

## Verifying Trigonometric Identities Notes

$$\sec(x) - \sin(x)\tan(x) = \cos(x)$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos(x)} - \left( \frac{\sin(x)}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} \right)$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2(x)}{\cos(x)}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(x)}{\cos(x)} = \cos(x) \checkmark$$

$$\tan(x) - \sin(x)\cos(x) = \tan(x)\sin^2(x)$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} - \frac{\sin(x)\cos(x)\cos(x)}{\cos(x)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(x) - \sin(x)\cos^2(x)}{\cos(x)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)[1 - \cos^2(x)]}{\cos(x)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} \cdot \frac{\sin^2(x)}{1} = \tan(x)\sin^2(x) \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)}{1 + \cos(x)} = \csc(x) - \cot(x)$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)[1 - \cos(x)]}{(1 + \cos(x))(1 - \cos(x))}$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)[1 - \cos(x)]}{1 - \cos^2(x)}$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)[1 - \cos(x)]}{\sin^2(x)} = \frac{1 - \cos(x)}{\sin(x)} = \frac{1}{\sin(x)} - \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} = \csc(x) - \cot(x) \checkmark$$

GCF

Multiply  
by  
the  
conjugate

Verifying Trig Identities using the Pythagorean Relationships

1)  $\cot(x) \cdot [\csc^2(x) - 1] = \cot^3(x)$

$$\cot(x) \cdot \cot^2(x)$$

$$\cot^3(x) \checkmark$$

2)  $\sec(\theta) \cdot \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\tan(\theta)} = 1$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{\sin\theta}{1} \cdot \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{\cos\theta}{1}\right)$$

$$\boxed{1} \checkmark$$

3)  $\csc(\theta) - \sin(\theta) - \cos(\theta)\cot(\theta) = 0$

$$\frac{1}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\sin\theta}{1} - \left(\frac{\cos\theta}{1} \cdot \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta} = 0 \checkmark$$

4)  $6 - \sin^2(x) = 5 + \cos^2(x)$

$$6 - (1 - \cos^2\theta)$$

$$6 - 1 + \cos^2\theta$$

$$\boxed{5 + \cos^2\theta} \checkmark$$

## Verifying Trigonometric Identities Practice

$$\cos(x)\cot(x) - \csc(x) = -\sin(x)$$

$$\frac{\cos(x) \cdot \cos(x)}{\sin(x)} - \frac{1}{\sin(x)}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(x) - 1}{\sin(x)} = \frac{-\sin^2(x)}{\sin(x)} = \boxed{-\sin(x)} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\sec(\theta)\csc(\theta)}{\tan(\theta) + \cot(\theta)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin\theta}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}\right)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta\sin\theta}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta}{\sin\theta\cos\theta}\right)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta\sin\theta}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{\sin\theta\cos\theta}\right)} = \boxed{1} \quad \checkmark$$

$$[\sin(\theta) - \cos(\theta)]^2 + [\sin(\theta) + \cos(\theta)]^2 = 2$$

$$= [\sin^2\theta - \sin\theta\cos\theta - \sin\theta\cos\theta + \cos^2\theta] + [\sin^2\theta + \sin\theta\cos\theta + \sin\theta\cos\theta + \cos^2\theta]$$

$$= 2\sin^2\theta + 2\cos^2\theta = 2(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta) = 2(1) = \boxed{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\cot(x) - \cos(x)\sin(x) = \cot(x)\cos^2(x)$$

$$\frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} - \frac{\cos(x)\sin(x)\sin(x)}{\sin(x)}$$

GLF

$$\frac{\cos(x) - \cos(x)\sin^2(x)}{\sin(x)}$$

$$\frac{\cos(x)[1 - \sin^2(x)]}{\sin(x)} = \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \cdot \frac{\cos^2(x)}{1} = \boxed{\cot(x)\cos^2(x)} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\tan^2 \theta + 1 = \sec^2 \theta$$

leave this as is!!

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{\tan(x)}{1 + \sec(x)} + \frac{1 + \sec(x)}{\tan(x)} = 2 \csc(x)$$

$$\frac{\tan(x) \cdot \tan(x)}{\tan(x)[1 + \sec(x)]} + \frac{[1 + \sec(x)][1 + \sec(x)]}{\tan(x)[1 + \sec(x)]} = \frac{\tan^2(x) + 1 + 2\sec(x) + \sec^2(x)}{\tan(x)[1 + \sec(x)]} = \frac{2\sec^2(x) + 2\sec(x)}{\tan(x)[1 + \sec(x)]}$$

$$= \frac{2\sec(x)[\sec(x) + 1]}{\tan(x)[\sec(x) + 1]} = \frac{2\sec(x)}{\tan(x)} = \frac{2}{\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}} = \frac{2}{\cos(x)} \cdot \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} = \boxed{2\csc(x)} \checkmark$$

$$\cot^2(x) - \cos^2(x) = \cot^2(x)\cos^2(x)$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(x)}{\sin^2(x)} - \frac{\cos^2(x)\sin^2(x)}{\sin^2(x)}$$

GCF

$$\frac{\cos^2(x)[1 - \sin^2(x)]}{\sin^2(x)} = \frac{\cos^2(x)}{\sin^2(x)} \cdot \frac{\cos^2(x)}{1} = \boxed{\cot^2(x)\cos^2(x)} \checkmark$$

$$\tan^2(x) - \sin^2(x) = \tan^2(x)\sin^2(x)$$

$$\frac{\sin^2(x)}{\cos^2(x)} - \frac{\sin^2(x)\cos^2(x)}{\cos^2(x)}$$

GCF

$$\frac{\sin^2(x)[1 - \cos^2(x)]}{\cos^2(x)} = \frac{\sin^2(x)}{\cos^2(x)} \cdot \frac{\sin^2(x)}{1} = \boxed{\tan^2(x)\sin^2(x)} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\cot(x) - \tan(x)}{\sin(x)\cos(x)} = \csc^2(x) - \sec^2(x)$$

$$\frac{\frac{\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} - \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}}{\sin(x)\cos(x)} = \frac{\left(\frac{\cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)}{\sin(x)\cos(x)}\right)}{\left(\frac{\sin(x)\cos(x)}{1}\right)} = \frac{\cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)}{\sin(x)\cos(x)} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin(x)\cos(x)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)}{\sin^2(x)\cos^2(x)} = \frac{\cos^2(x)}{\sin^2(x)\cos^2(x)} - \frac{\sin^2(x)}{\sin^2(x)\cos^2(x)} = \frac{1}{\sin^2(x)} - \frac{1}{\cos^2(x)} = \boxed{\csc^2(x) - \sec^2(x)} \checkmark$$

split into two fractions