



Martin Luther
 Launched the Protestant Reformation
 Germany, 1517




Martin Luther grew up in Germany. He went to the Erfurt University to study law.

When Luther was 22 years old, he was struck by lightning and survived.


Immediately afterward he decided to become a Catholic priest.



At age 29, Martin Luther became a professor of religion at the University of Wittenburg.



MARTIN LUTHER
 Faith in Christ and the Gospel




During that time, Luther made an intellectual break with the Catholic Church.

He became concerned about the salvation of the individual -- and the soul of the individual.


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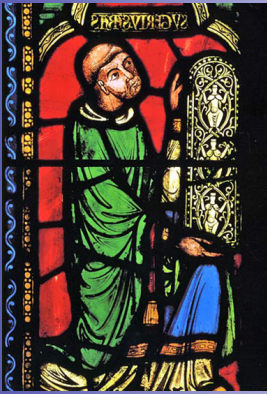
Martin Luther drew some serious conclusions:



1. Salvation was not something you could earn, or purchase.



2. Salvation was not even something you could receive from the Church or its sacraments.

Salvation was simply a gift from God -- to those who had faith.
 This is called **"Justification by Faith"**

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The 95 Theses

In 1517, Martin Luther nailed his **95 Theses** onto the door of the Castle Church in Wittenburg.

The **95 Theses** was a list of reforms that the Catholic Church should make.



Sep 21-4:18 PM



1. For starters, Luther wanted an end to indulgences. (People actually paid money to have their sins forgiven.)



The Sale of Indulgences, woodcut, circa 1530

2. The Bible -- not the Church -- should be the ultimate authority on all Christian matters.



Oct 26-2:36 PM

3. The Bible should be translated into the vernacular (local language) so that everyone can read it.



4. Church services should be held in the vernacular so that everyone can understand it.



The Catholic Church refused all of these reforms.

Sep 21-4:51 PM

In 1521, Pope Leo X declared Martin Luther guilty of **heresy** and **excommunicated** him.

Guess which Renaissance artist painted this portrait of Pope Leo X?



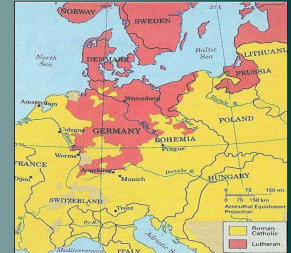
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Luther was commanded to appear at the Diet of Worms (a meeting of nobles and clergymen). Luther would NOT recant his beliefs. He said, "My conscience is captive to the Word of God."

Martin Luther Before the Diet of Worms, painting by Anton von Werner



Martin Luther was the world's first **Protestant**. New Protestant Churches sprung up: Lutheran, Episcopal, Presbyterian, Puritan, Baptist, and Methodist.

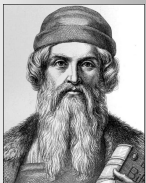


PREDICT: What invention made it possible for the Reformation to spread so fast?

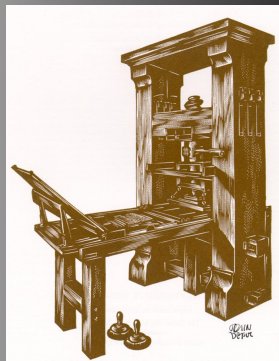
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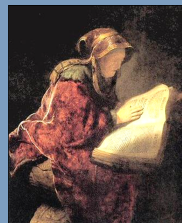
The Printing Press



Johannes Gutenberg had perfected the printing press in 1450.



The very first book Gutenberg printed was the Bible. The Bible was translated into the vernacular (local language) of the common folks.




Folks learned to read:


Before the printing press, only those who read Latin could read the Bible. Now that the Bible was available, people wanted to read it.

Sep 21-5:51 PM


Sep 21-6:15 PM




Luther at the Diet of Worms
4:45



Martin Luther Parody Song
3:14



Horrible Histories -
Martin Luther
2:31



95 Theses Rap
(Tomorrow)
3:43

Oct 28-8:22 AM



St. Peter's Basilica - Rome, Italy

Dec 19-10:14 AM