Unit 4 Review

**Know how to use reciprocal, quotient, Pythagorean, double angle, and sum and difference identities to complete trig proofs.

$$\frac{\sin^2 x + 4\sin x + 3}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{3+\sin x}{1-\sin x}$$

$$\tan^2\theta=\csc^2\theta\tan^2\theta-1$$

$$\frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} = \sec x$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta) = 2\cos\alpha\cos\beta$$

**Know how to use reciprocal, quotient, Pythagorean, double angle, sum and difference identities, and knowledge of the unit circle to solve trig equations.

$$\cos 2x = \frac{1}{2}$$
[0, 2pi)

$$.2\cos^2 x - \cos x = 0$$

$$[0, 2pi)$$

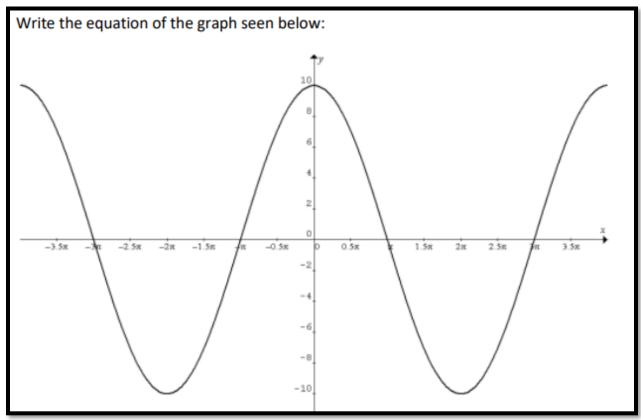
What are the values of x, to the *nearest degree*, in the interval $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$ that satisfy the equation $5\sin^2 x - 4\sin x - 1$? **HINT – AC METHOD**

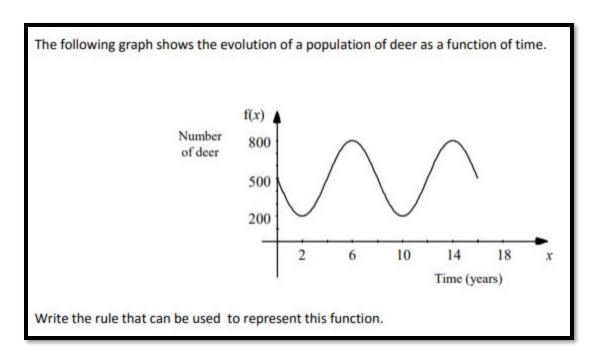
**Know how to graph sine, cosine, and tangent by hand. Be able to recognize and identify important parts of all 6 types of graphs (especially domain and range.

Graph the following by hand. Explain what each number of the equation represents and how it helps you graph. Identify the domain and range.

$$f(x) = 2\cos\left(3x - \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) - 1$$

**Be able to write equations when given graphs.





**Be able to use your knowledge of parts of the graph to answer questions.

In a predator/prey model, the predator population is modeled by the function:

$$p = 900\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)t + 8000$$
 where t is measured in years.

- a. Find the length of time between successive periods of maximum population.
- b. Sketch a graph that represents the given population model.
- c. What is the minimum population? When does this occur in the first cycle?