

## Evaluating Limits

Evaluate each limit.

1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 5$

5

2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{5}{2}} (-x + 2)$

 $\frac{9}{2}$ 

3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^3 - x^2 - 4)$

0

4)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left( -\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + 4 \right)$

 $\frac{11}{2}$ 

5)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} -\sqrt{x+3}$

 $-\sqrt{6}$ 

6)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}} -\sqrt{2x+4}$

 $-\sqrt{7}$ 

7)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-4}{x^2-6x+8}$

1

8)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}} \frac{-x-3}{x^2+x+1}$

 $-\frac{18}{19}$ 

9)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \sin(x)$

0

10)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{4}} 2\cos(x)$

 $-\sqrt{2}$ 

## Critical thinking questions:

11) Give an example of a limit that evaluates to 4.  
Many answers. Ex:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} x$ 12) Give an example of a limit of a quadratic function where the limit evaluates to 9.  
Many answers. Ex:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} x^2$