

Review Day Warm-up

- 1) I am thinking of three consecutive integers. The product of the 2nd and 3rd integers is 56.

Find the 1st integer.

$$(x+1)(x+2) = 56$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 2 = 56$$

$(-9, -8, -7)$ and $(6, 7, 8)$

- 2) Use your calculator to find ONE root. You must show your work and find the other two roots

4) $x^3 + 2x^2 - 14x - 40 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 & 2 & -14 & -40 \\ \downarrow 4 & 24 & 40 \\ 1 & 6 & 10 & 0 \\ \hline x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x = 0 \\ x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \Rightarrow x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 4(1)(10)}}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 4}$$

$$\boxed{x = -3 \pm i}$$

- 3) Find the standard form equation for a polynomial whose roots are

$2 - 5i$ and -3 and $2 + 5i$

$$(x - 2 + 5i)(x - 2 - 5i)$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 5i(x - 2x + 4 + 10i) + 25i^2$$

$$(x^2 - 4x + 29)(x + 3)$$

$$x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x^2 - 12x + 29x - 87$$

$$\boxed{x^3 - x^2 + 17x - 87}$$