

THE WAR OF 1812

CAUSE #1 - Napoleonic Wars/British Blockade BRITISH POLICY OF IMPRESSMENT GREATER THREAT TO U.S. THAN FRENCH SEIZURE OF GOODS

The Chesapeake Incident 1807	"Peaceful Coercion"
EXAMPLE OF BRITISH IMPRESSMENT	What does Coerce mean? To COMPEL BY FORCE / INTIMIDATION
↳ BRITISH WARSHIP FIRED ON U.S. CHESAPEAKE KILLING 3	Embargo of 1807-1809
↳ 4 AMER. IMPRESSED → AMER. OUTRAGE!	JEFFERSON'S ALTERNATIVE TO WAR W/ BRITAIN FEDERALISTS OUTRAGED
	↳ CUT OFF U.S. TRADE W/ BRITAIN? ALL NATIONS (HOPED TO FORCE BRITAIN TO END POLICY OF IMPRESSMENT)
	↳ BACKFIRED! ECONOMIC DEPRESSION

Meanwhile...THE ELECTION OF 1808

Democratic-Republican 175 E.C.	Federalist 89 E.C.	Winner?
JAMES MADISON	CHARLES PINCKNEY	JAMES MADISON

↳ NOT SAME AS PINCKNEY TREATY

CAUSE #2 - Native Americans

	Goals 1801-1812	Tactics
William Henry Harrison	GOVERNOR OF INDIANA TERRITORY ↳ RAPID ASSIMILATION OF NATIVES OR MIGRATION WEST ↳ ACQUIRE LAND FROM NATIVES IN NW TERRITORY	THREATS BRIBES TRICKERY NEED TO QUICKLY RESOLVE DISPUTES → 500,000+ SETTLERS
Tecumseh	UNITE ALL THE TRIBES OF THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY (TECUMSEH CONFEDERACY) HALT AMER. EXPANSION? RECLAIM NORTHWEST	REJECT INDIVIDUAL TREATIES SIGNED W/ AMERICA REJECT ASSIMILATION (SIN) RAID FRONTIER SEEK BRITISH AID

Battle of Tippecanoe 1811

Description	Significance
WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON ATTACKS "PROHETSTOWN" WHILE TECUMSEH IS SOUTH RECRUITING	PREVENTS EXPANSION OF TECUMSEH'S ALLIANCE AMERICANS ON FRONTIER SLAME BRITISH FOR INSTIGATING

* NATIVES (TECUMSEH) WILL SIDE W/ BRITAIN IN WAR OF 1812

CAUSE #3 - Florida

Why?	CONTROL ACCESS POINTS TO THE GULF OF MEXICO; SPAIN ALLIED W/ BRITAIN; NATIVE ATTACKS
-------------	--

* U.S. ALSO BEING EXPANSION INTO CANADA ("LAND FEVER") → 7.5 MIL U.S. RESIDENTS V.S. 500,000 CANADIANS

Meanwhile...THE ELECTION OF 1812 (SECTIONAL)

Democratic-Republican	Federalist	Winner?
JAMES MADISON	DE WITT CLINTON	JAMES MADISON

* OLD-SCHOOL DEM-REP. OPPOSED WAR BECAUSE OF ROLE OF FED. POWER.

THE WAR 1812-1814

Defeats ONLY 12,000 MEN IN ARMY @ START	Successes MOSTLY SUCCESSFUL WITHIN BOUNDARIES
EVERY EFFORT TO INVADE & CAPTURE CANADA (3x) FOLLOWING DEFEAT OF NAPOLEON, BRITISH TURNED ATTENTION TO U.S. ↳ INVADERS IN 1814; ATTACKED & BURNED WASHINGTON D.C.	DEFEAT OF TECUMSEH IN CANADA DESTROYED THE BRITISH FLEET ON LAKE ERIE BATTLE OF FT. McHENRY OUTSIDE BALTIMORE (STAR SPANGLED BANNER) BATTLE OF NEW ORLEANS (POST-WAR) BATTLE OF HORSESHOE BEND VS. NATIVES IN FLORIDA

END OF THE WAR (INCONCLUSIVE)

	Treaty of Ghent 1814	Battle of New Orleans 1815	The Harford Convention 1815
Description	BRITISH TIRED OF WAR ↳ "STATUS QUO ANTE BELLEUM" RETURN TO PRE-WAR BOUNDARIES DID NOT ADDRESS CAUSES	JAN. 1815 (2 WEEKS AFTER WAR ENDS) ↳ BRITISH ATTEMPT (W/ NATIVE ALLIES) TO CONTROL MISSISSIPPI RIVER	RESPONSE TO UNPOPULARITY OF THE WAR N.E. THREAT TO SEcede FROM THE UNION WANTED TO AMEND CONST. & HOW WAR IS DELAYED
Significance	OFFICIALLY ENDS FIGHTING ↳ AMERICA EARNS RESPECT ↳ RISE OF NATIONALISM	MASSIVE AMERICAN VICTORY! ↳ LED BY ANDREW JACKSON (HERO) ↳ TOO BRITISH DEAD VS. 8 U.S. DEAD	FEDERALISTS SEEN AS UNPATRIOTIC FOLLOWING NEWS OF JACKSON'S VICTORY SHOWS GROWING SECTIONALISM END OF FEDERALIST PARTY

EFFECTS (ERA OF GOOD FEELINGS)

Army	Nationalism	Federalist Party	Native Americans	Florida
NEED FOR A STRONGER STANDING ARMY ↳ EXPANSION ↳ MOSTLY TO DEFEND FRONTIER AGAINST NATIVES	THE ERA OF GOOD FEELINGS ↳ END OF FIRST PARTY SYSTEM	END OF THE FED. PARTY AS A NATIONAL PARTY ↳ 8 YRS OF DEM-REP. CONTROL (SINGLE PARTY)	BRITISH GONE, TECUMSEH DEAD, CONFEDERACY COLLAPSED ↳ WESTWARD SETTLEMENT WON'T BE STOPPED	U.S. OCCUPIED WESTERN FLORIDA ↳ SET STAGE FOR FINAL OCCUPATION OF ALL OF FLORIDA (1819)

* M19-TURN ELECTION OF 1810: WAC HAWKS GAIN POWER
 * SOUTH C. CAUTION & HENRY CLAY
 * MANY YOUNG WESTERNERS (SOUTHWESTERS) SAW WAR W/ BRITAIN AS AN OPPORTUNITY TO REPEAT WORK OF LAST GENERATION

THOMAS JEFFERSON ON THE ACQUISITION OF GUESEC: "A MERE MATTER OF MARCHING"

- ↳ REPRESENTED AMERICAN OPINION TOWARDS TO CONQUEST OF CANADA
- ↳ FIGHTING A WAR ALONG THE FRONTIER LOGISTICALLY DIFFICULT
- ↳ WRONGFULLY EXPECTED CANADIAN SUPPORT OF AMERICANS AS "LIBERATORS"
- ↳ MANY STATE MILITIAMEN REFUSED TO FIGHT OUTSIDE OF U.S. TERRITORY
- ↳ LABELLED UNCOORDINATED ATTACKS

LEGACY OF THE WAR OF 1812:

1. U.S. GAINED INTERNATIONAL RESPECT
2. U.S. GAVE UP TERRITORIAL CLAIM TO CANADA; BRITAIN NO LONGER THREAT TO U.S. IN NORTH AMER.
3. FEDERALIST PARTY NO LONGER A NATIONAL INFLUENCE
4. TALK OF NULLIFICATION | SECESSION BY NEW ENGLAND WILL SET PRECEDENT TO BE USED LATER BY THE SOUTH
5. NATIVES LOSE BRITISH ALLIES (FINAL TIME) ; SURRENDER LAND
6. DUE TO BRITISH BLOCKADE, U.S. BUILT FACTORIES ; MOVED TOWARDS SELF-SUFFICIENCY
7. FUTURE PRESIDENTS ANDREW JACKSON ; WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON AGE WAR HEROES
8. NATIONALISM GROWS; WESTWARD EXPANSION ("ERA OF GOOD FEELINGS")

* DIDN'T ACHIEVE ANY ORIGINAL GOALS!

RUSH-BAGOT TREATY (1817) DE-MILITARIZED THE GREAT LAKES REGION

REMEMBERING THE WAR OF 1812:

WAR HAWKS
HARTFORD CONVENTION
IMPRESSMENT
TREATY OF GHEENT
EMBARGO ACT
NATIONALISM