

Rational Functions - Vertical Asymptotes and Holes

Simplify each expression and identify any holes or vertical asymptotes.

$$1) \frac{n^2 + 10n + 25}{n + 5} = \frac{(n+5)(n+5)}{(n+5)} = n+5$$

VA: none
holes: $n = -5$ $(-5, 0)$

$$2) \frac{10}{10b - 15} = \frac{10}{5(2b-3)}$$

VA: $b = \frac{3}{2}$
holes: none

$$3) \frac{15r - 40}{35r + 40} = \frac{5(3r-8)}{5(7r+8)}$$

VA: $r = -8/7$
holes: none

$$4) \frac{2n^2 - 19n + 24}{5n^2 - 47n + 56} = \frac{(2n-3)(n-8)}{(5n-7)(n-8)} = \frac{2n-3}{5n-7}$$

VA: $n = \frac{7}{5}$
hole: $n = 8$ $(8, \frac{13}{33})$

$$5) \frac{7m^2 + 7m - 14}{5m^2 + 16m + 12} = \frac{7(m^2+m-2)}{(5m+6)(m+2)}$$

VA: $m = -6/5$
holes: $m = -2$ $(-2, \frac{21}{4})$

$$= \frac{7(m+2)(m-1)}{(5m+6)(m+2)} = \frac{7(m-1)}{5m+6}$$

$$6) \frac{4p^2 + 20p}{7p^2 + 34p - 5} = \frac{4p(p+5)}{(7p-1)(p+5)} = \frac{4p}{7p-1}$$

VA: $p = 1/7$
hole: $p = -5$ $(-5, \frac{5}{9})$ $\frac{-20}{-36} = \frac{5}{9}$

$$7) \frac{3x^2 + 2x - 21}{7x + 21} = \frac{(3x-7)(x+3)}{7(x+3)} = \frac{3x-7}{7}$$

VA: none
hole: $x = -3$ $(-3, -16/7)$

VA: $x = 6/7$
hole: $x = 0$ $(0, 5/6)$