

Reconstruction #22

1. A major hurdle during reconstruction was to unite rebellious southern states back into the Union. Lincoln had a plan but before we could go with that plan, Lincoln is assassinated and is replaced by _____
2. The system of _____ replaced slavery in the South.
3. During Reconstruction the _____ Republicans controlled congress
4. Civil _____ Bill 1866 - , is a law that was mainly intended to protect the civil rights of _____, in the wake of the American Civil War.
5. This legislation was passed by Congress in 1865 but vetoed by President _____.
6. In April 1866 Congress again passed the bill. Although Johnson again vetoed it, a _____ majority in each house overcame the veto and the bill seemingly became law.
7. 14th Amendment gave them _____, Equal _____ and Bill of Rights in _____ states
8. The _____ Act – Divided the South into 5 military districts
9. 1868 election was won by Ulysses S. _____
10. Compromise (bargain) of 1877 - _____ wins the presidency, and _____ Reconstruction. Ended the military districts and Northern power. Allowed Southern states to pass Jim Crow laws

Johnson	Johnson	Hayes	Ends
Sharecropping	2/3	Rights	Reconstruction
Protection	All	Citizenship	African Americans
Radical	Grant		