# BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON ------EUGENE, OREGON

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared By

Business Services Department Simon Levear, Director

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December 29, 2020

To the Bethel School District Community Eugene, Oregon

Oregon Municipal Audit Law requires that an independent audit be performed over of all District funds within six months following the close of the fiscal year. Pursuant to this requirement, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Bethel School District (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is hereby submitted.

This report was prepared by the District's Business Services Department. The responsibility for the completeness, fairness, and accuracy of the data presented and all accompanying disclosures rests with the District. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the District's management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting information is available for the District to prepare the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The District's financial statements have been audited by Grove, Mueller & Swank, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors, beginning on page 11.

## PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

In 1948 voters approved formation of the Bethel School District by consolidating five smaller districts. A sixth small district was added in 1960. Since its formation the District's enrollment has increased from 675 to the current 5,294. Enrollment projections for the 2020-21 school year reflect a slight decrease to 5,240. The District's total population is approximately 38,000.

Bethel is the third largest school district in Lane County. Its students are drawn from 31.7 square miles in the southern part of the Willamette Valley in the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area. The District, a kindergarten through twelfth grade district, has one comprehensive high school, Willamette High; an alternative education high school, Kalapuya High; two middle schools, Cascade and Shasta; two kindergarten through eighth grade schools: Meadow View and Prairie Mountain; and five elementary schools, Clear Lake, Danebo, Fairfield, Irving and Malabon. The District offers a broad array of programs such as general, special, vocational, alternative and technological education.

The District has taken pride in maintaining its facilities and managing growth. The oldest building in the District is Willamette High School, parts of which were originally built in 1949. Through the support of the community, additions and renovations have enlarged the high school to a capacity of 1,590 students. The two middle schools were constructed six years apart with Cascade being built in 1955 and Shasta in 1961. The elementary schools range in age from 4 year to 53 years with Danebo and Irving being the oldest and the rebuilt Malabon and Fairfield Elementary schools being the newest, having opened in the fall of 2015.

The District is financially independent. A seven-member elected school board is responsible for the District's operations and programs, and accordingly appoints the administration of the District, who share accountability for oversight. The school board and administration take their stewardship responsibilities very seriously. Consistent with this, District facilities are well-maintained and well-equipped. There are no component units and the District is not a component unit of another entity.

The District annually prepares a budget in accordance with requirements prescribed in the Oregon Revised Statutes. The objective of the District's budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's School Board. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriated budget.

A summary of the approved budget, together with a notice of public hearing, is published in a newspaper with general circulation in the District. A public hearing is held to receive comments from the public concerning the approved budget. The School Board adopts the budget, makes the appropriations, and levies taxes after the public hearing and before the beginning of the year for which the budget has been prepared.

The objective of the budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by the District's School Board. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount), is established by major function level within an individual fund. Transfers of appropriations between budget categories must be authorized by resolution of the School Board.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

## ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Bethel School District is located in the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area. Eugene is Oregon's second largest city and the seat of Lane County government. The City of Eugene together with the City of Springfield comprises a metropolitan area that serves as the regional center for industry, service and trade, as well as for cultural, academic and recreational activities. Eugene is the home of the University of Oregon, the State's premier research institution as well as Lane Community College and Bushnell University.

Lane County's economy is growing.

## LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The District's unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (18.4 percent of total General Fund revenues) just exceeds the Government Finance Officers Association recommended range of five to fifteen percent or no less than two months of operating expenditures. However, the District's ability to predict revenues in Oregon's unstable financial environment necessitated the need to maintain a larger ending fund balance. Regardless of the continued uncertainty, the District is in the process of reducing its ending fund balance. Since the District is dependent on the State of Oregon for a substantial portion of its operating funds, and funding levels can vary from year to year, maintaining adequate reserves is critical.

#### **MAJOR PROGRAMS**

The quality and quantity of programs offered by Bethel School District are related to both the amount of funding provided as well as the effective and efficient management of those funds. To maximize the benefit to our community's children, the District must continue its effort to cultivate strong relationships with and between students, parents, staff, and community members in local fiscal decision making. In optimizing those funds for the benefit of the students, the District will strive to:

- Maximize the positive impact on classroom instruction, instructional support, readiness to learn, and efforts to increase student achievement and engagement so that all students make progress toward meeting state standards, District goals, and personal aspirations.
- Protect and maintain the community's investment in our facilities, physical spaces, equipment, and other assets.
- Prepare for both short and long-term fiscal responsibilities including: labor agreements, reserves, fund balances, planning for current and future mandates along with community needs, and by investing in the sustainable growth of new and existing efficient and effective programs.

In spite of reductions over the last few years, the District has still garnered great success with continued improvements in graduation rates; implementation of a new community "Roots of Empathy programs at Fairfield and Malabon Elementary Schools; continued partnerships with local agencies; Measure 98 funding adding programs at 8th grade and high school level; expansion of pre-kindergarten programs; Expansion of a Kids In Transition to School in-school "pilot" program; continuation of Skill Builders for all elementary schools, originally grant funded; an active and effective College and Career Center that is successfully attaining more scholarships and support for high school students; and the list goes on. These projects are a testament to the giving heart of our staff *and* community. The Bethel family wants the very best for its kids and is seeking out opportunities to do just that. Because of these efforts our students thrive in a number of ways including statewide achievements in sports and clubs. With the support of Bethel programs and staff, our children are not only reaching for excellence, they are achieving it.

## SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL EVENTS

Sustainability is a key factor in any budget, but especially a declining revenue budget. The district has faced budget sustainability issues from the onset of the recession. These have included declining state revenue, increasing personnel costs, short-term federal and state funding, and use of District reserve funds. At the end of the 2019-20 school year, the world wide COVID-19 Pandemic hit, with long-term financial impacts yet unknown.

During the initial months of the Pandemic, the Governor made State School Funding a priority and maintained the allocated state school fund for 2019-2020.

## AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Bethel School District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2019. This was the twenty third consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious recognition. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Many individuals throughout the District provided information needed for the preparation of this report. We wish to express our appreciation to the staff of Bethel's Business Services Department and Administrative Office. Staff: Nancy Porter, Jennifer Littrell, Karen Sokol, Connie Quinn, Nathan Voelsch, Linda Northrup, and Jill Busby. They all played an important part in the timely and accurate preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

We also thank the Directors of the Bethel School Board of Education for their continued support and dedication to the financial operations of the School District.

Respectfully submitted,

ChrisParre

Chris Parra
Superintendent

Simon Levear

Director of Business Services

S. Lever



## Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

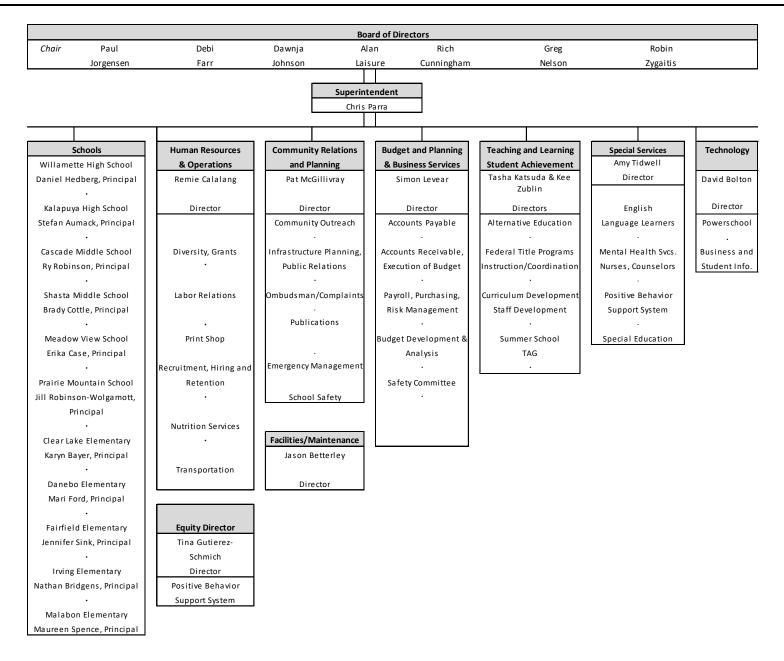
# Lane County School District No. 52 (Bethel) Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



JUNE 30, 2020

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Paul Jorgensen Chairperson

Greg Nelson Vice-Chairperson

Alan Laisure Director

Dawnja Johnson Director

Rich Cunningham Director

Robin Zygaitis Director

Debi Farr Director

All Board members receive mail at the address below.

## ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Chris Parra, Superintendent-Clerk Simon Levear, Director of Business Services

> Administrative Office 4640 Barger Drive Eugene, Oregon 97402



## GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

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(503) 58I-7788 • FAX (503) 58I-0I52

475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200 • Salem, Oregon 9730I-38I4

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Bethel School District No. 52 Eugene, Oregon

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bethel School District No. 52, Lane County, Oregon (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bethel School District No. 52, Lane County, Oregon as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information (except as mentioned in the following paragraph) because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The combining schedule and budgetary comparison information presented as required supplementary information, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and

the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 28, 2020, on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By: Larry F Grant Sharehold

December 28, 2020

## BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 52 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

As management of Bethel School District No. 52 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our transmittal letter, which can be found on pages 1-4 of this report.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the government-wide statements, the net position of the District at June 30, 2020 was a deficit \$15.0 million. Net position is composed of net investment in capital assets of \$31.3 million, restricted for debt service of \$0.2 million, and a deficit unrestricted net position of \$46.5 million.
- The District's total net position decreased by \$6.3 million for the fiscal year. Some factors that contributed to this change include increases and decreases in statement account balances and revenues and expenses related to: a \$4.9 million increase in the actuarially determined PERS net pension liability, a \$4.4 million increase in long-term liabilities as a result of bond refinancing and a new \$3.6 million loan for Energy Savings Performance Contract during the year, and a \$6.0 million increase in the actuarially determined total OPEB liability for medical subsidy.
- The District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$22.6 million, an increase of \$4.5 million from the prior year. Approximately 50 percent of this total amount, \$11.3 million, is unassigned and available for appropriation at the District's discretion.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$11.3 million, which represents about 18.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- Total cost of all the District's programs was \$81.8 million for the fiscal year, an increase of \$8.0 million (11 percent) from the prior year.
- The District's total long-term liabilities increased by \$4.4 million (8.6 percent) during the 2019-20 fiscal year.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## **Government-wide financial statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

**Statement of Net Position.** The *Statement of Net Position* focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snapshot view of what the District owns (assets), what it owes (liabilities), and the net difference (net position). Net position may be further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

**Statement of Activities.** The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the net position of the District changed over the year by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes).

In the government-wide financial statements, all the District's activities are shown as governmental activities.

**Governmental Activities**. The District's basic functions are shown here, such as regular and special education, child nutrition services, transportation, and administration. These activities are primarily financed through Oregon's State School Fund, property taxes, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

## **Fund financial statements**

The *fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District maintains four fund types: general operating, special revenue, debt service and capital projects. The fund financial statements are found on pages 19 through 24.

## **Notes to financial statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 58 of this report.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

**Statement of Net Position.** Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. In the case of the District, net position totaled negative \$15.0 million on June 30, 2020.

Net investment in capital assets, which consist of the District's land, buildings, building improvements, site improvements, construction in progress, vehicles, and equipment less related debt. The District uses the capital assets to provide services to students and other District residents; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources (generally property taxes), since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining assets consist mainly of investments, cash, and grants and property taxes receivable.

The District's long-term liabilities, which include repayment of long-term debt, net pension liability - PERS, total OPEB liability - medical subsidy, and total pension liability - stipends, comprise approximately 96 percent of its total liabilities. Current liabilities consist almost entirely of payables on accounts and payroll benefits.

## Bethel School District No. 52 Statements of Net Position June 30,

	2020	2019	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 29,321,829	\$ 24,131,786	\$ 5,190,043
Net OPEB asset for RHIA	518,914	307,884	211,030
Capital assets, net	78,855,734	79,842,480	(986,746)
Total assets	108,696,477	104,282,150	4,414,327
Deferred outflows	31,580,174	25,745,425	5,834,749
Total assets and deferred outflows	140,276,651	130,027,575	10,249,076
Current liabilities	6,120,822	5,394,096	726,726
Long-term liabilities	55,784,896	51,371,811	4,413,085
PERS net pension liability	65,253,707	60,305,358	4,948,349
Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy	22,081,970	16,060,552	6,021,418
Total pension liability for stipends	529,978	399,809	130,169
Total liabilities	149,771,373	133,531,626	16,239,747
Deferred inflows	5,472,295	5,121,329	350,966
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	155,243,668	138,652,955	16,590,713
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	31,271,276	29,685,176	1,586,100
Restricted	243,804	372,702	(128,898)
Unrestricted	(46,482,097)	(38,683,258)	(7,798,839)
Total net position	\$ (14,967,017)	\$ (8,625,380)	\$ (6,341,637)

**Statement of Activities**. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District's net position decreased by \$6.3 million. The decrease in total net position is primarily related to the increase in the PERS net pension liability and total OPEB liability for medical subsidy and related deferred inflows of resources.

## Bethel School District No. 52 Statements of Activities Year ended June 30.

	2020	2019	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,229,677	\$ 1,650,752	\$ (421,075)
Operating grants and contributions	7,048,018	8,168,131	(1,120,113)
General revenues			
Property taxes	21,891,552	20,924,584	966,968
State school fund	40,786,945	38,596,756	2,190,189
Other	4,517,193	3,299,391	1,217,802
Total revenues	75,473,385	72,639,614	2,833,771
Expenses			
Instructional services	45,489,928	42,133,247	3,356,681
Support services	28,390,867	24,094,300	4,296,567
Other	5,122,010	5,653,825	(531,815)
Interest on long-term liabilities	2,812,217	1,895,909	916,308
Total expenses	81,815,022	73,777,281	8,037,741
Change in net position	(6,341,637)	(1,137,667)	(5,203,970)
Net position, beginning of year	(8,625,380)	(7,487,713)	(1,137,667)
Net position, end of year	\$(14,967,017)	\$ (8,625,380)	\$ (6,341,637)

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on relatively short-term cash flow and funding for future basic services. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At June 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22.6 million.

*General Fund.* The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. As of June 30, 2020, unassigned fund balance was \$11.3 million. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund revenues. Unassigned fund balance represents **18.4** percent of total General Fund revenues.

The fund balance increased by \$1.7 million during the current fiscal year. The change is attributed in part to an increase in revenue from state sources during the year and an increase in property taxes collected.

*Special Revenue Fund.* The Special Revenue Fund has a total fund balance of \$2.7 million at the end of the fiscal year. The fund balance decreased \$0.3 million as a result of decreased revenues from the prior year.

*Special Projects Fund.* The Special Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$769 thousand at the end of the fiscal year. The fund balance decreased \$8 thousand as a result of expenditures exceeding revenues.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$3.9 million and increase of \$3.2 million from the prior year. This increase was caused by receipt of loan proceeds for an Energy Performance Contracting project that will be mostly completed in the 2020-21 school year. The Capital Projects Fund was added in 2013 to support capital projects utilizing a portion of the April 2013 and all of the December 2013 general obligation bonds and now includes resources from the Energy Performance contracting loan. These proceeds are being used to support school level security upgrades, district-wide technology upgrades, district wide maintenance projects, and architectural and engineering service.

*Debt Service Fund.* The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$191 thousand at the end of the fiscal year. The fund balance decreased \$85 thousand as a result of scheduled debt payments that were made during the year.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year, there was one transfer of appropriations by resolution affecting the original General Fund budget. The transfer increased appropriations in Community Services and decreased appropriations in Instruction within the General Fund.

Final budget compared to actual results. The most significant difference between estimated revenue and actual revenue was intermediate source revenue. Actual revenue was \$1.4 million higher than anticipated, mostly due to a reclassification of Lane ESD Transit funds.

Actual total expenditures were within appropriations.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, site improvements, and equipment and vehicles. As of June 30, 2020, the District had invested \$78.9 million in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

## Capital Assets (net of depreciation) June 30,

	2020		2019	Change	
Land and improvements	\$	3,352,218	\$ 3,093,510	\$	258,708
Construction in process		166,658	178,561		(11,903)
Buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles		111,600,664	110,307,793		1,292,871
Accumulated depreciation		(36,263,806)	(33,737,384)		(2,526,422)
Total	\$	78,855,734	\$ 79,842,480	\$	(986,746)

Additional information on the District's capital asset activity can be found on page 34.

**Long-term debt.** During the year ended June 30, 2020, \$3.6 million of principal was paid on long-term debt. At June 30, 2020, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$47.5 million.

In November 2019, the District issued advance refunding bonds totaling \$29.6 million to reduce future interest costs. This is more fully explained in notes to basic financial statements.

The District also entered into a full faith and credit financing agreement in the amount of \$3.6 million to fund various building improvements.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found on pages 35 through 37.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The most significant economic factor for the District is the State of Oregon's State School Fund formula. The formula consists of a General Purpose Grant, a Transportation Grant, and certain local revenues. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the State School Fund General Purpose Grant provided approximately 55 percent of the District's total revenues, and 68 percent of the District's General Fund revenues. The District is expecting decreasing revenue from the State School Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, based on current projections for the 2020-2021 biennium from the State of Oregon Legislative Revenue Office. The District is expecting increase funding from the Student Success Act. The state economic forecast reveals a slow recovery for the District for the next few biennia.

Total enrollment in 2019-20 decreased 80 ADM (average daily membership) from the previous year. Enrollment is expected to decrease in 2020-21 due to the birth rates in Lane County.

The District has analyzed its financial holdings and doesn't anticipate any liquidity problems in the next twelve months.

The District's Budget Committee and School Board considered all these factors while preparing the District's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

## REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's Director of Business Services, at 4640 Barger Drive, Eugene, Oregon 97402.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 25,141,496
Receivables	3,734,459
Inventories	149,648
Prepaid expenses	296,226
Net OPEB asset - RHIA	518,914
Capital assets not being depreciated	
Land	3,352,218
Construction in process	166,658
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	
Buildings and improvements	70,714,654
Equipment and vehicles	 4,622,204
Total Assets	108,696,477
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to PERS	23,009,832
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	4,851,430
Deferred outflows related to pension stipends	122,496
Deferred charges on refunding	 3,596,416
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 31,580,174
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	140,276,651
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,818,494
Accounts payable to other governments	11,915
Unearned revenue	157,601
Accrued interest	132,812
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	
Accrued compensated absences	496,299
Long-term debt	4,678,724
Due in more than one year	
Accrued compensated absences	165,433
Long-term debt	50,444,440
PERS net pension liability	65,253,707
Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy  Total pension liability for stipends	22,081,970 529,978
	 <u> </u>
Total Liabilities	 149,771,373
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to PERS	5,370,700
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	 101,595
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 5,472,295
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 155,243,668
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	31,271,276
Restricted for debt service	243,804
Unrestricted	(46,482,097)
Total Net Position	\$ (14,967,017)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Program	Reven	ues	Λ	let (Expense)	
	Expenses		Charges		G	Operating Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Change in Net Position	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		•							
Governmental Activities:									
Instructional services	\$	45,489,928	\$	921,028	\$	6,860,882	\$	(37,708,018)	
Support services		28,390,867		105,704		150,394		(28,134,769)	
Enterprise and community services		3,311,222		202,945		36,742		(3,071,535)	
Facilities maintenance services		1,810,788		-		-		(1,810,788)	
Interest on long-term liabilities		2,812,217		-		-		(2,812,217)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	81,815,022	\$	1,229,677	\$	7,048,018		(73,537,327)	
General Revenues:									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes								16,678,859	
Property taxes, levied for debt service								5,212,693	
Construction excise tax								202,434	
State school fund								40,786,945	
Common school fund								586,373	
Unrestricted state and local funds								2,043,881	
Earnings on investments								649,823	
Miscellaneous								885,198	
Gain on sale or compensation for loss of asset								149,484	
Total General Revenues								67,195,690	
Change in net position								(6,341,637)	
Net position - beginning								(8,625,380)	
Net position - ending							\$	(14,967,017)	

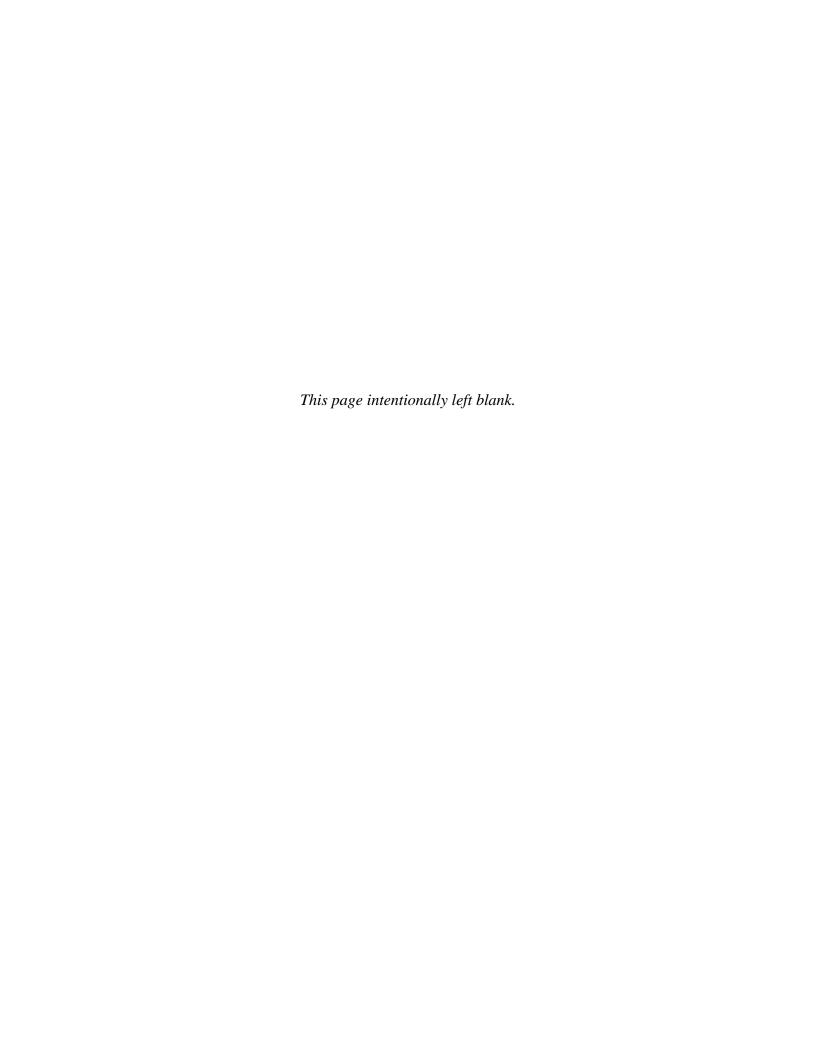
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			Special
	General	Spe	cial Revenue
ASSETS Cash and investments Property taxes receivable Other receivables Prepaids Inventories	\$ 18,548,619 644,875 1,234,737 278,113		1,759,279 - 1,576,132 18,113 149,648
Total Assets	\$ 20,706,344	\$	3,503,172
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 927,506	\$	94,400
Accounts payable to other governments  Accrued salaries and benefits	4,254,564		529,248
Unearned revenue			157,601
Total Liabilities	5,182,070		781,249
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	572,068		-
Fund Balance Non-spendable Prepaids	278,113		18,113
Inventories Restricted for	-		149,648
Debt service Capital projects Committed to	- -		-
Grants	-		2,554,162
Insurance services	174,228		-
Other Assigned for	612,234		-
Specific education projects Special projects	2,607,004		-
Unassigned	11,280,627		-
Total Fund Balances	14,952,206		2,721,923
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 20,706,344	\$	3,503,172

Rever	ıue								
Special Projects		De	bt Service	Cap	oital Projects		Total		
\$	709,775 - 69,084	- 208,267		\$	3,944,923	\$	25,141,496 853,142 2,881,317		
	-		-		-		296,226 149,648		
\$	778,859	\$	388,531	\$	3,944,923	\$	29,321,829		
Ф	1.601	Ф		Ф		Ф	1 022 507		
\$	1,601 - 8,542	\$	11,915 - -	\$	2,633	\$	1,023,507 11,915 4,794,987 157,601		
	10,143		11,915		2,633		5,988,010		
	-		185,145		-		757,213		
	-		-		- -		296,226 149,648		
	-		191,471 -		3,942,290		191,471 3,942,290		
	- - -		- - -		- - -		2,554,162 174,228 612,234		
	- 768,716 -		- - -		- - -		2,607,004 768,716 11,280,627		
	768,716		191,471		3,942,290		22,576,606		
\$	778,859	\$	388,531	\$	3,944,923	\$	29,321,829		

RECONCILIATON OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

FUND BALANCES		\$ 22,576,606
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Cost	\$ 115,119,540	
Accumulated depreciation	 (36,263,806)	78,855,734
A portion of the District's property taxes are collected after year-end but		
are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's operations,		
and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		757,213
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as		
governmental fund liabilities. Interest in long-term debt is not accrued		
in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure		
when due. During refunding of debt, the difference between the net carrying		
amount of the old debt and the reacquisition price (amount transferred to		
escrow for payment of the old debt) is deferred interest and is amortized		
as an adjustment of interest expense in the statement of activities over		
the remaining life of the refunded debt.		
These liabilities consist of:		
Accrued interest	(132,812)	
Accrued compensated absences	(661,732)	
Long-term debt	(55,123,164)	
Less deferred charges from refunding	 3,596,416	(52,321,292)
Long-term pension liabilities not payable in the current year are not		
reported as governmental fund liabilities. Actuarial changes create		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources.		
These consist of:		
Net pension liability	(65,783,685)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(5,370,700)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	 23,132,328	(48,022,057)
Long-term OPEB assets / liabilities not payable in the current year are not		
reported as governmental fund liabilities. Actuarial changes create		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources.		
These consist of:		
Net OPEB asset	518,914	
Total OPEB liability	(22,081,970)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(101,595)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	 4,851,430	 (16,813,221)
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ (14,967,017)



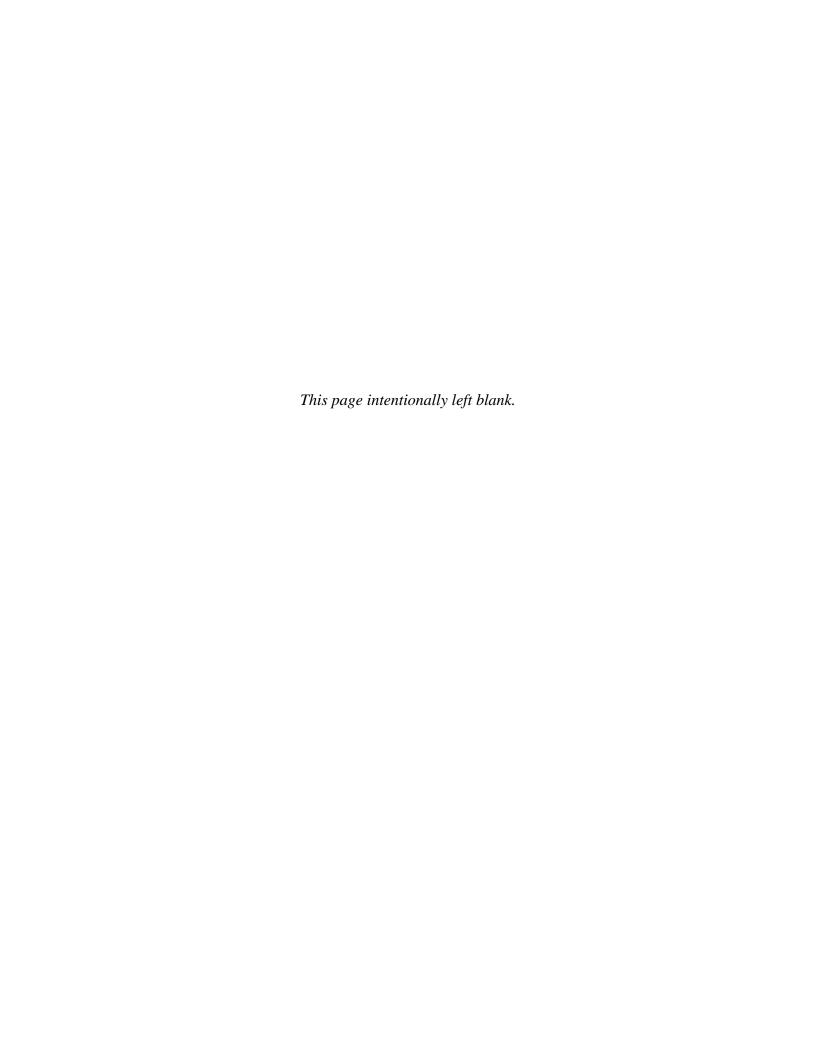
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Special
	General	Special Revenue
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$ 16,652,278	\$ -
Construction excise tax	-	202,434
Intergovernmental		
Intermediate sources	1,414,941	592,725
State sources	41,454,478	1,249,522
Federal sources	260,930	5,383,749
Charges for services	241,500	1,123,973
Contributions	-	93,397
Investment earnings	532,172	24,624
Miscellaneous	712,407	180,485
Total Revenues	61,268,706	8,850,909
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Instruction	35,254,698	4,434,081
Support services	23,348,485	1,412,959
Enterprise and community services	119,356	2,869,867
Facilities acquisition and construction	35,209	-
Debt Service		
Principal	-	145,119
Interest	_	39,873
Refunding bond issuance costs	-	
Capital outlay	831,209	338,735
Total Expenditures	59,588,957	9,240,634
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	<del></del>	
EXPENDITURES	1,679,749	(389,725)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Refunding bonds issued		
Issuance of long-term debt	_	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-
Transfers in	285,841	61,469
Transfers out		01,409
	(405,888)	2 125
Sale of/or compensation for loss of capital assets	147,359	2,125
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	27,312	63,594
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,707,061	(326,131)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	13,245,145	3,048,054
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 14,952,206	\$ 2,721,923

Revenue					
Special Projects	 ebt Service	Cap	Capital Projects		Total
\$ -	\$ 5,205,049	\$	-	\$	21,857,327
-	-		-		202,434
-	-		-		2,007,666
-	-		-		42,704,000
_	-		-		5,644,679
274,331	-		-		1,639,804
1,074	- 		20.605		94,471
16,664 62,390	55,668 1,072		20,695 60,211		649,823 1,016,565
354,459	 5,261,789		80,906	-	75,816,769
35 1,139	2,201,702		00,200		75,010,705
-	-		-		39,688,779
418,251	-		-		25,179,695
2,500	-		-		2,991,723
-	-		696,644		731,853
-	4,187,223		-		4,332,342
-	1,159,988		-		1,199,861
-	-		35,800		35,800
	 		55,499		1,225,443
420,751	5,347,211		787,943		75,385,496
(66,292)	(85,422)		(707,037)		431,273
-	-		29,625,000		29,625,000
-	-		3,629,573		3,629,573
-	-		(29,355,118)		(29,355,118)
66,578	-		-		413,888
(8,000)	-		-		(413,888)
	 				149,484
58,578	 -		3,899,455		4,048,939
(7,714)	(85,422)		3,192,418		4,480,212
776,430	 276,893		749,872		18,096,394
\$ 768,716	\$ 191,471	\$	3,942,290	\$	22,576,606

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		\$ 4,480,212
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 1,620,855	
Net book value of disposed assets	(1,283)	
Less current year depreciation	(2,606,318)	(986,746)
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount		
by which proceeds exceeded repayments:	(20, 625, 000)	
General obligation refunding bond proceeds	(29,625,000)	
General financing proceeds	(3,629,573)	
Principal payment to refunded bond escrow agent	25,080,000	
Debt principal repaid	3,607,342	
Amortization of bond premium	230,905	(1,000,540)
Amortization of deferred charges from refunding	3,243,777	(1,092,549)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds it is recorded as an interest expenditure when due.		(51,120)
Property taxes that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities property taxes are recognized as revenue when levied.		34,225
In the Statement of Activities, pension expense is adjusted based on the actuarially		
determined contribution changes:  Net change in net pension liability - PERS	(4,948,349)	
Net change in PERS deferred outflows of resources	(2,249,115)	
Net change in PERS deferred inflows of resources	(335,626)	
Net change in total pension liability - stipends	(130,169)	
Net change in pension deferred outflows of resources - stipends	122,496	(7,540,763)
In the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is adjusted based on the actuarially	122,170	(7,5 10,705)
determined contribution changes:		
Net change in net OPEB liability/asset - RHIA	211,030	
Net change in OPEB deferred outflows of resources	4,717,591	
Net change in OPEB deferred inflows of resources	(15,340)	
Net change in total OPEB liability - medical subsidy	(6,021,418)	(1,108,137)
Compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure in the governmental fund when they are paid. In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are recognized		
as expenses when earned.		(76,759)
		<u> </u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		\$ (6,341,637)



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bethel School District No. 52 (the District) is a municipal corporation governed by a separately elected seven-member School Board. Administrative officials are approved by the Board. The daily functioning of the District is under the supervision of the Superintendent-Clerk. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all activities of the District have been included in the basic financial statements.

The District qualifies as a primary government since it has a separately elected governing body, is a legally separate entity, and is fiscally independent. There are various governmental agencies and special service districts, which provide service within the District's boundaries. However, the District is not financially accountable for any of these entities, and therefore, none of them are considered component units or included in these basic financial statements.

## **Basis of Presentation**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District. These statements include the governmental financial activities of the overall District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed primarily through property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of its functions/programs. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to that function. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities in the Statement of Activities, except that interfund services are not eliminated. Program revenues include: (1) charges to students or others for tuition, fees, rentals, material, supplies or services provided and (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes and state support, are presented as general revenues.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

## Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each being displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund and accounts for all revenues and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal revenue sources are an apportionment from the State of Oregon and property taxes. For reporting purposes the General Fund also includes the Insurance Reserve Fund. This fund accounts for insurance related activities. The major source of revenue is from interfund transfers or insurance claim proceeds.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and receipts of various local, state and federal grants and projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **Basis of Presentation** (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

*Special Projects Fund* - This fund is used for various special programs administered by the District. This fund is presented as major due to the importance of the fund.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. This fund's principal revenue source is property taxes. This fund is presented as major due to the importance of the fund.

*Capital Projects Fund* - This fund accounts for the construction and rehabilitation of District schools. This fund's primary source of revenue is general obligation bond proceeds.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### Cash and Investments

The District's cash consist of cash on hand, demand and time deposits. The District's investments consist of the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is stated at cost which approximates fair value.

## Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Property Taxes Receivable (Continued)

Uncollected property taxes are recorded on the statement of net position. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

#### Accounts and Other Receivables

Accounts and other receivables are comprised primarily of state school support and claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and state grants. At June 30, 2020, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

#### Grants

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Grant monies received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures are recorded as unearned revenue.

#### Inventories

Inventories of supplies and materials in the governmental funds are stated at cost. Inventories of food and supplies are valued at invoice cost (first-in, first-out). Inventoried items are charged to expenditures of the user department at the time of withdrawal from inventory (consumption method). Commodity inventories are not recorded as title to them is not considered to pass to the District until they are consumed.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at original or estimated original cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. The District defines capital assets as individual assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20 to 60 years Equipment and vehicles 3 to 20 years

## Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

Substantially all of the District's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The District also offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan established pursuant to Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and a deferred compensation plan established pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The District currently maintains an early retirement program which provides for payment of stipends and/or health insurance benefits to qualified employees. The District's employees who elect retirement are entitled to participate in the District's group medical insurance plan as provided by Oregon Revised Statutes.

The government liquidates its pension and OPEB obligations from General Fund resources.

## Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave payment as the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. These obligations will be paid from the fund from which employee wages are charged. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements. Compensated absences will be paid from general revenues and 75 percent of these are expected to be paid within 12 months.

## Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental financial statements, fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund type fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes when the constraints placed on the use of these resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the School Board. The School Board can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action.
- Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the School Board approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget. The District's Director of Business Services uses that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unassigned for presentation in the District's Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Governmental Fund Balances (Continued)

• Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. This residual classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

## Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. In addition, certain funds budgeted as special revenue funds are reported as part of the General Fund because their source of funds is primarily transfers from the General Fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years should also be reported in debt service funds.

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

## Use of Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications - committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

## Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized when incurred and not deferred. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums received on debt issuances, and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Budget

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary basis of accounting is the same as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental fund types, except that capital outlay expenditures, including items below the District's capitalization level, are budgeted by major function in governmental fund types. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations.

Appropriations are established at the major function level (instruction, support services, enterprise and community services, facilities acquisition and construction, debt service, operating contingency and transfers) for each fund. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution.

Supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels) with Board approval. During the year, one appropriation transfer was made. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has four items that arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The statement of net position reports two types related to OPEB's, one type related to the PERS net pension liability and one type related to the bond refunding. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The balance sheet reports unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. The statement of net position reports one type related to OPEB's and one type related to the PERS net pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains an internal cash and investments pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed in the basic financial statements as "cash and investments."

Cash and investments are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2020:

Cash and Deposits		
Cash on hand	\$	2,570
Deposits with financial institutions		3,965,339
Investments		
Local Government Investment Pool		21,173,587
	•	25 141 406
	Ф	25,141,496

#### Deposits

At June 30, 2020, the District's deposits with various financial institutions had a bank balance of \$4,491,637 and a book balance of \$3,965,339. The difference is due to transactions in process. Bank deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the District's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all demand accounts and the aggregate of all savings and time deposits accounts at each institution. Deposits not covered, if any, are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. At June 30, 2020, the balance covered by the PFCP was \$3,673,342.

#### Credit Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize school districts to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities of the United States, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances guaranteed by a qualified financial institution, repurchase agreements, interest bearing bonds of any city, county, port or school district in Oregon (subject to specific standards), and the Oregon State Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The Board of Education has adopted an investment policy for the District, which complies with state statutes, as it relates to the credit risk of investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District held the following investments and maturities:

Investment type		Fair Value	Weighted average maturity in years	% of investment portfolio	
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	21,173,587	0.003	100.0%	

The "weighted average maturity in years" calculation assumes that all investments are held until maturity. The Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is unrated.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by structuring the investment portfolio, so that securities mature to meet the cash flow needs of ongoing operations. The District's investment policy also limits investments as follows:

Investment type	Maximum % of portfolio	Maximum length to maturity
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100.0%	18 months
U.S. Government Agency Securities	100.0%	18 months
Banker's Acceptances	25.0%	18 months
Certificate of Deposits	25.0%	18 months
Repurchase Transactions	25.0%	18 months
Commercial Paper	25.0%	18 months
Corporate Notes	10.0%	18 months
Local Government Investment Pool	100.0%	1 day

The LGIP investment is limited by Oregon Statute to an amount in excess of \$50 million, which amount will increase proportionately to the Portland Consumer Price Index. The limit can be temporarily exceeded for ten business days and does not apply either to pass-through funds or to funds invested on behalf of another governmental unit.

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The funds deposited in the Local Government Investment Pool are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value. At June 30, 2020, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the pool shares. The funds in the Local Government Investment Pool are not subject to risk evaluation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy limits the types of investments that may be held and does not allow securities to be held by the counterparty.

At June 30, 2020, the District's investments were rated as follows:

Investors Service													
Investment type	Aaa		Aa1 Aa3			Not rated		Total					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$		_	\$		_	\$		_	\$	21,173,587	\$	21,173,587

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of or has control of any funds. The LGIP is commingled with the State's Short Term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-term Fund Board, which has established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of the investments. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP. These investments within the LGIP must be invested and managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,093,510	\$ 258,708	\$ -	\$ 3,352,218
Construction in process	178,561	429,655	(441,558)	166,658
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,272,071	688,363	(441,558)	3,518,876
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	103,725,297	372,106	=	104,097,403
Equipment	3,101,398	1,001,944	-	4,103,342
Vehicles	3,481,098		(81,179)	3,399,919
Total capital assets being depreciated	110,307,793	1,374,050	(81,179)	111,600,664
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(31,319,624)	(2,063,125)	-	(33,382,749)
Equipment	(972,837)	(359,086)	-	(1,331,923)
Vehicles	(1,444,923)	(184,107)	79,896	(1,549,134)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,737,384)	(2,606,318)	79,896	(36,263,806)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	76,570,409	(1,232,268)	(1,283)	75,336,858
Total capital assets, net	\$ 79,842,480	\$ (543,905)	\$ (442,841)	\$ 78,855,734

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following programs:

Dua	~		
Pra	gr	an	n

Instructional services	\$ 95,019
Support services	
Pupil transportation	162,170
Other support services	165,278
Enterprise and community services	
Food services	14,565
Other enterprise and community services	8,179
Facilities maintenance services	 2,161,107
Total	\$ 2,606,318

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Notes from direct borrowings	\$ 46,406,257 1,458,751	\$ 29,625,000 3,629,573	\$ 28,542,223 145,119	\$ 47,489,034 4,943,205	\$ 4,570,650 63,074
Total	47,865,008	33,254,573	28,687,342	52,432,239	4,633,724
Unamortized premium, Series 2013 Unamortized premium, Series 2013 B & C	812,621 2,109,209	-	90,291 140,614	722,330 1,968,595	-
Total issuance premiums	2,921,830		230,905	2,690,925	
Total	\$ 50,786,838	\$ 33,254,573	\$ 28,918,247	\$ 55,123,164	\$ 4,633,724

## Bonds Payable

General Obligation and Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 - In April 2013, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$20,860,000 to finance the cost of capital projects for the district and to refinance certain outstanding General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2002. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$675,000 to \$2,730,000 plus interest paid semi-annually at 1.25% to 5.0% through 2028. The bonds were issued at a premium, which is being amortized through 2028.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bond shall not be subject to acceleration.

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 B & C - In December 2013, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$39,496,166 to finance the cost of capital projects for the district. The bond is due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$5,345,000 plus interest paid semi-annually at 1.47% to 5.0% through 2034. The bonds were issued at a premium, which is being amortized through 2034.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

<u>General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016</u> - In November 2016, the District issued advance refunding bonds in the amount of \$4,162,000 to refund a portion of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 B. The bond is due in annual installments of \$124,000 to \$1,803,000 plus interest paid semi-annually at 1.44% through 2021.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bank may increase the rate of interest on the agreement by 1.5% for so long as the event of default continues, however the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 - In November 2019, the District issued advance refunding bonds in the amount of \$29,625,000 to refund a portion of the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 B. The bond is due in annual installments of \$320,000 to \$4,745,000 plus interest paid semi-annually at 2.85% through 2034.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

Future debt service requirements for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 4,570,650	\$ 2,788,428	\$ 7,359,078
2022	2,077,706	2,802,077	4,879,783
2023	2,530,000	2,461,134	4,991,134
2024	2,262,500	2,837,045	5,099,545
2025	2,890,000	2,305,284	5,195,284
2026-2030	17,518,178	5,384,787	22,902,965
2031-2034	15,640,000	1,064,903	16,704,903
	\$ 47,489,034	\$ 19,643,658	\$ 67,132,692

## **Defeased General Obligation Bonds**

In previous years, the District defeased general obligation bonds outstanding by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old obligations. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased obligations are not included in the District's basic financial statements. At June 30, 2020, defeased general obligation bonds outstanding were \$28,290,000.

## 2016 Advance Refunding

On November 9, 2016, the District issued \$4,162,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 to advance refund portions of the outstanding 2013 B series bonds. The net proceeds of \$4,091,597 (after payment of \$70,403 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for certain outstanding debt service payments of the 2013 bonds until called on June 15, 2024.

The advanced refunding reduced the total debt service payments over the next five years by \$332,000 and obtained an economic gain defined as the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt, of approximately \$879,000. The deferred amount on refunding as of June 30, 2020 was \$176,320, net of accumulated amortization of \$705,277.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

## 2019 Advance Refunding

On November 21, 2019, the District issued \$29,625,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 to advance refund portions of the outstanding 2013 B series bonds. The net proceeds of \$29,355,118 (after payment of \$269,882 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for certain outstanding debt service payments of the 2013 bonds until called on June 15, 2024.

The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the life of the issue by \$1,985,912. This resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,480,118.

Notes from Direct Borrowings

<u>Full Faith and Credit Financing Agreement, Series 2018</u> – In May 2018, the District entered into a tax-exempt and bank qualified financing agreement for \$1,600,000 with JPMorgan Chase Bank to finance the cost of projects in the district. The district will repay this amount in annual installments of \$141,249 to \$180,152 plus interest paid semi-annually at 2.74% through 2028.

The note is secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bank may increase the rate of interest on the agreement by 1.5% for so long as the event of default continues.

<u>Full Faith and Credit Financing Agreement, Series 2020</u> – In May 2020, the District entered into a full faith and credit financing agreement for \$3,629,573 (plus 12 months of accrued interest to May of 2021) with Banc of America Public Capital Corp to finance the cost of projects in the district. The District will repay this amount in annual installments of \$325,997 to \$170,307 plus interest paid semi-annually at 2.37% beginning in August of 2021 through 2036.

The note is secured by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bank may increase the rate of interest on the agreement by 2% for so long as the event of default continues.

Future debt service requirements for direct borrowings are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 63,074	\$ 122,015	\$ 185,089
2022	372,196	96,945	469,141
2023	307,044	109,698	416,742
2024	321,705	101,778	423,483
2025	348,940	93,422	442,362
2026-2030	1,650,430	327,558	1,977,988
2031-2035	1,383,512	151,667	1,535,179
2036-2037	 496,304	 11,860	 508,164
	\$ 4,943,205	\$ 1,014,943	\$ 5,958,148

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The General Fund is the primary fund where the compensated absences liability is liquidated.

Compensated absences activity for the year is as follows:

Outstanding July 1, 2019		In	creases	De	ecreases	tstanding 230, 2020	ount Due One Year
\$	584,973	\$	375,844	\$	299,085	\$ 661,732	\$ 496,299

#### INTERFUND ADVANCES

The General Fund loaned a total of \$156,000 to the Insurance Reserve Fund to finance the purchase of a high volume cutsheet printer. The remaining balance of \$52,000 was repaid during the current year.

The Insurance Reserve Fund loaned a total of \$320,000 to the General Fund to finance the purchase of new accounting software and an overall technology upgrade. Of the \$128,000 remaining balance, \$64,000 is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

The Insurance Reserve Fund is presented with the General Fund under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 and as such, these amounts have been eliminated on the balance sheet. Both advances were made with zero percent interest and are expected to be fully paid by 2022.

#### INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	<u>Tro</u>	ansfers In	Transfers Out		
General	\$	285,841	\$	405,888	
Special Revenue		61,469		-	
Special Projects		66,578		8,000	
	\$	413,888	\$	413,888	
		-			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **PENSION PLANS**

The District offers an early retirement incentive, providing stipend amounts to retirees and contributes to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System. The breakdown of the net pension liability, total pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are:

	Stipends			PERS		Total	
Net Pension Liability	\$	-	\$	65,253,707	\$	65,253,707	
Total Pension Liability		529,978		-		529,978	
Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources		122,496		23,009,832		23,132,328	
Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		5,370,700		5,370,700	

## Early Retirement Incentives (Stipends)

**Description** - The District maintains a single-employer early retirement supplement program for eligible employees of the District. The program generally covers licensed and administrative staff that have completed twelve years of continuous service and have reached retirement age. Licensed staff with a least 30 years of service can retire at any age. Upon reaching age 58, an employee may elect retirement. In addition, an employee may elect to retire as early as age 55 with a reduced stipend. A stipend is paid to the participant until age 62, unless the District receives notification of eligibility for unemployment payments filed with the State Employment Services. At that time, stipend payments cease. This pension-type benefit is required to be valued under GASB Statement No. 73. The District does not issue a standalone report for this plan.

## **Funding Policy**

The District provides payments in accordance with current contracts on a pay-as-you-go basis. At June 30, 2020, the District was providing early retirement benefits to 18 former licensed teachers or administrators, and there were 340 active administrators and licensed staff.

The District did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan. Instead, the activities of the plan are reported in the Governmental Funds as the incentive payments are paid. During the year ended June 30, 2020, governmental fund expenditures related to early retirement stipend benefits totaled \$41,092.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## **Total Pension Liability Related to Stipends**

The District's total pension liability for stipends of \$529,978 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 using the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay Cost Method.

## Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases, average, including inflation	3.50%
Discount rate	2.75%

- The discount rate is based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The index used is the Bond Buyer 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index.
- Employer funding policy is on a pay-as-you-go cash basis.
- Mortality rates were generally the same rates as used in the December 31, 2017 PERS actuarial valuation.
- The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on those developed in the most recent results of an actuarial experience study for Oregon PERS.

#### Changes in the Total Pension Liability for Stipends

	Total Pension		
	Liability -		
	S	Stipends	
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$	399,809	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		18,535	
Interest on total pension liability		14,917	
Differences between expected and actual experience		45,653	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		92,156	
Benefit payments - Stipends		(41,092)	
Net changes		130,169	
Total Pension Liability at end of the year	\$	529,978	

The 2.75 percent discount rate assumption is the 20-Year General Obligation Municipal Bond Index published by Bond Buyer. This rate was decreased from 3.75 percent in the 2017 valuation to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 73.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total pension liability of the District, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.75%)		Discount Rate (2.75%)		1% Increase (3.75%)	
Total Pension Liability for Stipends on June 30, 2020	\$	577,264	\$	529,978	\$	496,635

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Stipends

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized stipend pension expense of \$48,765.

At June 30, 2020, there were deferred outflows of resources related to stipends from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions		40,580 81,916		
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	122,496		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to stipends will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount
2021	\$ 15,313
2022	15,313
2023	15,313
2024	15,313
2025	15,313
Thereafter	 45,931
Total	\$ 122,496

## Oregon Public Employees Retirement Plan

**Plan Description** - The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## PERS Pension (Chapter 238)

**Pension Benefits** - The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if it results in greater benefits.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

**Death Benefits** - Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
- member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
- member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

**Disability Benefits** - A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

**Benefit Changes After Retirement** - Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

#### Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The 2003 Oregon Legislature passed PERS reform legislation that essentially created a new retirement plan for employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. These employees became members of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: the Pension Program (defined benefit plan) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined contribution plan). OPSRP is administered by PERS.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan Pension Program (OPSRP DB) (Continued)

**Pension Benefits** - This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

**Death Benefits** - Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

**Disability Benefits** - A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

**Benefit Changes After Retirement -** Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

#### **Contributions**

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2019. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$8,656,485, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. Employer pension expense of \$7,533,090 was recognized during the reporting period.

At June 30, 2020 the District reported a net pension liability of \$65,253,707 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.38 percent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## **Contributions** (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

		ferred Outflow Deferred (Inflow) of Resources of Resources		 Net	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,598,550	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		8,852,410		-	
Changes in proportionate share		-		(3,520,824)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(1,849,876)	
Differences between District contributions and employers proportionate share of contributions	·	1,902,387			
Subtotal - Amortized deferrals (below)		14,353,347		(5,370,700)	\$ 8,982,647
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		8,656,485			
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	23,009,832	\$	(5,370,700)	

Deferred outflows of resources related to PERS of \$8,656,485 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net PERS liability in the year June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to PERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	-	Amount
2021	\$	5,968,072
2022		279,373
2023		1,519,414
2024		1,177,570
2025		38,218
Total	\$	8,982,647

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB Statement No. 68 reporting summary dated March 4, 2020. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## PENSION PLANS (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Valuations**

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), and (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Valuation date	December 31, 2017			
Measurement date	June 30, 2019			
Experience study	2016, published July 2017			
Actuarial Assumptions				
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal			
Inflation Rate	2.50%			
Long-term expected rate of return	7.20%			
Discount rate	7.20%			
Projected salary increases	3.50%			
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance			
	with Moro decision; blend based on service.			
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:			
	RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social			
	Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in			
	the valuation.			
	Active members:			
	RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social			
	Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in			
	the valuation.			
	Disabled retirees:			
	RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social			
	Security Data Scale.			

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; page 71)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2016 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Depletion Date Projection** – GASB Statement No. 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB Statement No. 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB Statement No. 67 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB Statement No. 67 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; page 70)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## **Assumed Asset Allocation**

Asset Class/Strategy	OIC Policy	Current Year
Asset Class/Strategy	Range Range	
Debt Securities	15.0 - 25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5 - 42.5	37.5
Real Estate	9.5 - 15.5	12.5
Private Equity	14.0 - 21.0	17.5
Alternative Equity	0.0 - 12.5	12.5
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0 - 3.0	0.0
Total		100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; page 100)

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; page 70)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## **PENSION PLANS** (Continued)

## **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)**

Asset Class	Target Allocation 1	Annual Arithmetic Return 2	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Core Fixed Income	8.00 %	3.59 %	3.49 %	4.55 %
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.42	3.38	2.70
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00	5.34	5.09	7.50
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.90	6.45	10.00
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	7.45	6.30	16.25
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	8.49	6.69	20.55
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	9.01	6.80	22.90
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13	8.21	6.71	18.70
Emerging Market Equities	4.13	10.53	7.45	27.35
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88	8.67	7.01	19.75
Private Equity	17.50	11.45	7.82	30.00
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	6.15	5.51	12.00
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	8.26	6.37	21.00
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50	4.36	4.09	7.80
Hedge Funds - Event-driven	0.63	6.21	5.86	8.90
Timber	1.88	6.37	5.62	13.00
Farmland	1.88	6.90	6.15	13.00
Infrastructure	3.75	7.54	6.60	14.65
Commodities	1.88	5.43	3.84	18.95
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.50 %	1.85 %

<sup>1</sup> Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, revised as of June 7, 2017.

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; page 74; Table 31)

**Sensitivity** - Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

			scount Rate (7.20%)	19	% Increase (8.20%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 104,498,022	\$	65,253,707	\$	32,411,622

<sup>1</sup> The arithmetic mean is a component that goes into calculating the geometric mean. Expected rates of return are presented using the geometric mean, which the Board uses in setting the discount rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## PENSION PLANS (Continued)

## **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)**

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online at the below website, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700,

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

## **OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)**

**Plan Description** – ORS Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of Oregon PERS, and is administered by the Oregon PERS Board.

**Pension Benefits** – An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

**Death Benefits** – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lumpsum payment.

**Contributions** – The District pays or "picks up" 6 percent of the employees' covered payroll. The District paid \$1,905,168 in employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District offers a postemployment health insurance subsidy and contributes to a retirement health insurance account through Oregon Public Employees Retirement System. The breakdown of the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are:

		Medical	Ir	Insurance		
		Subsidy	Account (RHIA)		Total	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	22,081,970	\$	-	\$	22,081,970
Net OPEB Asset		-		518,914		518,914
OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,811,055		40,375		4,851,430
OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources		=		101,595		101,595

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

## Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (Medical Subsidy)

The Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (Medical Subsidy) for the District combines two separate plans. The District provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums, and a contribution toward eligible participants' medical premiums.

As of the valuation date of July 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	18
Active employees	582
	600

**Plan Description - Explicit Subsidy -** The District maintains a single-employer early retirement supplement program for its employees. This program covers full-time licensed, administrative and eligible confidential personnel of the District who retire with at least 12 years of regular service to the District. Benefits are offered until age 65 or death. The District does not issue a standalone report for this plan. This optional early retirement program provides the employee with the following:

- For eligible licensed employees the aggregate increased cost of a retiree's program (stipend plus insurance) shall no exceed 5% (6% for employees who retire prior to June 30, 2003) in any one year.
- For eligible confidential employees the District shall pay no more than 15% of the employee's last annual salary.
- For eligible administrators, out-of-pocket premiums will be the same for the duration of early retirement benefits as the out-of-pocket premium amount during the last year of active duty.

The benefits from this program are paid by the retired employees on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is no obligation on the part of the District to fund these benefits in advance.

**Plan Description - Implicit Subsidy** - The District operates a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements and Oregon State law. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The District's post-retirement healthcare plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulate that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees.

Eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 are allowed to continue to enroll in the same healthcare coverage as offered to active employees. The retiree's coverage selection is available only upon retirement although coverage can continue until the retiree's age 65. The spouse's coverage is available until the spouse's age 65 but also must be selected at the time of retirement. Following the retiree's death or attainment of age 65, the retiree's spouse can continue full coverage until the spouse's age 65. The retiree or surviving spouse is responsible for paying the full premium at the applicable tier. The difference between retiree claims costs, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer subsidy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Eligibility is determined by:

- For administrators and classified members, the employee must retire with an immediate service or disability retirement benefit under the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)
- For certified members, the employee must retire with an immediate service benefit under OPERS, or be eligible for a benefit under the District's Long Term Disability program.

## **Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy**

The District's total OPEB liability for Medical Subsidy of \$22,081,970 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 using the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay Cost Method.

## Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	July 1, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	2016, published July 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Actuarial Assumptions	
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Discount rate	2.75%
Projected salary increases	3.50%
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro decision; blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	RP-2014 Disables retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale.

**Discount Rate** - Under GASB Statement No. 75, unfunded plans must use a discount rate that reflects a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate. The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2020 reporting date is 2.75%, reflecting the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

## **Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy (Continued)**

**Healthcare Cost Trend** – The actuarial calculations used an assumption that medical costs will increase 5.00% in the first year, 5.50% in the second year, 6.00% in the third year, and varying from 6.00% to 4.50% over the remainder of the projection period. These trends are based in part on the 2019 Segal Health Plan Cost Trend Survey. Rates are trended down in subsequent years in accordance with prevalent actuarial practice, based in part of the Society of Actuaries - Getzen Long Term Healthcare Trends Resource Model, as updated October 2018.

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## **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy**

	Total OPEB bility Medical Subsidy
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 16,293,942
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	906,691
Interest on total OPEB liability	625,255
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,695,258
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,615,137
Benefit payments	 (1,054,313)
Net changes	5,788,028
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 22,081,970

The 2.75 percent discount rate assumption is the 20-Year General Obligation Municipal Bond Index published by Bond Buyer. This rate was decreased from 3.75 percent in the 2017 valuation to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75.

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.75%)	Discount Rate (2.75%)	1% Increase (3.75%)
Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy on June 30, 2020	\$ 23,936,280	\$ 22,081,970	\$ 20,504,634

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare							
	1	% Decrease		rend Rates	1% Increase			
				_				
Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy on June 30, 2020	\$	19,562,400	\$	22,081,970	\$	25,408,008		

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Medical Subsidy

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,264,676 related to the Medical Subsidy. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to the Medical Subsidy from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs	\$	3,233,351 1,577,704		
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	4,811,055		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Medical Subsidy will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount				
2021	\$	691,209			
2022		691,209			
2023		691,209			
2024		691,209			
2025		691,209			
Thereafter		1,355,010			
Total	\$	4,811,055			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

## Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

**Plan Description** — As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. The plan, which was established under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 238.420, provided for a payment of up to \$60 per month toward the costs of Medicare companion health insurance for eligible retirees. A comprehensive annual financial report of the funds administered by the OPERS may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700 or by accessing the PERS website at:

## www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

Benefits Provided – Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2019. The District's contribution rates for the period were 0.60 percent for Tier One/Tier Two members, and 0.00 percent for OPSRP members. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled \$35,967.

# Net OPEB Liability or Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to RHIA

At June 30, 2020 the District reported an asset of \$518,914 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset related to RHIA. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB asset/liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The district's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year being compared to the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year by all employers. The District's proportionate share as of the measurement date is 0.2685% changed from 0.2758% at the prior measurement date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense reduction of \$102,226 related to the RHIA. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the RHIA OPEB from the following sources:

		red Outflow Resources	rred (Inflow) Resources	Net	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ (68,429)		
Changes of assumptions		-	(538)		
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on investments		-	(32,030)		
Changes in proportionate share		4,408	 (598)		
Subtotal - Amortized deferrals (below)		4,408	(101,595)	\$	(97,187)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		35,967			
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	40,375	\$ (101,595)		

Deferred outflows of resources related to RHIA of \$35,967 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for RHIA in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to RHIA will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	1	Amount
2021	\$	(50,289)
2022		(44,461)
2023		(5,736)
2024		3,299
2025		_
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	(97,187)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	December 31, 2017					
Measurement date	June 30, 2019					
Experience study	2016, published July 2017					
Actuarial Assumptions						
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal					
Inflation Rate	2.50%					
Long-term expected rate of return	7.20%					
Discount rate	7.20%					
Projected salary increases	3.50%					
Retiree healthcare participation	Healthy retirees: 35%					
	Disabled retirees: 20%					
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable.					
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:					
	RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex,					
	Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as					
	described in the valuation.					
	Active members:					
	RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social					
	Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as					
	described in the valuation.					
	Disabled retirees:					
	RP-2014 Disables retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex,					
	Social Security Data Scale.					

(Source: June 30, 2019 Oregon PERS CAFR; Table 28; page 73)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2016 experience study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

## **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption was based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. For more information on the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using the arithmetic and geometric means, see the breakdown in the Pension Plan footnote at page 48.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.20 percent for the Retirement Health Insurance Account. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability for RHIA to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the Retirement Health Insurance Account, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)		Discount Rate (7.20%)		1% Increase (8.20%)	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset) for RHIA on June 30, 2020	\$	(402,292)	\$	(518,914)	\$	(618,285)

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability for RHIA to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The net OPEB liability (asset) of the District for RHIA is (\$518,914). The ORS stipulates a \$60 monthly payment, so there would be no change to the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **CLAIMS AND LITIGATION**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, or expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

Management has represented that there are no contingent liabilities that require disclosure or recognition in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) No. 450-20. Such contingent liabilities would include, but would not be confined to: notes or accounts receivable which have been discounted; pending suits; proceedings, hearings, or negotiations possibly involving retroactive adjustments; unsatisfied judgments or claims; taxes in dispute; endorsements or guarantees; and options.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The District purchased commercial insurance to cover all commonly insurable risks, including property, liability, vehicles, fidelity bond, worker's compensation and unemployment. All policies carry a small deductible amount. No insurance claims settled in each of the prior three years have exceeded policy coverage.

#### TAX ABATEMENTS

The District's property tax revenues were reduced by approximately \$49,715 under agreements entered into by Lane County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **BUDGET COMPLIANCE**

## Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Oregon law prohibits expenditures in excess of board approved appropriations. The board approves appropriations for each fund by major function. For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Fund/Appropriation Category	Appropi	Ex	penditure	Variance		
General Fund						
Facilities acquisition and construction	\$	-	\$	35,209	\$	(35,209)
Insurance Reserve Fund						
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		307,112		(307,112)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District is dependent on the State of Oregon for a substantial portion of its operating funds. Due to funding fluctuations at the State level, future funding for school districts is impacted by the economic growth statewide, which has been negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and its resulting economic uncertainty. The ultimate effect of this on the District's future operation is not yet determinable.

#### NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." This Statement provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. This objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

GASB Statement No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." This Statement (1) increases consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of the Statement are effective immediately.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AND THE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR STIPENDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Schedule of Changes in the Total Pension Liability for Stipends

Year ended June 30,			Interest on total pension liability		Difference between expected and actual results		Changes of assumptions or other inputs		Benefit payments		Net change in total pension liability	
2020 2019 2018	\$	18,535 17,908 17,908	\$	14,917 14,706 14,612	\$	45,653	\$	92,156	\$	(41,092) (32,036) (27,973)	\$	130,169 578 4,547

## Schedule of Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios for Stipends

Year ended June 30,	ĺ	al pension liability eginning	tota	change in al pension liability	i	al pension liability nding (1)	Covered - employee payroll	Total pension liability as percentage of covered - employee payroll	Discount rate	
2020	\$	399,809	\$	130,169	\$	529,978	\$ 21,258,862	2.49%	2.75%	
2019		399,231		578		399,809	20,508,685	1.95%	3.75%	
2018		394,684		4,547		399,231	19,815,154	2.01%	3.75%	

## Notes:

These schedules are required to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes to the discount rate each period.

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined and measured as of June 30 of that year.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIANATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR PERS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) (1)	Covered payroll (2)	NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.39%	\$ 65,253,707	\$ 29,711,317	219.6%	80.2%
2019 (6)	0.40%	60,305,358	27,933,033	215.9%	82.1%
2018	0.41%	55,111,874	28,547,885	193.1%	83.1%
2017 (5)	0.43%	64,047,150	28,167,171	227.4%	80.5%
2016 (4)	0.44%	25,040,002	25,881,214	96.7%	91.9%
2015 (3)	0.47%	(10,764,630)	22,490,011	-47.9%	103.6%
2014	0.47%	24,234,847	23,498,326	103.1%	92.0%

#### Notes:

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.
- (2) Amounts for covered payroll use the prior year's data to match the measurement date used by the pension plan for each fiscal year.
- (3) The June 30, 2015 NPL reflects benefit changes from the Senate Bills 822 and 861.
- (4) The June 30, 2016 NPL reflects benefit changes from the Oregon Supreme Court's ruling in Moro v. State of Oregon, which overturned portions of Senate Bills 822 and 861.
- (5) The June 30, 2017 NPL reflects assumption changes reducing inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%, the long-term expected rate of return from 7.75% to 7.50%, the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50 % and the projected salary increases from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- (6) The June 30, 2019 NPL reflects assumption changes reducing the long-term expected rate of return from 7.50% to 7.20% and the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.20%.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PERS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required contribution		Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contri defic	iency	Co	vered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2020	\$	8,656,485	\$	8,656,485	\$	_	\$	30,567,517	28.3%	
2019		6,828,243		6,828,243		-		29,711,317	23.0%	
2018		6,501,137		6,501,137		-		27,933,033	23.3%	
2017		5,702,273		5,702,273		-		28,547,885	20.0%	
2016		5,574,636		5,574,636		-		28,167,171	19.8%	
2015		5,560,386		5,560,386		-		25,881,214	21.5%	
2014		4,897,645		4,897,645		-		22,490,011	21.8%	

## Notes:

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR RHIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30,	District's proportion of net OPEB liability	District's proportionate sha of the net OPEB liability (NOL) (1		Covered payroll (2)	NOL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	
2020	0.28%	\$ (518,9)	, ,	29,711,317	-1.75%	144.3%	
2019 (4)	0.28%	(307,8)		27,933,033	-1.10%	124.0%	
2018	0.28%	(117,10	,	28,547,885	-0.41%	108.9%	
2017 (3)	0.29%	79,3		28,167,171	0.28%	94.1%	

#### Notes:

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.
- (2) Amounts for covered payroll use the prior year's data to match the measurement date used by the OPEB plan for each fiscal year.
- (3) The June 30, 2017 NOL reflects assumption changes reducing inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%, the long-term expected rate of return from 7.75% to 7.50%, the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50 % and the projected salary increases from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- (4) The June 30, 2019 NOL reflects assumption changes reducing the long-term expected rate of return from 7.50% to 7.20% and the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.20%.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RHIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30,	rily required tribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		Cov	ered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2020	\$ 35,967	\$	35,967	\$	-	\$	30,567,517	0.12%	
2019	133,093		133,093		-		29,711,317	0.45%	
2018	133,550		133,550		-		27,933,033	0.48%	
2017	139,444		139,444		-		28,547,885	0.49%	

## Notes:

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND THE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR MEDICAL SUBSIDY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

## Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy

Year ended June 30,			Interest on total OPEB liability		Difference between expected and actual results		Changes of assumptions or other inputs		Benefit payments	Net change in total OPEB liability	
2020	\$	906,691	\$	625,255	\$	3,695,258	\$	1,615,137	\$ (1,054,313)	\$ 5,788,028	
2019 2018		859,107 859,107		582,847 565,562		-		-	(988,864) (938,588)	453,090 486,081	

## Schedule of Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for Medical Subsidy

Year ended June 30,	Total OPEB liability beginning	Net change in total OPEB liability	Total OPEB liability ending (1)	Covered employee payroll	Total OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	Discount rate
2020	\$ 16,293,942	\$ 5,788,028	\$ 22,081,970	\$ 31,600,103	69.88%	2.75%
2019	15,607,462	453,090	16,060,552	29,343,402	54.73%	3.75%
2018	15,121,381	486,081	15,607,462	28,351,113	55.05%	3.75%

#### Notes:

These schedules are required to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes to the discount rate each period

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined and measured as of June 30 of that year.

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO REPORTING FUNDS - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgetary funds				
		General		nsurance Reserve	d (reported as neral Fund)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	16,652,278	\$	-	\$ 16,652,278
Intergovernmental					
Intermediate sources		1,414,941		-	1,414,941
State sources		41,454,478		-	41,454,478
Federal sources		260,930		-	260,930
Charges for services		241,500		-	241,500
Investment earnings		532,172		-	532,172
Miscellaneous		300,870		411,537	712,407
Total Revenues		60,857,169		411,537	61,268,706
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		35,227,778		26,920	35,254,698
Support services		23,322,359		26,126	23,348,485
Enterprise and community services		119,356		-	119,356
Facilities acquisition and construction		35,209		-	35,209
Capital outlay		496,756		334,453	 831,209
Total Expenditures		59,201,458		387,499	59,588,957
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,655,711		24,038	1,679,749
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		279,602		6,239	285,841
Transfers out		(405,888)		-	(405,888)
Sale of or compensation for loss of capital assets		147,359		-	147,359
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		21,073		6,239	27,312
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,676,784		30,277	1,707,061
FUND BALANCES, beginning		12,973,194		271,951	13,245,145
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	14,649,978	\$	302,228	\$ 14,952,206

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budget	Variance with	Budget to GAAP	Actual GAAP	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Differences	Basis	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 16,514,599	\$ 16,514,599	\$ 16,652,278	\$ 137,679	\$ -	\$ 16,652,278	
Intergovernmental							
Intermediate sources	60,000	60,000	1,414,941	1,354,941	-	1,414,941	
State sources	41,687,330	41,687,330	41,454,478	(232,852)	-	41,454,478	
Federal sources	50,000	50,000	260,930	210,930	-	260,930	
Charges for services	-	-	241,500	241,500	-	241,500	
Investment earnings	311,000	311,000	532,172	221,172	-	532,172	
Miscellaneous	1,511,509	1,511,509	300,870	(1,210,639)		300,870	
Total Revenues	60,134,438	60,134,438	60,857,169	722,731	-	60,857,169	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction	38,475,673	38,425,673	35,227,778	3,197,895	-	35,227,778	
Support services	25,079,576	25,079,576	23,819,115	1,260,461	(496,756)	23,322,359	
Enterprise and community services	99,454	149,454	119,356	30,098	-	119,356	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	35,209	(35,209)	-	35,209	
Debt service	64,000	64,000	64,000	-	(64,000)	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	496,756	496,756	
Operating contingency	7,084,213	7,084,213		7,084,213			
Total Expenditures	70,802,916	70,802,916	59,265,458	11,537,458	(64,000)	59,201,458	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(10.669.479)	(10.669.479)	1.501.711	12 260 190	64.000	1 (55 711	
OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,668,478)	(10,668,478)	1,591,711	12,260,189	64,000	1,655,711	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Repayment of advances to other funds	-	-	52,000	52,000	(52,000)	-	
Transfers in	280,000	280,000	279,602	(398)	-	279,602	
Transfers out	(551,973)	(551,973)	(405,888)	146,085	-	(405,888)	
Sale of or compensation for loss of capital							
assets			147,359	147,359		147,359	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(271,973)	(271,973)	73,073	345,046	(52,000)	21,073	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(10,940,451)	(10,940,451)	1,664,784	12,605,235	12,000	1,676,784	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	11,940,431	11,940,431	13,113,194	1,172,763	(140,000)	12,973,194	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 999,980	\$ 999,980	\$ 14,777,978	\$ 13,777,998	\$ (128,000)	\$ 14,649,978	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Budget	Variance with	Budget to GAAP	Actual GAAP	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Differences	Basis	
REVENUES							
Construction excise tax	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 202,434	\$ 102,434	\$ -	\$ 202,434	
Intergovernmental							
Intermediate sources	407,126	407,126	592,725	185,599	-	592,725	
State sources	1,863,953	1,863,953	1,249,522	(614,431)	-	1,249,522	
Federal sources	6,498,342	6,498,342	5,383,749	(1,114,593)	-	5,383,749	
Charges for services	250,000	250,000	1,123,973	873,973	-	1,123,973	
Contributions	90,200	90,200	93,397	3,197	-	93,397	
Investment earnings	21,500	21,500	24,624	3,124	-	24,624	
Miscellaneous	2,301,378	2,301,378	180,485	(2,120,893)		180,485	
Total Revenues	11,532,499	11,532,499	8,850,909	(2,681,590)	-	8,850,909	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction	7,580,907	7,580,907	4,451,851	3,129,056	(17,770)	4,434,081	
Support services	2,730,456	2,730,456	1,454,614	1,275,842	(41,655)	1,412,959	
Enterprise and community services	3,353,935	3,353,935	2,887,228	466,707	(17,361)	2,869,867	
Facilities acquisition and construction	894,000	894,000	261,949	632,051	(261,949)	-	
Debt Service:							
Principal	141,249	141,249	145,119	(3,870)	-	145,119	
Interest	43,840	43,840	39,873	3,967	-	39,873	
Capital outlay					338,735	338,735	
Total Expenditures	14,744,387	14,744,387	9,240,634	5,503,753		9,240,634	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,211,888)	(3,211,888)	(389,725)	2,822,163	-	(389,725)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	179,628 (10)	179,628 (10)	61,469	(118,159) 10	-	61,469	
Sale of or compensation for loss of capital assets	2,000	2,000	2,125	125		2,125	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	181,618	181,618	63,594	(118,024)		63,594	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,030,270)	(3,030,270)	(326,131)	2,704,139	-	(326,131)	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	3,030,270	3,030,270	3,048,054	17,784		3,048,054	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,721,923	\$ 2,721,923	\$ -	\$ 2,721,923	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budget and	Variance with	
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 114,000	\$ 114,000	\$ 274,331	\$ 160,331	
Contributions	54,000	54,000	1,074	(52,926)	
Investment earnings	3,250	3,250	16,664	13,414	
Miscellaneous	112,000	112,000	62,390	(49,610)	
Total Revenues	283,250	283,250	354,459	71,209	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	10	10	-	10	
Support services	912,586	912,586	418,251	494,335	
Enterprise and community services	61,150	61,150	2,500	58,650	
Total Expenditures	973,746	973,746	420,751	552,995	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(690,496)	(690,496)	(66,292)	624,204	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	174,346	174,346	66,578	(107,768)	
Transfers out	(30,000)	(30,000)	(8,000)	22,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	144,346	144,346	58,578	(85,768)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(546,150)	(546,150)	(7,714)	538,436	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	751,000	751,000	776,430	25,430	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 204,850	\$ 204,850	\$ 768,716	\$ 563,866	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **BUDGETARY BASIS ACCOUNTING**

The District accounts for certain transactions on a budgetary basis which differs from GAAP basis. A description of the principal differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP in recording and reporting transactions follows:

	Budgetary Basis	GAAP Basis
Properties acquired by long-term financing such as from capital leases or installment contracts	Only the current year's payment is recorded as a capital outlay expenditure of the fund in which payments are budgeted.	The net present value of the total stream of payments is recorded in the fund from which payments will be made as an expenditure in the year of acquisition with a corresponding offset to other financing sources. Subsequent payments on the obligations are recorded as debt service expenditures.
Classification of expenditures by character	The character of expenditures (current expenditures, capital outlay, debt service) is reported at the object level. Budgets and appropriations are made for each major function.	Expenditures are classified and reported by character (current expenditures, capital outlay and debt service) within the financial statements.
Long-term advances to other funds	The issuance of a new long-term interfund loan is presented in the other financing sources (uses) category.  Repayment of previous advances are presented as debt service expenditures and other financing sources (uses).	Long-term interfund loans are reported on the balance sheet as advances to/from other funds and repayment of those loans reduce the related assets and liabilities.



RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO REPORTING FUNDS - COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgetary funds							
		General		isurance Reserve	Eli	iminations		d (reported as neral Fund)
ASSETS			-				-	
Cash and investments	\$	18,390,779	\$	157,840	\$	-	\$	18,548,619
Property taxes receivable		644,875		-		-		644,875
Advances to other fund		-		128,000		(128,000)		-
Other receivables		903,384		331,353		-		1,234,737
Prepaids		278,113	-		-			278,113
Total Assets	\$	20,217,151	\$	617,193	\$	(128,000)	\$	20,706,344
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	614,440	\$	313,066	\$	-	\$	927,506
Advances from other fund		128,000		-		(128,000)		-
Accrued salaries and benefits		4,252,665		1,899		-		4,254,564
Total Liabilities		4,995,105		314,965		(128,000)		5,182,070
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		572,068		-		-		572,068
Fund Balance								
Non-spendable								
Prepaids		278,113		-		-		278,113
Long-term advances		-		128,000		(128,000)		-
Committed to								
Insurance services		-		174,228		-		174,228
Other		612,234		-		-		612,234
Assigned for		2 (07 004						2 (07 004
Specific education projects Unassigned		2,607,004 11,152,627		-		128,000		2,607,004 11,280,627
Unassigned		11,132,027				128,000		11,280,027
Total Fund Balance		14,649,978		302,228		-		14,952,206
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		00.04= 1.50	•	<b></b>	•	(400 000)	•	00.50
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	20,217,151	\$	617,193	\$	(128,000)	\$	20,706,344

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - INSURANCE RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Variance with		Budget to GAAP	Actual GAAP	
	Original	Final	<b>Budget Basis</b>	Final Budget	Differences	Basis	
REVENUES							
Miscellaneous	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 411,537	\$ 236,537	\$ -	\$ 411,537	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction	500	50,500	26,920	23,580	-	26,920	
Support services	319,500	269,500	53,467	216,033	(27,341)	26,126	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	307,112	(307,112)	(307,112)	=	
Debt Service	52,000	52,000	52,000	-	(52,000)	=	
Capital outlay					334,453	334,453	
Total Expenditures	372,000	372,000	439,499	(67,499)	(52,000)	387,499	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(197,000	(197,000)	(27,962)	169,038	52,000	24,038	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Repayment of advances to other funds Transfers in	64,000	64,000	64,000 6,239	6,239	(64,000)	6,239	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	64,000	64,000	70,239	6,239	(64,000)	6,239	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(133,000	(133,000)	42,277	175,277	(12,000)	30,277	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	133,000	133,000	131,951	(1,049)	140,000	271,951	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,228	\$ 174,228	\$ 128,000	\$ 302,228	

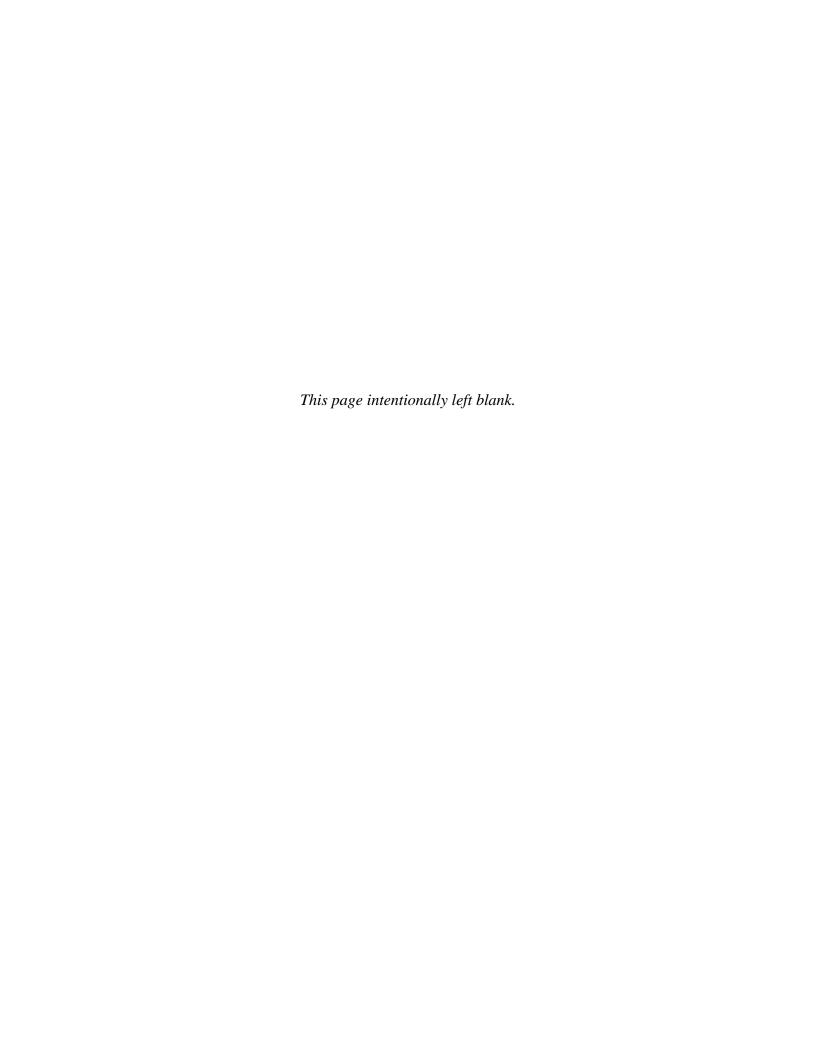
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

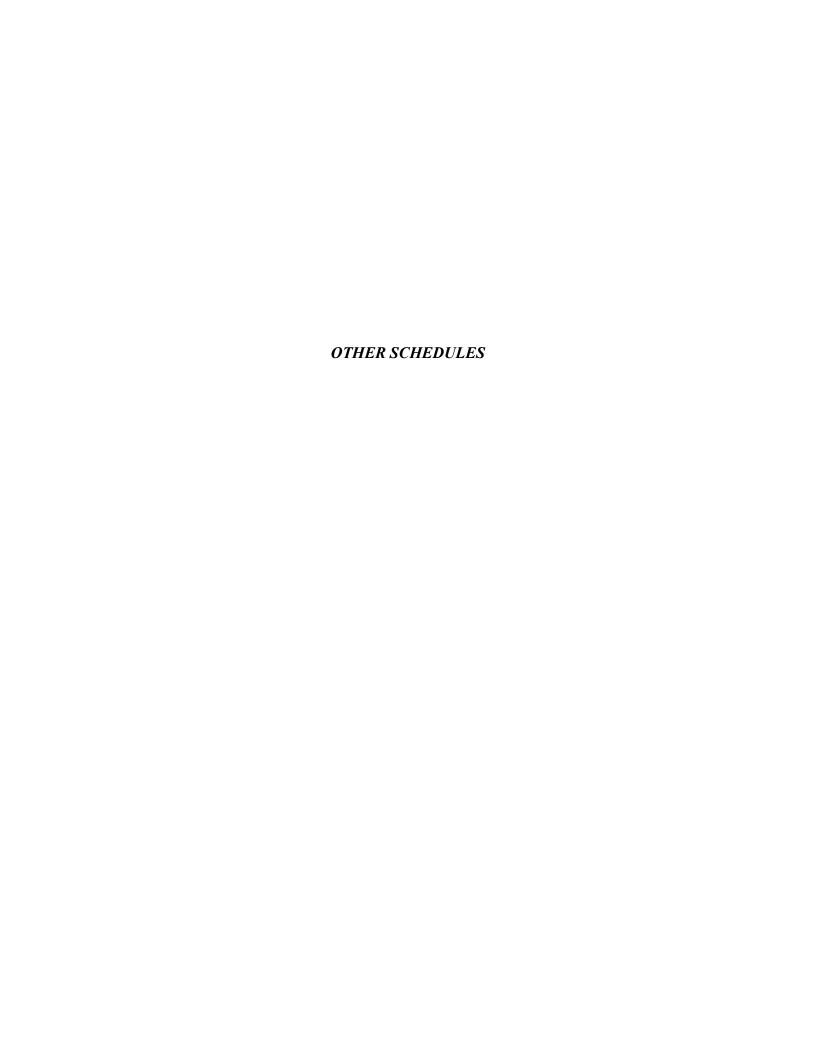
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Budget and	Variance with
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 5,367,408	\$ 5,367,408	\$ 5,205,049	\$ (162,359)
Investment earnings	60,000	60,000	55,668	(4,332)
Miscellaneous			1,072	1,072
Total Revenues	5,427,408	5,427,408	5,261,789	(165,619)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Support services	20	20	-	20
Debt Service				
Principal	3,387,223	3,387,223	4,187,223	(800,000)
Interest	1,960,165	1,960,165	1,159,988	800,177
Total Expenditures	5,347,408	5,347,408	5,347,211	197
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	80,000	80,000	(85,422)	(165,422)
FUND BALANCE, beginning	270,000	270,000	276,893	6,893
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 191,471	\$ (158,529)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final	Budget to GAAP	Actual GAAP
	Original	Final	<b>Budget Basis</b>	Budget	Differences	Basis
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 20,695	\$ (305)	\$ -	\$ 20,695
Miscellaneous	200	200	60,211	60,011		60,211
Total Revenues	21,200	21,200	80,906	59,706	-	80,906
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt Service	827,200	827,200	752,143	75,057	(55,499)	696,644
Refunding bond issuance costs	-	-	35,800	(35,800)	* -	35,800
Capital outlay			<u> </u>		55,499	55,499
Total Expenditures	827,200	827,200	787,943	39,257		787,943
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(806,000)	(806,000)	(707,037)	98,963	-	(707,037)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	29,625,000	29,625,000	-	29,625,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	-	3,629,573	3,629,573	-	3,629,573
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(29,355,118)	(29,355,118)	*	(29,355,118)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			3,899,455	3,899,455		3,899,455
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(806,000)	(806,000)	3,192,418	3,998,418	-	3,192,418
FUND BALANCE, beginning	806,000	806,000	749,872	(56,128)		749,872
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,942,290	\$ 3,942,290	\$ -	\$ 3,942,290

<sup>\*</sup> Overexpenditure occurred as a result of debt issuance, and is therefore not considered noncompliance related to overexpenditure of appropriations.





REVENUE SUMMARY – ALL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

LOCAL REVENUES           1111 Current year's taxes         \$ 16,368,240           1112 Prior year's taxes         224,240	
1112 Prior year's tayes 224.24°	2 \$ -
1112 11101 years taxes 224,242	-
1113 County tax sales for back taxes 7,31:	-
1130 Construction excise tax	- 202,434
Penalties and interest on taxes 52,48	-
1200 Revenue from local governmental units other than districts 66-	4 21,631
1330 Summer school tuition 241,500	) -
1500 Earnings on investments 532,172	2 24,624
1600 Food service	- 202,945
1700 Extracurricular activities	- 921,028
1800 Community services activities	
1910 Rentals 105,704	4 -
1920 Contributions and donations from private sources 3,160	6 93,397
1970 Services provided other funds	
1990 Miscellaneous 191,330	6 158,855
1000 Total Local Revenues 17,726,820	0 1,624,914
INTERMEDIATE REVENUES	
2101 County school funds 207,612	2 -
2102 Education service district apportionment 1,207,329	
2200 Restricted revenue	- 527,093
2800 Revenue in lieu of taxes	- 65,632
2000 Total Intermediate Revenues 1,414,94	1 592,725
STATE REVENUES	
3101 State school fund - general support 40,786,94:	5 -
3102 State school fund - school lunch match	- 25,028
3103 Common school fund 586,37	-
3199 Other unrestricted grants-in-aid 81,160	-
3222 State school fund (SSF) transportation	- 150,394
3299 Other restricted grants-in-aid	- 1,074,100
3000 Total State Revenues 41,454,478	8 1,249,522
FEDERAL REVENUES	
4300 Restricted revenue direct from the federal government	- 2,694
4500 Restricted revenue from the federal government through the state 53,113	5,000,855
4700 Grants-in-aid from the federal government through other	
intermediate agencies	- 182,754
4801 Federal forest fees 207,81	7 -
4900 Revenue for/on behalf of the district	- 197,446
4000 Total Federal Revenues 260,930	5,383,749
OTHER SOURCES	
5100 Long-term debt financing sources 52,000	
5200 Interfund transfers 279,602	
5300 Sale of or compensation for loss of capital assets 147,359	9 2,125
5000 Total Other Sources 478,96	1 63,594
5400 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year 13,113,194	3,048,053
6000 Total Resources \$ 74,449,324	4 \$ 11,962,557

Special Projects	Insurance Reserve	Debt Service	Capital Projects
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,113,068	\$
-	· -	72,445	
-	=	2,385	
-	-	· -	
-	=	17,151	
-	-	202	
=	=	=	
16,664	-	55,668	20,693
-	-	-	
274 221	-	-	
274,331	-	-	
1,074	_	_	
-	77,535	-	
62,390	334,002	870	60,211
354,459	411,537	5,261,789	80,900
,	,	, ,	,
-	-	-	
-	-	-	
-	=	=	
-	-	-	
	- -		
-	_	-	
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-	-	-	
-	-	-	
-	-	-	
-	-	-	
<u>-</u>	64,000	-	33,254,573
66,578	6,239	-	, - ,-,
-	-	-	
66,578	70,239	-	33,254,573
776,430	131,951	276,893	749,87
1,197,467	\$ 613,727	\$ 5,538,682	\$ 34,085,35

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Б		100	200 Employee
Function INSTRUCTION	Total	Salaries	Benefits
Regular programs			
Primary, K-5	\$ 13,325,414	\$ 7,805,316	\$ 5,440,148
Elementary extracurricular	11,482	7,648	3,834
Middle/junior high programs	5,008,884	2,936,062	2,035,834
Middle/junior high school extracurricular	46,818	32,073	14,745
High school programs	6,204,656	3,570,375	2,507,073
High school extracurricular	649,435	467,188	179,744
Pre-kindergarten programs	3,480	1,673	764
Special programs			
Restrictive programs for students with disabilities	3,208,931	1,586,758	1,159,186
Less restrictive programs for students with disabilities	4,090,510	2,254,198	1,588,151
Educationally disadvantaged			
Remediation	17,569	12,756	4,813
Title IA/D	43,299	20,396	22,903
Alternative education	1,474,781	615,074	420,982
Designated programs			
English second language program	1,080,791	630,353	449,315
Teen parent programs	21,799	15,488	6,311
Summer school programs	39,929	28,699	11,230
Total Instruction	35,227,778	19,984,057	13,845,033
SUPPORT SERVICES			
Students			
Attendance and social work services	268,719	78,714	67,899
Guidance services	1,796,148	999,505	717,033
Health services	661,424	316,832	215,464
Psychological services	230,623	121,170	81,336
Speech pathology and audiology services	844,769	487,129	342,977
Service direction, student support services	462,869	248,753	170,362
Instructional staff			
Improvement of instruction services	934,578	508,812	308,318
Educational Media Services	549,860	279,826	257,882
Assessment and testing	23,198	4,411	1,669
Instructional staff development	21,758	1,413	513
General administration			
Board of education services	198,671	-	-
Executive administration services	576,578	295,729	193,686
School administration	4.550 415	2.550.555	1.060.062
Office of the principal services	4,773,415	2,750,767	1,960,962
Business			
Direction of business support services	284,222	130,917	77,126
Fiscal services	560,861	259,174	204,964
Operation and maintenance of plant services	5,714,783	1,724,326	1,119,263
Student transportation services	2,915,368	969,094	685,352
Internal services	420,792	94,895	78,978
Central activities			
Information services	182,464	107,161	67,459
Staff services	393,393	212,980	144,973
Technology services	1,206,247	528,932	341,865
Supplemental retirement program	798,375	38,250	760,125
Total Support Services	23,819,115	10,158,790	7,798,206

300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies & Materials	500 Capital Outlay	600 Other Objects	700 Transfers
\$ 21,306	\$ 58,644	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
12,707	23,231	-	1,050	
-	-	-	-	-
59,351	51,810	-	16,047	-
-	2,029	-	474	-
-	1,043	-	-	-
449,555	13,432	-	-	-
230,533	17,492	-	136	
_	_	_	_	
-	-	-	-	
429,255	9,313	-	157	
-	1,051	-	72	,
-	-	-	-	
1,202,707	178,045	-	17,936	
122,106	-	-	-	
76,110	3,500	-	-	
113,142	15,687	-	299	
26,054	2,063	-	-	
641	12,012	-	2,010	
11,562	32,192	-	-	
97,148	15,472	-	4,828	
-	12,152	-	-	
12,126	4,873	-	119	
17,479	2,353	-	-	
181,089	1,076	-	16,506	
69,873	12,174	-	5,116	
27,903	12,979	-	20,804	
63,501	7,278	-	5,400	
38,511	57,833	-	379	
1,674,902	367,829	465,095	363,368	
1,200,416	11,704	20,071	28,731	
154,183	92,736	-	-	
5,260	2,584	-	-	
5,929	28,078	_	1,433	
210,162	113,377	11,611	300	

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY – GENERAL FUND (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Code	Function		Total	100 Salaries		200 Employee Benefits	
	ENTERPRISE AND COMMUNITY SERVICES						
3300	Community services	\$	115,607	\$	58,388	\$	57,069
3500	Custody and care of children services		3,749		2,768		981
3000	Total Enterprise and Community Services		119,356		61,156		58,050
	FACILITIES ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION						
4150	Building acquisition, construction, and improvement services		35,209		-		-
	OTHER USES						
5100	Debt service		64,000		-		_
5200	Transfers of funds		405,888				-
5000	Total Other Uses		469,888		-		-
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		14,777,978				
8000	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	74,449,324	\$	30,204,003	\$	21,701,289

300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies & Materials	500 Capital Outlay	600 Other Objects	700 Transfers
\$ 150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
150	-	-	-	-
-	-	35,209	-	-
-	-	-	-	64,000 405,888
-	-	-	-	469,888
				14,777,978
\$ 5,310,954	\$ 985,997	\$ 531,986	\$ 467,229	\$ 15,247,866

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					100	200 Employee	
Code	Function		Total		Salaries		Benefits
	INSTRUCTION						
1100	Regular programs			Φ.	2 022		4 400
1111	Primary, K-5	\$	69,889	\$	3,923	\$	1,489
1113	Elementary extracurricular		198,936		940		272
1121	Middle/junior high programs		79,377		29,107		17,969
1122	Middle/junior high school extracurricular		92,030		-		150 100
1131	High school programs		547,724		248,569		172,129
1132	High school extracurricular		660,451		5,077		1,964
1140	Pre-kindergarten programs		52,254		37,044		15,210
1200	Special programs		170.000		100 201		70.007
1220	Restrictive programs for students with disabilities		179,888		100,301		79,087
1250	Less restrictive programs for students with disabilities		765,703		447,561		314,816
1270	Educationally disadvantaged		1 401 200		965 673		(22.502
1272	Title IA/D		1,491,398		865,673		622,592
1280	Alternative education		294,901		172,778		83,306
1290	Designated programs		15.15.4				
1291	English language learner - ORS 336.079		17,174		-		-
1299	Other programs		2,126		659		53
1000	Total Instruction		4,451,851		1,911,632		1,308,887
	SUPPORT SERVICES						
2100	Students						
2110	Attendance and social work services		67,061		32,289		14,948
2120	Guidance services		136,731		46,976		22,967
2130	Health services		276,631		49,493		33,073
2140	Psychological services		11,230		-		-
2150	Speech pathology and audiology services		122,948		72,297		50,651
2190	Service direction, student support services		19,962		11,064		8,898
2200	Instructional staff						
2210	Improvement of instruction services		146,136		58,540		37,673
2220	Educational media services						
2230	Assessment and testing		165,558		25,000		11,558
2240	Instructional staff development		354,146		197,232		75,676
2400	School administration						
2410	Office of the principal services		11,395		6,992		3,787
2500	Business						
2540	Operation and maintenance of plant services		1,107		586		286
2550	Student transportation services		87,644		26,898		10,729
2600	Central activities						
2660	Technology services		195		-		-
2690	Other support services - central		53,870		4,436		1,777
2000	Total Support Services		1,454,614		531,803		272,023

300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies & Materials	500 Capital Outlay	600 Other Objects	700  Transfers
\$ 42,989	\$ 21,488	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7,634	190,090	-	-	-
200	31,814	-	287	-
5,290	86,740	-	-	-
7,864	98,183	-	20,979	-
-	653,410	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
_	500	-	_	-
-	3,326	-	-	-
81	3,052	-	_	_
1,647	34,618	-	2,552	-
5,364	11,810	_	_	_
425	917	-	72	-
71,494	1,135,948	-	23,890	-
5,681	13,996	-	147	-
34,699	32,089	-	-	-
194,004	61	-	-	-
11,230	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
442	40.000		582	
443	48,898	-	382	-
129,000	-	-	-	-
57,739	18,009	-	5,490	-
-	551	-	65	-
_	235	-	-	_
23,314	-	26,703	-	-
195	_	_	_	_
47,577	80			
503,882	113,919	26,703	6,284	. <u>–</u>

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Code	de Function		Total	100 Salaries		200 Employee Benefits
Couc	ENTERPRISE AND COMMUNITY SERVICES		101111	 Suturies		Benejus
3100	Food services	\$	2,510,538	\$ 884,044	\$	653,557
3300	Community services		63,857	21,752		11,461
3500	Custody and care of children services		312,833	173,766		108,518
3000	Total Enterprise and Community Services		2,887,228	1,079,562		773,536
	FACILITIES ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION					
4120	Site acquisition and development services		258,708	-		-
4150	Building acquisition, construction, and improvement services		3,241	 		-
4000	Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction		261,949	-		-
	OTHER USES					
5100	Debt service		184,992	-		-
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		2,721,923	 		-
8000	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	11,962,557	\$ 3,522,997	\$	2,354,446

300 Purchased Services	400 Supplies & Materials	500 Capital Outlay	600 Other Objects	700 Transfers
\$ 13,522 14,273 6,647	\$ 941,904 11,434 23,850	\$ 17,361 - -	\$ 150 4,937 52	\$ - - -
34,442	977,188	17,361	5,139	-
- -		258,708 3,241		-
-	-	261,949	-	-
-	-	-	184,992	-
-				2,721,923
\$ 609,818	\$ 2,227,055	\$ 306,013	\$ 220,305	\$ 2,721,923

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Code	Function	Total			100 Salaries		200 Employee Benefits	
	SUPPORT SERVICES							
2100	Students							
2130	Health services	\$	288,689	\$	105,142	\$	77,276	
2500	Business							
2520	Fiscal services		129,562		-		129,562	
2000	Total Support Services		418,251		105,142		206,838	
3300	ENTERPRISE AND COMMUNITY SERVICES Community services		2,500		-		-	
5200	OTHER USES Transfers of funds		8,000		-		-	
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		768,716					
8000	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	1,197,467	\$	105,142	\$	206,838	

300 archased Services	400 pplies & laterials	Ca	00 pital utlay	600 Other Objects	 700 Transfers
\$ 79,066	\$ 20,858	\$	-	\$ 6,347	\$ -
	 _		-		-
79,066	20,858		-	6,347	-
-	-		-	2,500	-
-	-		-	-	8,000
				 	768,716
\$ 79,066	\$ 20,858	\$	_	\$ 8,847	\$ 776,716

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - INSURANCE RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Code	Function INSTRUCTION		Total	100 Salaries		200 Employee Benefits	
	INSTRUCTION						
1100	Regular programs						
1111 1132	Primary, K-5 High school extracurricular	\$	26,823 97	\$	21,846	\$	4,977
1000	Total Instruction		26,920		21,846		4,977
	SUPPORT SERVICES						
2500	Business						
2570	Internal services		31,773		-		-
2600	Central activities						
2640	Staff services		21,694		-		19,894
2000	Total Support Services		53,467		-		19,894
	FACILITIES ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION						
4150	Building acquisition, construction, and improvement services		307,112		-		-
	OTHER USES						
5100	Debt service		52,000		-		-
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		174,228				
8000	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	613,727	\$	21,846	\$	24,871

Pur	300 rchased ervices	400 Supplies & Materials	500 Capital Outlay	600 Other Objects	700 Transfers
\$		\$ - 97	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	97	-	-	-
	-	20,442	11,331	-	-
	1,800	-	-	-	-
	1,800	20,442	11,331	-	-
	-	-	307,112	-	-
	-	-	-	-	52,000
					174,228
\$	1,800	\$ 20,539	\$ 318,443	\$ -	\$ 226,228

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY – DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Code	eFunction		Total	100 Salar	200 Employee Benefits		
5100	OTHER USES Debt service	- \$	5,347,211	\$	 \$	_	
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		191,471				
8000	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	5,538,682	\$	 \$	-	

Purc	300 Purchased Services		400 Supplies & Materials		500 Capital Outlay		600 Other Objects		700 Transfers	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,347,211	\$	-	
	-				_		-		191,471	
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	5,347,211	\$	191,471	

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Code	Function	\$ 52,606 ent services 2,271 697,266	100 Salaries		200 Employee Benefits		
	FACILITIES ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION						
4110	Service area direction	\$	52,606	\$	-	\$	-
4150	Building acquisition, construction, and improvement services		2,271		-		-
4190	Other facilities construction services		697,266		-		-
4000	Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction		752,143		-		-
	OTHER USES						
5100	Debt service	2	29,390,918		-		-
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		3,942,290				
8000	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$ 3	34,085,351	\$		\$	

300 Purchased Services		400 Supplies & Materials		500 Capital Outlay		600 Other Objects		700 Transfers					
\$	52,606 - 16,070	\$	2,271 55,018	\$	- - 356,296	\$	- - 269,882	\$	- - -				
	68,676		57,289		356,296	269,882			-				
	-		-	-		-		- 29,390,918		29,390,918			-
									3,942,290				
\$	68,676	\$	57,289	\$	356,296	\$	29,660,800	\$	3,942,290				

SCHEDULE OF SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION, 2019-2020

A. Energy Bill for Heating - All Funds:
Please enter your expenditures for electricity,
heating fuel, & water & sewage for these

	O	bjects 325 & 326 & 327
Function 2540	\$	1,318,116
Function 2550	\$	68,549

#### B. Replacement of Equipment – General Fund:

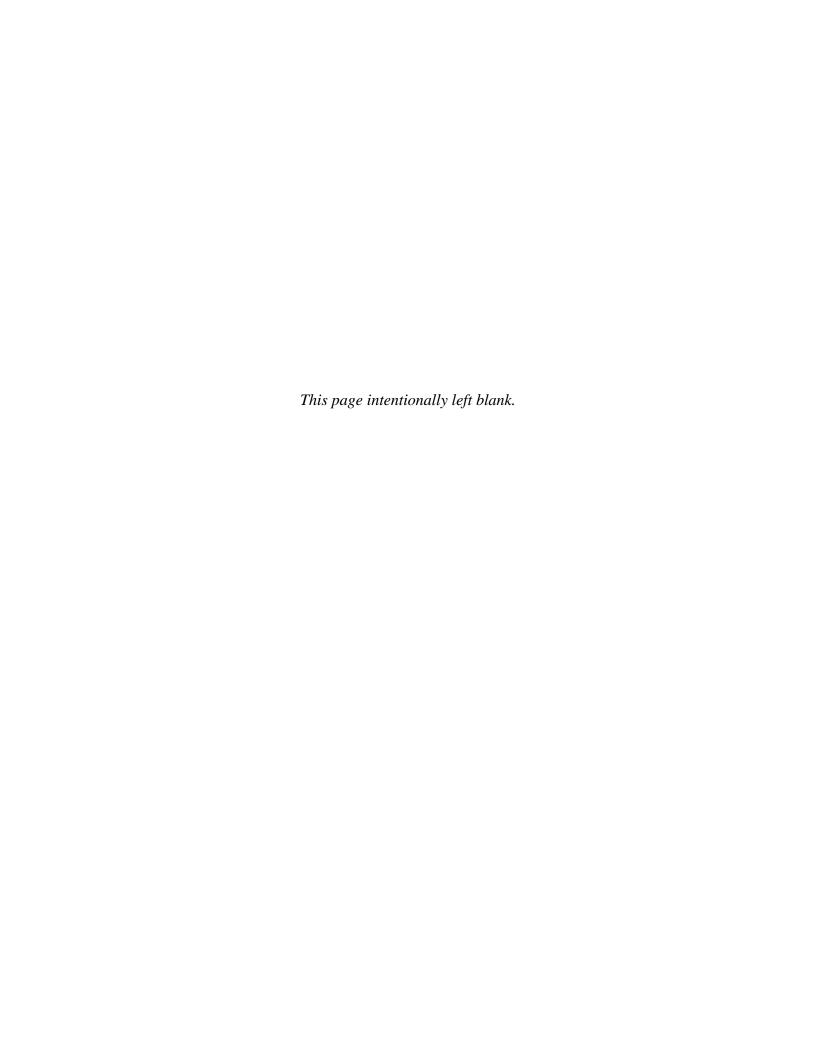
Include all General Fund expenditures in object 542, except for the following exclusions:

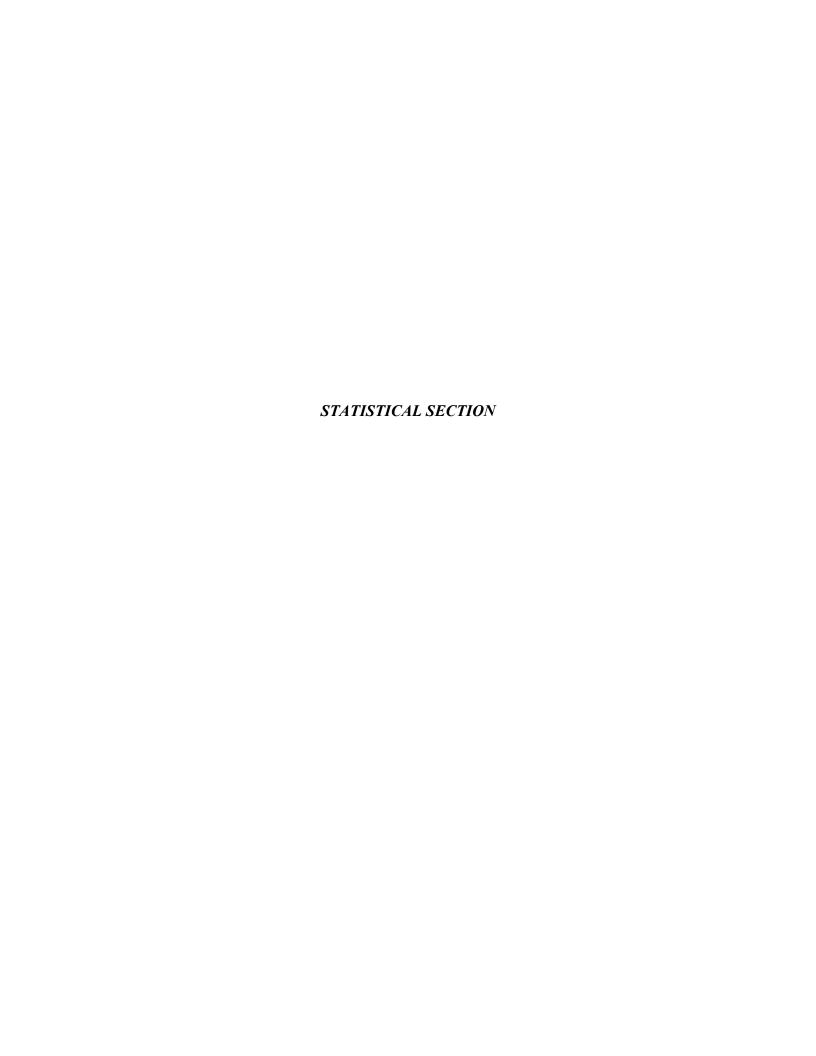
\$	141,447

#### Exclude these functions:

Functions & Objects.

1113	Elementary Extracurricular
1122	Middle/Junior High School Extracurricular
1132	High School Extracurricular
1140	Pre-Kindergarten
1300	Continuing Education
1400	Summer School
2550	Pupil Transportation
3100	Food Service
3300	Community Services
4150	Construction





#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents Page 94-101 Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performace and well-being have changed over time. 102-106 Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. **Debt Capacity** 107-110 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Demographic and Economic Information 111-113 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place. **Operating Information** 114-117 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

#### Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018
ASSETS			
Current and other assets	\$ 29,840,743	\$ 24,439,670	\$ 23,306,203
Net capital assets	78,855,734	79,842,480	79,673,176
Total Assets	108,696,477	104,282,150	102,979,379
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows	31,580,174	25,745,425	22,655,578
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	140,276,651	130,027,575	125,634,957
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	6,120,822	5,979,069	5,372,588
Long-term liabilities	143,650,551	127,552,557	125,576,559
Total Liabilities	149,771,373	133,531,626	130,949,147
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows	5,472,295	5,121,329	2,173,523
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	155,243,668	138,652,955	133,122,670
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	27,520,457	29,685,176	30,572,383
Restricted for:			
Debt service	243,804	372,702	621,115
Unrestricted	(42,731,278)	(38,683,258)	(38,681,211)
Total Net Position	\$(14,967,017)	\$ (8,625,380)	\$ (7,487,713)

Unrestricted net position decreased in fiscal years 2016 and 2017 due to the effects of GASBS Nos. 68, 73 and 75.

			Fiscal Year			
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 22,294,555	\$ 27,426,735	\$ 50,817,680	\$ 66,710,355	\$ 25,210,993	\$ 19,058,506	\$ 20,774,973
79,296,438	78,330,746	73,575,133	46,825,511	43,334,118	44,096,686	44,940,707
101,590,993	105,757,481	124,392,813	113,535,866	68,545,111	63,155,192	65,715,680
36,360,478	7,314,155	5,560,386				
137,951,471	113,071,636	129,953,199	113,535,866	68,545,111	63,155,192	65,715,680
	,-,-,-,	,,,,,,,,,	,,			,,
5,455,338	5,188,640	8,501,598	5,969,686	3,269,057	9,183,036	3,239,815
137,530,894	86,267,132	63,660,124	65,738,686	27,473,315	19,832,587	29,404,163
142,986,232	91,455,772	72,161,722	71,708,372	30,742,372	29,015,623	32,643,978
1,280,171	6,267,158	21,221,774				
144,266,403	97,722,930	93,383,496	71,708,372	30,742,372	29,015,623	32,643,978
144,200,403	91,122,930	93,363, <del>4</del> 90	71,700,572	30,742,372	29,013,023	32,043,976
30,377,559	27,146,288	28,370,475	29,980,258	29,155,144	26,971,686	24,225,707
, ,	, -, -	, ,	,,	, , -	, . ,	, -,,
878,207	975,048	852,641	217,755	767,399	588,933	841,639
(35,944,491)	(12,772,630)	7,346,587	11,629,481	7,880,196	6,578,950	8,004,356
\$ (4,688,725)	\$ 15,348,706	\$ 36,569,703	\$ 41,827,494	\$ 37,802,739	\$ 34,139,569	\$ 33,071,702

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
EXPENSES				
Instructional services	\$ 45,489,928	\$ 42,133,247	\$ 40,768,082	\$ 50,531,685
Support services	28,390,867	24,094,300	23,753,421	27,259,401
Enterprise and community services	3,311,222	3,272,278	3,142,288	3,513,512
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,810,788	2,381,547	2,342,307	3,560,375
Interest on long-term liabilities	2,812,217	1,895,909	1,836,724	1,867,984
Total Expenses	81,815,022	73,777,281	71,842,822	86,732,957
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Instructional services	921,028	1,241,550	1,297,221	2,213,306
Support services	105,704	142,672	124,444	127,969
Enterprise and community services	202,945	266,530	290,861	207,019
Operating grants and contributions				
Instructional services	6,860,882	8,037,804	6,407,070	6,275,170
Support services	150,394	83,410	50,120	51,849
Enterprise and community services	36,742	46,917	24,027	23,535
Total Program Revenues	8,277,695	9,818,883	8,193,743	8,898,848
NET (EXPENSES)	(73,537,327)	(63,958,398)	(63,649,079)	(77,834,109)
GENERAL REVENUES				
Property taxes, levies for general purposes	16,678,859	16,026,122	14,977,715	14,297,136
Property taxes, levies for debt service	5,212,693	4,898,462	4,762,834	4,615,732
Construction excise tax	202,434	136,927	255,323	310,969
State school fund	40,786,945	38,596,756	38,659,745	34,751,908
Common school fund	586,373	637,724	623,529	759,223
Unrestricted state and local funds	2,043,881	1,102,395	554,214	481,682
Earnings on investments	649,823	726,947	463,102	323,047
Miscellaneous	885,198	617,314	546,446	630,773
Gain on disposal of capital assets	149,484	78,084	7,183	
Total General Revenues	67,195,690	62,820,731	60,850,091	56,170,470
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (6,341,637)	\$ (1,137,667)	\$ (2,798,988)	\$ (21,663,639)

Fiscal Year								
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011			
\$ 49,907,806	\$ 24,093,425	\$ 29,306,992	\$ 28,827,126	\$ 31,164,003	\$ 31,566,430			
25,962,277	14,532,451	18,122,976	18,036,716	19,391,817	18,954,506			
3,181,898	2,019,680	2,334,837	3,268,376	2,170,139	2,214,326			
4,460,894	3,577,005	3,308,316	444,777	764,784	1,098,761			
1,848,912	1,886,502	1,315,665	518,847	961,803	985,368			
85,361,787	46,109,063	54,388,786	51,095,842	54,452,546	54,819,391			
33,474	9,600	12,820	66,859	36,672	261,179			
122,730	95,339	88,289	103,846	110,103	92,905			
233,911	306,370	283,623	276,587	295,732	314,864			
233,911	300,370	263,023	270,387	293,132	314,804			
7,406,012	5,935,859	5,526,146	5,380,686	7,222,202	7,773,885			
59,461	1,610,000	1,579,747	1,555,538	1,519,739	1,289,311			
20,758	20,657	28,561	46,945	21,607	22,868			
7,876,346	7,977,825	7,519,186	7,430,461	9,206,055	9,755,012			
(77,485,441)	(38,131,238)	(46,869,600)	(43,665,381)	(45,246,491)	(45,064,379)			
13,794,212	13,130,246	12,021,803	12,092,378	12,040,513	11,729,231			
4,608,926	4,591,214	4,747,104	4,489,989	4,267,847	4,219,233			
131,098	146,908	153,512	144,847	76,936	123,933			
35,072,395	31,631,980	31,184,043	28,116,085	27,621,735	26,359,638			
734,385	604,536	592,073	626,493	567,476	546,375			
520,694	653,526	505,212	752,783	389,885	1,345,120			
228,111	285,080	242,200	121,277	136,170	106,622			
1,174,623	1,167,159	1,448,408	1,166,475	1,213,796	1,075,699			
56,264,444	52,210,649	50,894,355	47,510,327	46,314,358	45,505,851			
\$ (21,220,997)	\$ 14,079,411	\$ 4,024,755	\$ 3,844,946	\$ 1,067,867	\$ 441,472			

# **BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON** FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
General Fund				
Non-spendable	\$ 278,113	\$ -	\$ 256,000	\$ -
Committed	786,462	995,107	4,188	395,267
Assigned	2,607,004	2,015,078	-	-
Unassigned	11,280,627	10,234,960	7,737,949	6,078,226
Total general fund	\$ 14,952,206	\$ 13,245,145	\$ 7,998,137	\$ 6,473,493
All Other Governmental Funds				
Unreserved, reported in:				
Non-spendable	\$ 167,761	\$ 66,069	\$ 156,366	\$ 39,967
Restricted	4,133,761	1,026,765	2,065,549	3,698,616
Committed	2,554,162	1,116,439	2,860,172	2,431,490
Assigned	768,716	2,641,976	4,038,049	3,244,820
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,624,400	\$ 4,851,249	\$ 9,120,136	\$ 9,414,893

In 2011, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement changed the categories for reporting fund balance in governmental funds. Accordingly, beginning in 2011 the fund balances are reported in this manner for statistical purposes.

Fiscal Year								
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
437,938	491,499	506,520	517,427	-	-			
 7,050,308	8,483,932	9,242,354	5,606,433	4,704,418	5,967,496			
\$ 7,488,246	\$ 8,975,431	\$ 9,748,874	\$ 6,123,860	\$ 4,704,418	\$ 5,967,496			
\$ 43,592	\$ 23,505	· ·	\$ 26,608	\$ 35,130	\$ 99,480			
7,853,470	16,512,007	7 46,897,897	11,036,495	240,399	6,515,216			
2,813,756	2,035,941	1,216,115	1,150,613	1,511,931	1,474,171			
 3,097,380	3,198,572	2,855,935	2,645,022	2,412,139	2,748,797			
\$ 13,808,198	\$ 21,770,025	\$ 50,994,054	\$ 14,858,738	\$ 4,199,599	\$ 10,837,664			

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 25,460,424	\$ 24,846,345	\$ 23,201,414	\$ 22,874,423
Intermediate sources	2,007,666	2,053,759	1,590,709	1,413,513
State sources	42,704,000	41,543,297	39,881,036	35,744,779
Federal sources	5,644,679	6,317,136	6,048,357	6,169,925
Total Revenues	75,816,769	74,760,537	70,721,516	66,202,640
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating				
Instruction	39,688,779	38,700,198	36,900,233	37,471,572
Support services	25,179,695	23,894,025	23,100,711	22,188,147
Enterprise and community services	2,991,723	3,064,686	2,929,725	2,939,729
Facilities acquisition & construction	731,853	113,356	423,191	1,235,535
Debt service				
Principal	4,332,342	3,440,249	3,053,909	2,699,000
Interest	1,199,861	1,955,790	2,016,200	2,039,497
Refinancing costs	35,800	-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,225,443	2,699,262	2,674,843	3,107,621
Total Expenditures	75,385,496	73,867,566	71,098,812	71,681,101
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	431,273	892,971	(377,296)	(5,478,461)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	413,888	572,854	484,974	816,962
Transfers out	(413,888)	(572,854)	(484,974)	(816,962)
Issuance of long-term debt	33,254,573	-	1,600,000	4,162,000
Amounts paid to fiscal agent	(29,355,118)	-	-	(4,091,597)
Proceeds from the sale of property	149,484	85,149	7,183	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,048,939	85,149	1,607,183	70,403
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,480,212	\$ 978,120	\$ 1,229,887	\$ (5,408,058)
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	7.46%	7.58%	7.41%	6.91%

	Fiscal Year							
2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011			
\$ 20,685,904	\$ 19,996,500	\$19,316,806	\$18,762,877	\$18,223,061	\$18,183,929			
1,823,136	2,456,056	1,502,394	465,757	418,279	874,694			
37,146,370	34,547,412	33,500,167	30,489,306	31,260,764	28,453,842			
6,094,870	5,418,416	5,523,511	5,246,800	5,785,666	8,042,691			
65,750,280	62,418,384	59,842,878	54,964,740	55,687,770	55,555,156			
36,264,812	33,456,684	29,444,718	28,871,580	31,159,833	31,229,822			
21,872,637	21,165,499	19,330,945	18,001,375	19,370,791	18,982,380			
2,607,229	2,428,783	2,307,429	2,120,990	2,142,818	2,132,277			
1,553,429	2,457,010	2,131,372	848,373	4,231	-			
2,435,000	1,720,000	3,695,000	3,760,000	9,575,000	3,555,000			
2,200,659	3,037,189	744,293	556,954	961,623	1,023,828			
-	, , , <u>-</u>	-	, -		85,000			
8,265,526	28,150,691	4,813,715	24,105	374,617	42,350			
75,199,292	92,415,856	62,467,472	54,183,377	63,588,913	57,050,657			
(9,449,012)	(29,997,472)	(2,624,594)	781,363	(7,901,143)	(1,495,501)			
538,453	865,043	40,000	1,251,601	977,634	467,506			
(538,453)	(865,043)	(40,000)	(1,251,601)	(977,634)	(467,506)			
-	-	42,384,924	22,843,994	-	5,985,000			
-	-	_	(11,365,000)	-	-			
		42,384,924	11,478,994		5,985,000			
		<u> </u>	11,770,777		5,705,000			
\$ (9,449,012)	\$ (29,997,472)	\$39,760,330	\$12,260,357	\$ (7,901,143)	\$ 4,489,499			
6.93%	7.40%	7.70%	7.97%	16.67%	8.03%			
0.73/0	/. <del>4</del> U70	7.7070	1.7170	10.0770	0.0370			

ASSESSED VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52 BOUNDARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal								
Year	Asse	essed Value (not inclu	ıdir	ıg exempt prope	rtv)	)		
Ending				Manufactured	- 0 )		Τ	<b>Cotal Assessed</b>
June 30,	Real Property	<b>Personal Property</b>		Structure	P	ublic Utility		Value
2020	\$ 3,378,982,481	\$ 140,274,247	\$	82,624,776	\$	250,241,460	\$	3,852,122,964
2019	3,272,240,888	138,067,166		76,157,799		218,389,400		3,704,855,253
2018	3,102,822,094	132,792,535		67,119,581		211,648,939		3,514,383,149
2017	2,949,074,402	125,753,101		62,839,372		173,178,610		3,310,845,485
2016	2,846,651,434	115,457,228		60,451,992		163,103,130		3,185,663,784
2015	2,699,161,238	107,747,411		56,388,531		144,893,183		3,008,190,363
2014	2,596,180,808	107,636,361		55,751,335		137,735,580		2,897,304,084
2013	2,515,540,078	108,118,076		60,774,386		133,673,430		2,818,105,970
2012	2,451,476,747	111,719,503		60,736,127		135,062,690		2,758,995,067
2011	2,705,151,293	n/a		n/a		n/a		2,705,151,293

#### **Notes:**

Beginning July 1, 1997 property taxes were based on an assessed value. Assessed value is defined as the lower of "maximum assessed value" or "real market value." For the 1997-1998 tax year, "maximum assessed value" was set at the 1995-1996 real market value less 10 percent. Assessed value for later years is limited to 3 percent annual increases.

The net levy is the actual imposed tax after adjustments and constitutional property tax limitations due to the passing of Measure 5 in 1990 and Measure 50 in 1997.

#### Source:

FY 2010-2020: Oregon Department of Revenue Property Tax Statistics Supplement for the appropriate fiscal year; Lane County Table 4A Detail of Taxing District Levies.

		Less:	
<b>Total Direct</b>	Amount Tax	Reduction and	Imposed
Tax Rate	Rate Will Raise	Adjustments	(Net Levy)
5.89	\$ 22,707,494	\$ (171,417)	\$ 22,536,077
5.88	21,787,883	(187,761)	21,600,122
5.93	20,822,720	(200,899)	20,621,821
5.94	19,660,131	(236,726)	19,423,405
6.04	19,235,675	(230,606)	19,005,069
6.13	18,440,206	(184,899)	18,255,307
6.06	17,557,662	(358,808)	17,198,854
6.15	17,331,351	(313,060)	17,018,291
6.11	16,857,459	(199,736)	16,657,723
6.13	16,582,577	(143,546)	16,439,031

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 neral Tax rmanent Rate	Obl Debt	eneral igation : Service Rate	Dir	Fotal ect Tax Rate
2020	\$ 4.5067	\$	1.39	\$	5.90
2019	4.5067		1.37		5.88
2018	4.5067		1.42		5.93
2017	4.5067		1.43		5.94
2016	4.5067		1.53		6.04
2015	4.5067		1.62		6.13
2014	4.5067		1.55		6.06
2013	4.5067		1.64		6.15
2012	4.5067		1.60		6.11
2011	4.5067		1.62		6.13

**Overlapping Total Property Tax Rates** 

		Overiap	oing rotairroperty	I an itates		
Fiscal Year	City of Eugene	Junction City Water Control	•		River Road Park and Recreation	
2020	\$ 8.0690	\$ 0.2523	\$ 1.8443	\$ 0.8410	\$ 3.5259	
2019	8.1340	0.2523	1.8093	0.8449	3.5259	
2018	7.9642	0.2523	1.6743	0.8464	3.5259	
2017	8.0223	0.2523	1.6743	0.8419	3.5259	
2016	7.9659	0.2523	1.8293	0.8198	3.5259	
2015	7.9800	0.2523	1.9345	0.8616	3.8535	
2014	9.3880	0.0252	1.3876	0.8646	3.8631	
2013	8.1376	0.0253	1.3908	0.8640	3.8730	
2012	8.1842	0.0283	1.3942	0.8782	3.8791	
2011	8.4400	0.2800	1.3900	0.8600	3.8900	

The permanent and local option tax rates are determined by the State of Oregon Constitution and State Statutes. Existing districts cannot increase their permanent rate authority. Local option levies are limited to five years for operations and ten years for capital projects. Elections for local option levies must meet the double majority election test, except in the November general election in even numbered years. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

Source: Lane County Department of Assessment and Taxation.

# **BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON** PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS FOR LANE COUNTY

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2020				
Taxpayer	Tax Amount	Assessed Amount	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Ten Largest Taxpayers	-					
Verizon Communications	\$ 1,068,58	4 \$ 64,151,000	1	1.67 %		
Seneca Sawmill Co	957,00	9 88,987,654	2	2.31		
Weyerhaeuser NR Company	913,41	5 54,739,494	3	1.42		
Shepard Investment Group LLC	545,22	1 32,003,004	4	0.83		
Arauco North America	399,67	5 23,527,738	5	0.61		
SFPP LP	386,54	4 35,937,517	6	0.93		
Commons At Pilot Butte LLC	371,15	4 21,796,855	7	0.57		
Taft Group I Inc	306,80	8 17,969,691	8	0.47		
Attune Foods LLC	290,48	2 27,033,188	9	0.70		
Metropolitan Life Ins Co	288,97	6 17,058,133	10	0.44		
Subtotal of Ten Largest Taxpayers		383,204,274	1	10.0		
All Other Taxpayers		3,468,918,690		90.0		
Total All Taxpayers		\$ 3,852,122,964		100.0 %		
		2011				
	Tax Amount	Assessed Amount	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Verizon Communications	\$ 787,02	6 \$ 47,151,700	1	1.7 %		
Weyerhaeuser NR Company	360,60		2	0.8		
Seneca Sawmill Co	316,80		3	1.1		
Comeast Corporation	301,16		4	0.7		
SFPP LP	295,82		5	1.0		
Heron Meadows Apartments NW LLC	282,93		6	0.6		
Datalogic Scanning Inc	261,91		7	0.6		
Flakeboard America LTD	245,11		8	0.5		
Taft Group I Inc	235,15		9	0.5		
Metropolitan Life Ins Co	204,30		10	0.4		
Subtotal of Ten Largest Taxpayers	201,50	216,372,646		8.0		
All Other Taxpayers		2,488,778,647		92.0		
Total All Taxpayers		\$ 2,705,151,293	•	100.0 %		

Lane County, Division of Assessment and Taxation.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Net Taxes	Co	llected within t of the L		Co	llections in	Total Collection	ons to Date
Ending June 30,	evied for the Siscal Year <sup>1</sup>		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2020	\$ 22,463,903	\$	21,481,309	95.63%	\$	296,687	\$ 21,777,996	96.95%
2019	21,541,113		20,627,486	95.76		762,087	21,389,573	99.30
2018	20,583,567		19,688,268	95.65		281,792	19,970,060	97.02
2017	19,406,588		18,390,467	94.76		318,070	18,708,537	96.40
2016	18,980,851		17,958,916	94.62		269,714	18,228,630	96.04
2015	18,212,398		17,289,838	94.93		304,345	17,594,183	96.61
2014	17,195,775		16,316,341	94.89		381,160	16,697,501	97.10
2013	16,996,461		16,002,240	94.15		430,373	16,432,613	96.68
2012	16,646,181		15,719,062	94.43		284,977	16,004,039	96.14
2011	16,405,982		15,448,487	94.16		581,194	16,029,681	97.71

#### Note:

The net taxes levied are for Lane county. Responsibility for the collection of all property taxes rests within the County's Department of Assessment and Taxation. Current taxes are assessed as of July, become due as of November 15 and become delinquent as of May 15. Assessed taxes become a lien upon real property in the fourth year of delinquency. Proceeds of tax sales are applied to delinquent taxes, interest and other costs attributable to the property sold."

1 The net levy is the actual imposed tax after adjustments and constitutional property tax limitations due to the passing of Measure 5 in 1990 and Measure 50 in 1997.

Source: SAL Table 4A, Line 28

# **BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON**RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General	l Bond	led	Del	ht

Fiscal Year	Gene	eral Obligation Bonds	Less Amount Available for Repayment	•	let General Obligation Bonds Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	<u>Pe</u>	r Student
2020	\$	55,123,164	\$ 180,264	\$	54,942,900	1.43	\$	10,059
2019		50,786,838	260,214		50,526,624	1.37		9,268
2018		54,457,992	376,566		54,081,426	1.55		9,842
2017		56,262,118	541,909		55,720,209	1.70		10,061
2016		58,359,335	652,324		57,707,011	1.83		10,403
2015		61,144,552	540,056		60,604,496	2.03		10,878
2014		63,214,769	498,159		62,716,610	2.18		11,829
2013		24,810,927	394,125		24,416,802	0.88		4,391
2012		17,125,000	6,161,960		10,963,040	0.62		3,038
2011		26,700,000	6,504,408		20,195,592	0.99		4,702

#### Other Governmental Activities Debt

Fiscal Year	Capit	al Leases	T	otal District	Pei	· Student	Per Capita	Total Debt as Percentage of Personal Income
2020	\$	-	\$	55,123,164	\$	10,059	n/a*	n/a*
2019		-		50,786,838		9,064	133	2.81
2018		-		54,457,992		9,842	143	3.12
2017		-		56,262,118		10,061	150	3.46
2016		-		58,359,335		10,403	158	3.85
2015		-		61,144,552		10,878	168	4.23
2014		-		63,214,769		11,829	176	4.72
2013		-		24,810,927		4,391	70	1.95
2012		-		17,125,000		3,038	48	1.34
2011		-		26,700,000		4,702	76	2.13

Data not available at time of publishing

**Note:** Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

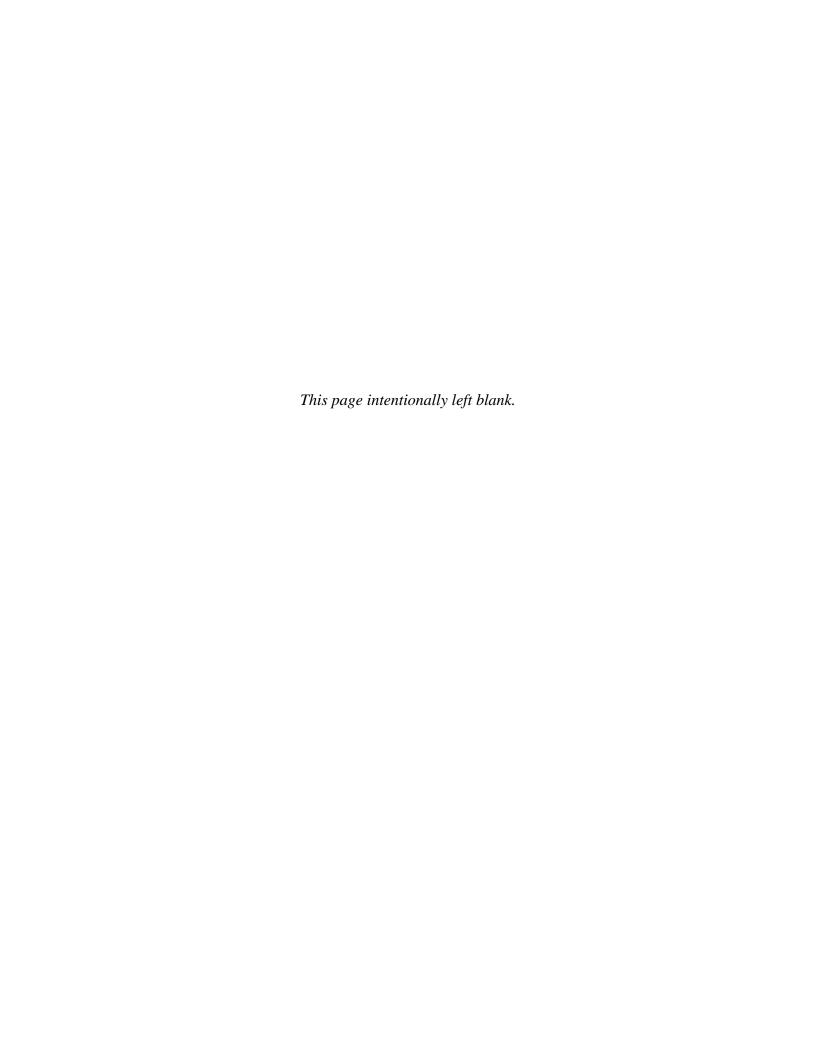
Source: School District records

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	Overlapping Net Property-tax	Percent	Overlapping
Overlapping Issuer	Backed Debt	Overlapping	Debt
City of Eugene	\$ 43,261,000	16.50%	\$ 7,140,098
Lane Community College	46,100,000	9.90%	4,565,744
Lane County	18,585,000	10.05%	1,866,993
Lane County Housing Authority	8,872,537	10.05%	891,308
Lane ESD	6,480,000	10.07%	652,504
River Road Parks & Recreation	390,000	2.06%	8,048
Subtotal, overlapping debt	123,688,537		15,124,695
Direct District net property-tax backed debt			48,077,667
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 63,202,362

Source: Oregon State Treasury, Debt Management Division.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The overlapping debt is the issuer's Net Property-tax Backed Debt times the percentage of taxable value within the District's boundaries.



LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>
Debt Limit	\$ 215,059,528	\$ 194,832,608	\$ 199,985,436	\$	206,396,374	\$	214,583,318
Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	\$ 20,195,592	\$ 26,459,601 168,373,007	\$ 22,465,601 177,519,835	<u>\$</u>	62,716,610 143,679,764	<u>\$</u>	60,604,496
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	9.39%	13.58%	11.23%		30.39%		28.24%

Allowable Percentage of Real Market Value:

 $^{\mathrm{A}}$  Kindergarten through eighth grade, 9 x .0055 4.95% <sup>B</sup> Ninth through twelfth, 4 x .0075 3.00% 7.95%

Allowable Percentage

Source: Lane County Department of Assessment and Taxation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ORS 328.245 establishes a parameter of bonded indebtedness for school districts. Aggregates are governed by real market values of all taxable properties within the District based on the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> For each grade from kindergarten to eighth for which the District operates schools, fifty-five on-hundredths of one percent (.0055) of the real market value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> For each grade from ninth to twelfth for which the District operates schools, seventy-five one-hundredths of one percent (.0075) of the real market value.

<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
\$ 226,308,789	\$234,451,415	\$246,674,356	\$ 260,143,151	\$ 268,629,107
57,707,011	55,720,209	54,081,426	50,526,624	54,942,900
\$ 168,601,778	\$178,731,206	\$192,592,930	\$ 209,616,527	\$ 213,686,207
25.50%	23.77%	21.92%	19.42%	20.45%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year_	Population	sonal Income housands of dollars)	er Capita onal Income	Unemployment Rate
2020	n/a	n/a	n/a	3.5
2019	382,067	\$ 18,087,217	\$ 47,340	4.6
2018	379,611	17,431,415	45,919	4.2
2017	374,748	16,275,162	43,430	4.4
2016	369,519	15,160,278	41,027	5.2
2015	362,895	14,468,971	39,871	6.5
2014	358,337	13,392,647	37,374	6.7
2013	356,212	12,724,475	36,630	7.9
2012	354,542	12,778,642	35,940	8.9
2011	353,155	12,524,642	35,465	9.5

#### Sources:

Population, personal income and per capita information: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Regional Economic Accounts AMSA04-Advance Metropolitan Statistical Area Income Summary Eugene-Springfield, OR (MSA)

Unemployment rate information: Oregon Employment Department Labor Force Data.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR THE EUGENE AREA CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2020		2011				
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number of		Percentage of Total		
Company	Employees	Rank	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	Employment		
PeaceHealth Corporation	5,762	1	3.50 %	3,400		2.55 %		
University of Oregon	5,597	2	3.40	4,000		3.00		
Lane County School District 4J	2,248	3	1.36	2,025		1.52		
U.S. Government	1,885	4	1.14	1,800		1.35		
Oregon State Government	1,745	5	1.06	1,100		0.82		
Lane County Government	1,693	6	1.03	1,462		1.10		
Springfield School District	1,545	7	0.94	1,406		1.05		
City of Eugene	1,536	8	0.93	2,200		1.65		
Lane Community College	1,076	9	0.65	2,000		1.50		
Mckenzie-Willamette Medical Center	1,066	10	0.65	750		0.56		
Total Major Employers	24,153		14.66	20,143		15.10		
Total All Employers	164,800		100.00 %	133,423		100.00 %		

#### Source:

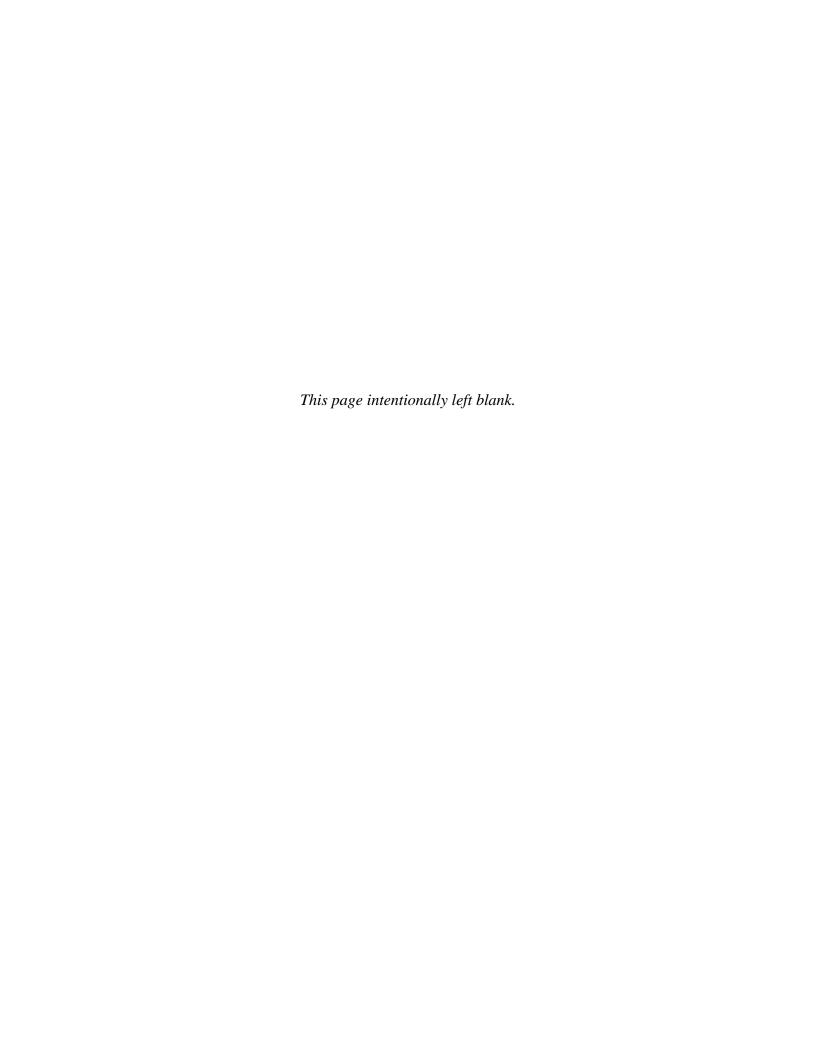
Eugene Chamber of Commerce and Oregon Employment Department

BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON NUMBER OF FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) EMPLOYEES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Certified	Classified	Administrative	Total
2020	294	321	46	661
2019	286	307	44	637
2018	285	301	46	632
2017	285	295	45	625
2016	297	310	45	652
2015	287	316	44	647
2014	270	344	40	654
2013	261	334	39	634
2012	287	340	38	665
2011	289	346	39	674

#### Source:

District Budget Office/ Management Information Services.



OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Fund Expenditures		Enrollment	Cos	st per Pupil	Percentage Change
2020	\$	59,588,957	5,480	\$	10,873.90	9.22%
2019		55,782,662	5,603		9,955.86	2.87%
2018		53,548,023	5,533		9,677.94	6.30%
2017		50,914,272	5,592		9,104.84	-0.77%
2016		51,472,034	5,610		9,175.05	9.01%
2015		47,309,581	5,621		8,416.60	8.77%
2014		43,526,847	5,625		7,738.11	7.28%
2013		40,752,717	5,650		7,212.87	-7.50%
2012		43,954,506	5,637		7,797.50	1.69%
2011		43,536,972	5,678		7,667.66	1.18%

Note:

Student enrollment figures are as of October 1.

Source:

School District records

Certified Staff	Pupil/Teacher Ratio	ADMr
294	18.64	5,415.43
286	19.59	5,513.31
285	19.41	5,516.49
285	19.62	5,561.06
297	18.89	5,574.95
287	19.59	5,356.59
270	20.83	5,344.05
261	21.65	5,649.65
287	19.64	5,637.04
289	19.65	5,677.60

# **BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON**OPERATING STATISTICS - CAPITAL ASSETS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Building	Original <u>Year Built</u>	Square Feet	Student Capacity	Student Capicity Used	Percent Used
Administration Complex	1950	10,600	N/A	N/A	N/A
Clear Lake Elementary	1976	51,800	416	253	61%
Danebo Elementary	1965	46,200	464	293	63%
Fairfield Elementary	2015	65,000	680	386	57%
Irving Elementary	1965	56,000	492	325	66%
Malabon Elementary	2015	61,500	760	420	55%
Meadow View School	1998	114,800	836	767	92%
Prairie Mountain School	2004	125,700	848	682	80%
Cascade Middle School	1955	86,700	504	364	72%
Shasta Middle School	1961	88,900	560	385	69%
Kalapuya Alternative School	2002	12,400	175	99	57%
Willamette High School	1949	265,770	1,550	1,506	97%
			7,285	5,480	75%

Source:

School District records.

*OPERATING STATISTICS - FREE AND REDUCED LUNCHES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020* 

## Non-Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) Counts by School

					Percent Free
School	<b>Enrollment</b>	Free	Reduced	FFRD	or Reduced
Irving Elementary	324	89	21	110	34%
Meadow View School	783	249	46	295	38%
Prairie Mountain School	686	344	75	419	61%
Shasta Middle	380	164	26	190	50%
Willamette High School	1,497	516	102	618	41%
Total	3,670	1,362	270	1,632	44%

Non-CEP Schools reflect actual Free and Reduced percentages.

		Community Eligibility Provision (Cl			) Counts by School	
		Identified			Percent Free	
School	<u>Enrollment</u>	<b>Eligible</b>	<b>Factor</b>		or Reduced	
Clear Lake Elementary	253	115	1.6	184	73%	
Danebo Elementary	307	149	1.6	238	78%	
Fairfield Elementary	376	218	1.6	349	93%	
Malabon Elementary	430	207	1.6	331	77%	
Cascade Middle	373	186	1.6	298	80%	
Kalapuya Alternative School	118	47	1.6	75	64%	
Total	1,857	922	1.6	1,475	79%	
District Totals	5,527		_	3,107	56%	

Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) is a meal service option for school districts allowing breakfast and lunch to be served at no cost to all enrolled students. A proxy percentage is used based on multiplying the number of students identified eligible for SNAP, TANF or FDPIR benefits, are certified McKinney-Vento, migrant or in foster care x 1.6.





## GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

School Board Bethel School District No. 52 Eugene, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Bethel School District No. 52, Lane County, Oregon (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2020.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- State school fund factors and calculation.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for expenditures that exceeded budget appropriations as noted in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

#### Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management of the Bethel School District No. 52 and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By:

Larry E. Grant, A Shareholder

December 28, 2020

# **BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON** SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Pass Through	F 1 1	
	Entity	Federal	
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Identifying Number	CFDA Number	Europe dituus
U.S. Department of Education	Number	Number	Expenditures
Direct programs			
Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S060A192424	84.060A	\$ 2,694
indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	5000/11/2424	04.00071	ψ 2,074
Passed Through Oregon Department of Education			
Title ID	50307	84.010	15,557
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	53221	84.010	1,449,749
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	50347	84.010	55,139
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	52059	84.010	44,741
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	54290	84.010	47,500
Subtotal Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			1,612,686
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	47676	84.424	25,492
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	54473	84.424	49,894
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	50676	84.424	74,527
Subtotal Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			149,913
Special Education Cluster (IDEA, Part B)			
Special Education Grants to States	51212	84.027	166
Special Education Grants to States	49840	84.027	532,786
Special Education Grants to States	52829	84.027	156,059
Special Education Grants to States	56602	84.027	10,994
Special Education Grants to States	57336	84.027	855
Special Education Grants to States	53756	84.027	523,969
Subtotal Special Education - Grants to States			1,224,829
Special Education Preschool Grants	53921	84.173	9,102
Subtotal Special Education Grants Cluster (IDEA)			1,233,931
Special Education - State Personnel Development	47582	84.323	10,880
English Language Acquisition State Grants	53404	84.365	8,142
English Language Acquisition State Grants	44199	84.365	1,152
English Language Acquisition State Grants	50232	84.365	10,228
Subtotal English Language Acquisition State Grants			19,522
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	53483	84.367	48,927
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	45762	84.367	17,053
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	49260	84.367	83,035
Subtotal Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			149,015

BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, LANE COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
Passed Through Lane ESD			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	IGA LESD	84.048	\$ 25,861
Subtotal Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			25,861
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,204,502
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through Oregon Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
Highway Planning and Construction	IGA 2017-70	20.205	43,182
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			43,182
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			43,182
U.S. Department of Labor  Passed through Lane Workforce Partnership  WIOA Cluster			
WIOA Youth Activities	31120	17.259	107,576
Subtotal WIOA Cluster			107,576
Total U.S. Department of Labor			107,576
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services  Passed through Oregon Department of Education			
Foster Care Title IV-E	47336	93.658	5,137
Foster Care Title IV-E	57109	93.658	47,975
Subtotal Foster Care Title IV-E			53,112
Passed through the United Way			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	N/A	93.556	2,037
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	N/A	93.556	2,994
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	N/A	93.556	1,024
Subtotal Promoting Safe and Stable Families			6,055
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			59,167
U.S. Department of Interior			
Passed through Bureau of Land Management Oregon State Office			
Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination	L14AC00203	15.234	3,642
Total U.S. Department of Interior			3,642

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Lane County, Oregon			
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	N/A	10.665	\$ 207,817
Subtotal Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			207,817
Passed Through Oregon Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program (SBP)	N/A	10.553	344,915
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	N/A	10.555	971,783
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	N/A	10.555	197,446
Summer Food Service Program for Children (SFSPC)	N/A	10.559	408,897
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			1,923,041
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	N/A	10.558	24,433
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	Various	10.582	47,729
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,203,020
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed through Other Intermediate Agencies			
Environmental Education Grants	N/A	66.951	80
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			80
U.S. Department of Defense			
Passed through Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers			
Youth Conservation Services	W9127N-19-2-0014	12.010	10,879
Youth Conservation Services	W9127N-14-2-0013-0005	12.010	12,631
Total U.S. Department of Defense			23,510
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 5,644,679

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Purpose of the Schedule

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the activities of the District, it is not intended to and does not present either the financial position, changes in fund balances, or the operating funds' revenues and expenditures for the District.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance due to the District having a negotiated indirect cost rate with Oregon Department of Education and thus is not allowed to use the de minimis rate.

#### Federal Financial Assistance

Pursuant to Uniform Guidance, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance or direct appropriations. Accordingly, nonmonetary federal assistance, including federal surplus property, is included in federal financial assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule, if applicable. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals. Solicited contracts between the state and federal government for which the federal government procures tangible goods or services are not considered to be federal financial assistance.

#### Major Programs

Uniform Guidance establishes criteria to be used in defining major federal financial assistance programs. Major programs for the Bethel School District No. 52 are those programs selected for testing by the auditor using a risk-assessment model, as well as certain minimum expenditure requirements, as outlined in the Uniform Guidance. Programs with similar requirements may be grouped into a cluster for testing purposes.

#### Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is fully described in the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, the Schedule includes all federal programs administered by the District for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Revenue and Expenditure Recognition

The receipt and expenditure of federal awards are accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded as received in cash or on the accrual basis where measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

## GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Bethel School District No. 52 Eugene, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bethel School District No. 52, Lane County, Oregon (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2020.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

from Muellar Duk K

December 28, 2020



## GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board Bethel School District No. 52 Eugene, Oregon

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bethel School District No. 52, Lane County, Oregon (the District)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

from Muella & Duk

December 28, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

No

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?

Major program:

#### CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553, 10.555 & 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

#### FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.