702 (24,168,769)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 116,734,548





JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA
PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA
JILL S. SANDERS, CPA
DONALD J. HOFFMANN, CPA
CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA
ALAN YU, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Connetquot Central School District Bohemia, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary fund of the Connetquot Central School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2021. That report included a qualified opinion on the extraclassroom activities fund based on a scope limitation.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Connetquot Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connetquot Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connetquot Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

1650 ROUTE 112, PORT JEFFERSON STATION, NEW YORK 11776-3060

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Connetquot Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee, and management of the Connetquot Central School District in a separate letter dated October 21, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 21, 2021

Cullen & Danowski, LLP