

Rigorous Curriculum Design

Unit Planning Organizer



Subject:	ELA			Grade:	10
Unit Number:	5	Unit Name:	Conviction		
Unit Length:	Days: 30		Min. / Day: 55 min.		
Unit Synopsis:	Students will explore the theme of conviction using a variety of mediums (i.e. literature, expository texts, film, music).			pository texts,	

ELA CCSS

- **RL.2**: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
- <u>RI.1</u>: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- <u>W.2</u>: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- <u>W.7</u>: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- L.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Priority Standards

- <u>RL.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- <u>RL.3</u> Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
- <u>RL.4</u> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative
- **<u>RL.6</u>** Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
- <u>RL.7</u> Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).
- <u>**RL.9**</u> Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).
- <u>RI.6</u> Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.
- <u>RI.9</u> Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts.
- <u>W.8</u> Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation including footnotes and endnotes. CA
- <u>SL.3</u> Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.
- <u>SL.5</u> Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- <u>L.3</u> Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- <u>L.6</u> Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Collaborative

Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text type) (L.1)

Interpretative

Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context (L.1)

Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language (RL.2; RI.1; L.1)

Productive

Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics (L.1)

Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology (W.2; W.7; L.1)

Productive 11 Justifying own arguments and evaluating others' arguments in writing (L.1)

Productive 12 Selecting and applying varied and precise vocabulary and language structures to effectively convey ideas (L.1)

Unwrapped Priority Standards

"Unwrapped" Skills (Students need to be able to do)	"Unwrapped" Concepts (Students need to know)	Bloom's Taxonomy (Level of Cognitive Rigor)	Depth of Knowledge (Target for Unit Mastery)
RL.2DetermineAnalyzeProvide	Theme/Central ideaTheme developmentObjective summary	Level 4: Analyze	Level 3: Thinking and Reasoning
RI.1 Cite Support	 Strong and thorough textual evidence Analysis of what text says Drawing inferences 	Level 2: Understand	Level 3: Thinking and Reasoning
<u>W.2</u>	Informative/Explanatory textsComplex ideas/concepts/information	Level 4: Analyze	Level 4: Extended Thinking
W.7ResearchSynthesizeDemonstrate	 Projects to solve a problem Multiple sources Understanding of the subject(s) under investigation 	Level 6: Create	Level 4: Extended Thinking
L.1 • Demonstrate	English language conventions	Level 3: Apply	Level 2: Skills and Concepts

Learning Progressions of Skills and Concepts

Anchor Standard			
Previous Grade	Current Grade	Next Grade	
RL.2: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.	RL.2: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.	RI.11-12.2: Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	
Current Grade	Current Grade	Next Grade	
RI.1: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	RI.1: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	RL.11-12.1- Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says	

explicitly as well as inferences
drawn from the text, including
determining where the text leaves
matters uncertain.

Next Grade

Current Grade		
W.2: Write informative/explato examine and convey comple concepts, and information cleator accurately through the effective organization, and analysis of the evidence is relevant and stidentify false statements and freasoning.	lex ideas, arly and we selection, content.and ufficient;	to co ac on the ide re

W.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning.

Current Grade

W2.11-12.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.7: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Current Grade

<u>W.7</u>: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Current Grade

W11-12.7: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a selfgenerated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Next Grade

Current Grade
L.1 : Demonstrate command of the
conventions of standard English grammar
and usage when writing or speaking.

Current Grade

L.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Next Grade

L.11-12.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

	Essential Questions
1.	How can you explain a theme and analyze its
	development? (RL.2)
2.	Why is it important to use textual evidence to
	support analysis? (RI.1)

- 3. How do I, as a writer, convey complex ideas? (W.2)
- 4. How do we conduct research using multiple sources? (W.7)
- 5. Why do language conventions matter? (L.1)

1.	A theme's development can be traced over the
	course of a text. (RL.2)

Corresponding Big Ideas

- 2. Textual evidence is cited to support analyses and inferences. (RI.1)
- 3. Informative/explanatory texts can convey complex ideas. (W.2)
- 4. Research can be done to answer a question or solve a problem. (W.7)
- 5. Language conventions are essential for effective communication. (L.1)

Unit Vocabulary Words			
Academic Cross-Curricular Vocabulary (Tier 2)	Content/Domain Specific Vocabulary (Tier 3)		
Persuasion	Parallelism		

Rhetoric Stance Doctrine Ethos/Pathos/Logos Dogma Anaphora Influence Audience Sentiment Connotation Opposition **Obedience and Punishment Orientation** Dispute **Instrumental Purpose Orientation** Principle "Good Boy-Nice Girl" Orientation **Ethics** Authority or Law-and-Order Orientation Certitude **Social Contract Orientation Universal Ethical Principle Orientation**

Resources for Vocabulary Development (Strategies, Routines and Activities)

- Mnemonics
- Instagram Vocab Activity
- Vocabulary Matchbooks/Frayer
- Vocabulary Flipbook/Foldable
- Vocabulary Around the World
- Vocabulary Examples/Non-examples
- Vocabulary Matrix
- Vocabulary Focus Word Wall

Unit Assessments			
Pre-Assessment Pre-Assessment	Post-Assessment		
Test Description: AUSD CCSS ELA 10 Unit 5 Pre-CFA	Test Description: AUSD CCSS ELA 10 Unit 5 Post-CFA		
EADMS Test Id: Please see www.alvordschools.org/cfa for the most current ID numbers	EADMS Test Id: Please see www.alvordschools.org/cfa for the most current ID numbers		
Scoring Guides	and Answer Keys		
On EADMS	On EADMS		
Assessment Differentiation			

es
≝
Ö
isa
0
Ä
S
aut
ğ
됐

Reference IEP
Accommodations

 $\underline{http://www.alvordusdred.com/4\text{-}input.html}$

Modifications

Days: 4

Engaging Scenario Overview				
(Situation, challenge, role, audience, product or performance)				
UNIT 6 - ENGAGIN	Days: 7			
YOU HAVE THE PO Imagine that you vareas. What would Your job is to creat this environment.	Mins/Day: 55			
	ree areas in which major transformation is needed. These areas can include housing, elfare, community services, medical care, police intervention, or any other item of			
these areas to be p steps must be take	Determine how you will best tackle each of these areas. You can't just snap your fingers and hope for these areas to be perfect – instead you must write a one-page proposal for each area and develop what steps must be taken to fix these problem areas. You do not have unlimited resources, you must be practical and your ideas must be legitimate in order to receive full credit for this assignment			
	② Create images, charts, graphs, etc. to reinforce the items that you want to change. For example, you could make before and after pictures or charts, you could develop an area that you want modified - it's really up to you.			
Put all of this info presentation to giv areas of concern ar than five minutes.				
Engaging Learning Experiences Synopsis of Authentic Performance Tasks				
Authentic Performance Tasks	Description	Suggested Length of Time		
Task 1: Short	- Read Tim O'Brien's "On the Rainy River"	Days: 7		
Story/Excerpt	- Relate non-fiction to fiction			
from Non-Fiction	 Excerpt from Elie Wiesel's Nobel Peace Prize Acceptance Speech Excerpt from Farewell to Manzanar Excerpt from Elie Wiesel's Night 	Mins/Day: 55		
Task 2: Novel	- Read a text (i.e. novel) that relates to the theme of conviction.	Days: 10		
TUSK 2. HOYEI	-	Mins/Day: 55		

Poetry analysis and a multimedia presentation

Analyze theme and connect to a song of their choice.

Task 3: Poetry

English Language Arts Mins/Day: 55 Task 4: Speech Speech analysis. Days: 2 Mins/Day: 55 History Interdisciplinary **Connections** See Unit 6 Resources Folder **Scoring Rubric** 21st Century Skills ☐ Creativity and Innovation ☑Initiative and Self-Direction ⊠ Critical Thinking and Problem Solving ⊠Social and Cross-Cultural Skills **⊠** Communication and Collaboration ☐ Flexibility and Adaptability

Connections between 21st Century Skills, CCCSS, and Unit Overview:

☑ Globally and Financially Literate☑ Information and Media Literacy

from P21 and Costa & Kallick, 2008, http://www.p21.org/about-us/p21-framework

Authentic Performance Task 1

Task Description

Closely read "On the Rainy River" and evaluate the conflict faced by the narrator and demonstrate understanding by completing a graphic organizer.

Suggested Length

Days: 7 Mins/Day: 55

Priority Standard(s)

- **RL.2**: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
- **RI.1**: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- <u>W.2</u>: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- **L.1**: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Supporting Standard(s)

- <u>RL.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- <u>RL.3</u> Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
- <u>RL.4</u> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative.
- <u>RI.6</u> Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.
- <u>RI.9</u> Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts.
- <u>L.3</u> Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- <u>L.6</u> Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Target ELD Standard(s)

Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context

Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language

Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text type)

Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics

Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology

Productive 11 Justifying own arguments and evaluating others' arguments in writing

Productive 12 Selecting and applying varied and precise vocabulary and language structures to effectively convey ideas

Essential Question(s)

- 1. How can you explain a theme and analyze its development? (RL.2)
- 2. Why is it important to use textual evidence to support analysis? (RI.1)
- 3. How do I, as a writer, convey complex ideas? (W.2)
- 4. Why do language conventions matter? (L.1)

Big Idea(s)

- 1. A theme's development can be traced over the course of a text. (RL.2)
- 2. Textual evidence is cited to support analyses and inferences. (RI.1)
- 3. Informative/explanatory texts can convey complex ideas. (W.2)
- 4. Language conventions are essential for effective communication. (L.1)

Bloom's DOK Scoring Rubric
2: Understand Level 2: Skills and Concepts - See Unit 6 Resources Folder

Level 2: Understand
Level 2: Skills and Concepts
Level 3: Apply
Level 4: Analyze
Level 4: Extended Thinking

(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Tasks)

- 1. Teachers use the resources listed below to build background about the Vietnam War.
- 2. Discuss Laurence Kohlberg's Theory of Stages of Moral Development to understand the moral dilemma faced by the narrator in "On the Rainy River." Handout is available in the resources folder.
- 2.3. Utilize the APPARTS Graphic Organizer while reading "On the Rainy River."
- 1. Gallery Walk of famous quotes by Elie Wiesel. After reading the quotes students write a response –SAY/ MEAN/ MATTER.
- 2. Historical and political background explain the origins of holocaust and life in a Nazi concentration camp. Resources available on United States Holocaust Memorial Museum site and Library of Congress (http://www.ushmm.org/research/research-in-collections/search-the-collections/bibliography/primary-sources)
- 3. Elie Wiesel's Nobel Peace Prize acceptance speech —Close reading and annotation of the speech—with text-dependent questions. (Handout in resources) A variety of methods can be used to structure the reading and discussion (i.e, think-pair-share, whole class discussion or independent written response)
 - 4.SOAPSTONE and a rhetorical précis.

esourc ss and aterial s (e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)

L.B.Johnson— "Peace without Conquest" http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/mediaplay.php?admin=36&id=26877

Martin Luther King "Beyond Vietnam"

http://www.americanrhetoric.com/speeches/mlkatimetobreaksilence.htm

L.B. Johnson's Speech: http://www.americanrhetoric.com/speeches/lbjvietman.htm

Nixon's: http://www.americanrhetoric.com/speeches/richardnixongreatsilentmajority.html

http://www.pbs.org/battlefieldvietnam/timeline/

Timeline of the Vietnam way

http://www.npr.org/templates/story/story.php?storyId=106775685

Strategies for Differentiation				
All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment	
- Smart Board	Reference IEP	Emerging		
- Laptops	Accommodations	Realia		
 Visuals aids 	Pre-teach academic vocabulary	Visual Cues		
 Think Aloud 	Provide notes or outline to	Cognates with		
- Think/Pair/Share	student for desk use	vocabulary		
- Summarization	Peer/partner tutor	Allow highlighting of text		
- Sentence Frames	Recorded or taped	Scaffold outline or		
	lectures/lessons	graphic organizer pre-		
	Enlarged text	load		
	Graphic Organizer	Intentional pairing		
	Assistance with note taking	Expanding		
	Color-coding	Pre-teach academic		
	http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/4-	vocabulary		
	<u>input.html</u>	Targeted pairing		
		Scaffold outline or		
	Modifications	graphic organizer word		
	Alternate questions	bank		
	Fewer vocabulary	Bridging		
	Pre-filled Graphic Organizer for	Require recursive use of		
	students to highlight	academic language		
	Alternate text at lower lexile	Additional direction for graphic organizer		
		0 - 1		

Scoring Rubric

- See Unit 6 Resources Folder

Authentic Performance Task 2

Tools December on	- Read a novel that relates to the theme of	Suggested Length	Days: 10		
Task Description	conviction.		Mins/Day: 55		
	Priority Standard(s				
	n detail its development or by specific details; provid				
	RI.1: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.				
	W.2 : Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and converge information clearly and accurately through the effective selection				
	<u>L.1</u> : Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard Eng speaking.	lish grammar and usage w	when writing or		
	Supporting Standard((s)			
Standards Addressed	Supporting Standard(s) RL.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RL.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme. RL.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative RL.6 Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature. RL.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose. W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation including footnotes and endnotes. CA SL.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence. SL.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Target ELD Standard(s)				
	Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (batype) (L.1)	500 011 taon, par p350, aaan	ones, una conc		
	Interpretative				

	Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic cont`1ext (L.1)			
	Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language (RL.2; RI.1; L.1)			
	Productive Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics (L.1)			
		literary and informational texts to present, des	cribe, and explain ideas and	
		ropriate technology (W.2; W.7; L.1) g own arguments and evaluating others' argun	nents in writing (L.1)	
	Productive 12 Selecting	g and applying varied and precise vocabulary a		
	convey ideas (L.1) 1 How can yo	ou explain a theme and analyze its deve	lonment? (RL.2)	
		portant to use textual evidence to supp		
Essential Question(s)		s a writer, convey complex ideas?	(====)	
	(W.2)	, J 1		
	4. Why do lan	guage conventions matter? (L.1)		
Big		levelopment can be traced over the cou-		
	Textual evid	dence is cited to support analyses and in	nferences. (RI.1)	
Idea(s)		/explanatory texts can convey complex		
		onventions are essential for effective co	`	
Bloor	n's	рок	Scoring Rubric	
Level 2: Understand				
Level 3: Apply				
Level 4: Analyze		Level 2: Skills and Concepts	Soo Unit 6 Posources Folder	
	Level 3: Thinking and Reasoning See Unit 6 Resources Folder			
		Level 4: Extended Thinking		
		Level 4: Extended Thinking		
		Level 4: Extended Thinking (Suggested Instructional Strategies a	and Tasks)	
		(Suggested Instructional Strategies	and Tasks)	
	_	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a	and Tasks)	
Jce	 Cornell Not 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss ees	and Tasks)	
nence	Cornell NotPair Share	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a gyze/Discuss tes Discussions	and Tasks)	
Sequence	Cornell NotPair ShareGraphic Org	(Suggested Instructional Strategies of Syze/Discussions Games Constitutions (Suggested Instructional Strategies of Syze/Discussions Gamizers	and Tasks)	
ng Sequence	Cornell NotPair ShareGraphic OrPosters/Vis	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss ses Discussions ganizers suals	and Tasks)	
ırning Sequence	Cornell NotPair ShareGraphic OrPosters/Vis	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss ees Discussions ganizers suals on SMART Board)	and Tasks)	
Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share Graphic Or Posters/Vis Chunking ((Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss ees Discussions ganizers suals on SMART Board)	and Tasks)	
and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share I Graphic Or Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss es Discussions ganizers suals on SMART Board) lels	and Tasks)	
ng and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share Graphic Or Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr Reciprocal 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies of Syze/Discuss res Discussions ganizers suals on SMART Board) lels ram Teaching	and Tasks)	
ching and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share Graphic Org Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr Reciprocal Audiobooks 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss res Discussions ganizers suals on SMART Board) lels ram Teaching	and Tasks)	
Teaching and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share I Graphic Org Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr Reciprocal Audiobooks Popcorn Re 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies a yze/Discuss tes Discussions ganizers suals on SMART Board) tels ram Teaching seading	and Tasks)	
Teaching and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share Graphic Or Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr Reciprocal Audiobooks Popcorn Re Fishbowl D 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Strategies	and Tasks)	
Teaching and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share Graphic Or Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr Reciprocal Audiobooks Popcorn Re Fishbowl D CFU Question 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Strategies of Stra	and Tasks)	
Teaching and Learning Sequence	 Cornell Not Pair Share Graphic Or Posters/Vis Chunking (Frayer Mod Mind Maps VENN Diagr Reciprocal Audiobooks Popcorn Re Fishbowl D 	(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Strategies	and Tasks)	

	English Language Arts
	(e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)
<u>s</u>	Novel Suggestions:
Resources and Materials	 Night Farewell to Manzanar A Separate Peace Fahrenheit 451 Things Fall Apart Lord of the Flies To Kill a Mockingbird Frankenstein The Power of One
	- I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings
	Strategies for Differentiation

Strategies for Differentiation **All Students Enrichment** SWD ELs **Smart Board Reference IEP** Emerging Accommodations Realia Laptops Visuals aids Pre-teach academic vocabulary **Visual Cues** Provide notes or outline to Cognates with Think Aloud student for desk use vocabulary Think/Pair/Share Peer/partner tutor Allow highlighting of Summarization Recorded or taped text Sentence Frames lectures/lessons Scaffold outline or **Enlarged text** graphic organizer pre-Graphic Organizer load Assistance with note taking Intentional pairing Color-coding Expanding http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/4-Pre-teach academic input.html vocabulary Targeted pairing **Modifications** Scaffold outline or Alternate questions graphic organizer word Fewer vocabulary bank Pre-filled Graphic Organizer for students to highlight Bridging Alternate text at lower lexile Require recursive use of academic language Additional direction for graphic organizer

Scoring Rubric	See Unit 6 Resources Folder	
----------------	-----------------------------	--

	- Analyze theme and figurative language in selected	Suggested Length	Days: 4	
Task Description	poems and create a multi media presentation. Students then research song lyrics which reflect		Mins/Day: 55	
	similar themes as studied in the poems and			
	identify examples of imagery.			
	Priority Standard(s)			
	RL.2: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.			
	<u>RI.1</u> : Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.			
	<u>W.2</u> : Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.			
	<u>W.7</u> : Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.			
	<u>L.1</u> : Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.			
	Supporting Standard(s)			
pessed	RL.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as			
ddre	well as inferences drawn from the text. <u>RL.3</u> Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop			
Standards Addressed	over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme. RL.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative			
Stan	RL.6 Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.			
	RL.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in	two different artistic med		
	what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus).			
	RL.9 Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source			
	Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or	how a later author draws	on a play by	
	Shakespeare). <u>RI.6</u> Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric			
	to advance that point of view or purpose. $\underline{\mathbf{W.8}}$ Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative p	orint and digital sources, u	sing advanced	
	searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in an	swering the research que	stion; integrate	
	information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ide standard format for citation including footnotes and endnotes.		nd following a	
	$\underline{\mathrm{L.3}}$ Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make			
	effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Target ELD Standard(s)			
	raiget LLD Standara(3)			
	Collaborative			

Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text

			English Language Arts	
	type) (L.1)			
	Interpretative Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context (L.1)			
	Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language (RL.2; Rl.1; L.1)			
	Productive Productive 9 Expressing	g information and ideas in formal oral presenta	ations on academic topics (L.1)	
	_	iterary and informational texts to present, des ropriate technology (W.2; W.7; L.1)	cribe, and explain ideas and	
	Productive 11 Justifying	g own arguments and evaluating others' argun	nents in writing (L.1)	
	Productive 12 Selecting convey ideas (L.1)	and applying varied and precise vocabulary a	nd language structures to effectively	
Essential Question(s)	 How can you explain a theme and analyze its development? (RL.2) Why is it important to use textual evidence to support analysis? (RI.1) How do I, as a writer, convey complex ideas? (W.2) How do we conduct research using multiple sources? (W.7) 			
		guage conventions matter? (L.1)		
Big		levelopment can be traced over the couldence is cited to support analyses and in	` /	
Idea(s)	3. Informative4. Research ca	 Informative/explanatory texts can convey complex ideas. (W.2) Research can be done to answer a question or solve a problem. (W.7) 		
Plan				
БІОО	Sloom's DOK Scoring Rubric			
Level 2: Understand Level 3: Apply Level 4: Analyze Level 6: Create	Level 2: Skills and Concepts Level 3: Thinking and Reasoning Level 4: Extended Thinking See Unit 6 Resources Folder		See Unit 6 Resources Folder	

	English Language Alts
	(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Tasks)
	 Students compose a quick write about their views about poetry and any memorable poem they have read.
a)	2. Discuss definitions of poetry through the ages-from Aristotle to Billy Collins (see handout in Poetry folder)
ience	3. Teach strategies for reading poetry, examine elements of form and figurative language.
g Sequ	TP-PCAST, SIFT or Five-S Strategy for poem analysis
ırning	(Structure of Poetry, Poetry Terms and Poetry Techniques available in Resources folder)
Teaching and Learning Sequence	4. Select Poems of your choice to analyze theme–Some of the selections in the <i>Literature Anthology</i> are:
ching	"Those Winter Sundays" Robert Hayden
Теас	"Sonnet 18" William Shakespeare
	"Sonnet 30" Edna St. Vincent Millay
	5. Students research themes on www.poets.org in order to select poems to match with a song of their choice. They can create a multimedia presentation to demonstrate their understanding of the theme in a poem and a song.
ials	(e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)
esources and Materials	Check online -Teach the Ultimate Poetry Unit with Curriculet by Beth Crawford if you would like to introduce Poetry with Music.
ces an	Student Samples for multi-media available in Resources folder on William Blake's poem
esour	"The Tyger"

Strategies for Differentiation

All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment
- Smart Board	Reference IEP	Emerging	
- Laptops	Accommodations	Realia	
 Visuals aids 	Pre-teach academic vocabulary	Visual Cues	
- Think Aloud	Provide notes or outline to	Cognates with	
- Think/Pair/Share	student for desk use	vocabulary	
- Summarization	Peer/partner tutor	Allow highlighting of	
- Sentence Frames	Recorded or taped	text	
Sentence Trames	lectures/lessons	Scaffold outline or	
	Enlarged text	graphic organizer pre-	
	Graphic Organizer	load	
		Intentional pairing	

		Eligibil Laliguage Alto
Assistance with note taking	Expanding	
Color-coding	Pre-teach academic	
http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/4-	vocabulary	
input.html	Targeted pairing	
	Scaffold outline or	
Modifications	graphic organizer word	
Alternate questions	bank	
Fewer vocabulary	DG///K	
Pre-filled Graphic Organizer for	Bridging	
students to highlight	Require recursive use of	
Alternate text at lower lexile	academic language	
	Additional direction for	
	graphic organizer	
	grapine organizer	

Scoring Rubric	See Unit 6 Resources Folder
----------------	-----------------------------

Authentic Performance Task 4

Task Description	 Speech analysis. Compare and contrast two or more speeches. 	Suggested Length	Days: 2	
rask bescription	more speeches.		Mins/Day: 55	
	Priority Standard(s)			
seq	RL.2: Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.			
s Addre	RI.1 : Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.			
Standards Addressed	<u>W.2</u> : Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.			
L.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writ speaking.			nen writing or	
	Supporting Standard	(s)		

- <u>RL.1</u> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- <u>RL.3</u> Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.
- <u>RL.4</u> Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative
- <u>**RL.6**</u> Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
- <u>RL.9</u> Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).
- <u>RI.6</u> Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.
- <u>RI.9</u> Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts.
- <u>SL.3</u> Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.
- <u>SL.5</u> Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
- <u>L.3</u> Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
- <u>L.6</u> Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Target ELD Standard(s)

Collaborative

Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text type) (L.1)

Interpretative

Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context (L.1)

Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language (RL.2; RI.1; L.1)

Productive

Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics (L.1)

Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology (W.2; W.7; L.1)

Productive 11 Justifying own arguments and evaluating others' arguments in writing (L.1)

Productive 12 Selecting and applying varied and precise vocabulary and language structures to effectively convey ideas (L.1)

Essential Question(s)

- 1. How can you explain a theme and analyze its development? (RL.2)
- 2. Why is it important to use textual evidence to support analysis? (RI.1)
- 3. How do I, as a writer, convey complex ideas? (W.2)

4. Why do language conventions matter? (L.1)					
Big	1. A theme's development can be traced over the course of a text. (RL.2)				
	2. Textual evidence is cited to support analyses and inferences. (RI.1)				
Idea(s)	3. Informative/explanatory texts can convey complex ideas. (W.2)				
	4. La	nguage conventions are essen	ntial for effective con	nmunication. (L.1)	
Bloom's DOK Scoring Rubric				Scoring Rubric	
Level 2: Understand					
Level 3: Apply					
Level 4: Analyze		Level 2: Skills and 0	Concepts	Can Hait C Dannuman Fold	امما
·		Level 3: Thinking a	nd Reasoning	See Unit 6 Resources Fold	ier
		Level 4: Extended	hinking		
nce		(Suggested Ins	tructional Strategies a	nd Tasks)	
Sedne	- Close read of texts (annotations); analysis of texts; discussion on texts.			ussion on texts.	
(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Tasks) - Close read of texts (annotations); analysis of texts; discussion on texts. - Identify claim of fact, claim of value, and claim of policy. - Identify rhetorical appeals and devices. - Chunk texts on SMART Board. - Graphic organizers.			<i>ı</i> .		
ng an	- Ch	unk texts on SMART Board.	on SMART Board.		
「eachi	- Graphic organizers.				
	(e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)				
	- American Rhetoric (website)				
www.americanrhetoric.com					
	"Speech to	the Second Virginia Convention	n" by Patrick Henry (17	775)	
erials					
Mata	 "Farewell Address" by George Washington (1796) "Gettysburg Address" by Abraham Lincoln (1863) "State of the Union Address" by Franklin Delano Roosevelt (1941) "Letter from Birmingham Jail" by Martin Luther King, Jr. (1964) "Hope, Despair and Memory" by Elie Wiesel (1997) 				
Resources and Materials					
urces					
Reso					
	See Unit & Resources Folder				
- See Unit 6 Resources Folder					
		Strategies for Dif	ferentiation		
All Students	3	SWD	ELs	Enrichment	

- Smart Board	Reference IEP	Emerging	
- Laptops	Accommodations	Realia	
- Visuals aids	Pre-teach academic vocabulary	Visual Cues	
- Think Aloud	Provide notes or outline to	Cognates with vocabulary	
- Think/Pair/Share	student for desk use	Allow highlighting of text	
- Summarization	Peer/partner tutor	Scaffold outline or	
- Sentence Frames	Recorded or taped	graphic organizer pre-	
	lectures/lessons	load	
	Enlarged text	Intentional pairing	
	Graphic Organizer	Expanding	
	Assistance with note taking	Pre-teach academic	
	Color-coding	vocabulary	
	http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/4-	Targeted pairing	
	input.html	Scaffold outline or	
		graphic organizer word	
	Modifications	bank	
	Alternate questions		
	Fewer vocabulary	Bridging	
	Pre-filled Graphic Organizer for	Require recursive use of	
	students to highlight	academic language	
	Alternate text at lower lexile	Additional direction for	
		graphic organizer	

Scoring Rubric

See Unit 6 Resources Folder

Engaging Scenario

Detailed Description (situation, challenge, role, audience, product or performance)

UNIT 6 - ENGAGING SCENARIO - MAKE A DIFFERENCE

YOU HAVE THE POWER TO CHANGE THE WORLD

Imagine that you were given the power to change the conditions for the people that live in urban areas. What would you do? Where would you start? How could you possibly bring about a change?

Your job is to create a proposal that demonstrates how you will change the lives of the people living in this environment. Your final proposal project must include the following information:

② Select at least three areas in which major transformation is needed. These areas can include housing, school systems, welfare, community services, medical care, police intervention, or any other item of your choice.

② Determine how you will best tackle each of these areas. You can't just snap your fingers and hope for these areas to be perfect – instead you must write a one-page proposal for each area and develop what steps must be taken to fix these problem areas. You do not have unlimited resources, you must be practical and your ideas must be legitimate in order to receive full credit for this assignment

② Create images, charts, graphs, etc. to reinforce the items that you want to change. For example, you could make before and after pictures or charts, you could develop an area that you want modified - it's really up to you.

② Put all of this information on a poster board or a multi-media presentation and prepare a short presentation to give to the class. In this presentation you will simply share with the class your three areas of concern and explain how you will change these areas. This presentation should last no longer than five minutes.

Strategies for Differentiation			
All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment
- Smart Board	Reference IEP	Emerging	
- Laptops	Accommodations	Realia	
 Visuals aids 	Pre-teach academic	Visual Cues	
- Think Aloud	vocabulary	Cognates with vocabulary	
- Think/Pair/Share	Provide notes or outline to	Allow highlighting of text	
- Summarization	student for desk use	Scaffold outline or graphic	
- Sentence Frames	Peer/partner tutor	organizer pre-load	
	Recorded or taped	Intentional pairing	
	lectures/lessons	Expanding	
	Enlarged text	Pre-teach academic	
	Graphic Organizer	vocabulary	
	Assistance with note taking	Targeted pairing	
	Color-coding	Scaffold outline or graphic	
	http://www.alvordusdrcd.co	organizer word bank	
	m/4-input.html	Bridging	
		Require recursive use of	
	Modifications	academic language	
	Alternate questions	Additional direction for	
	Fewer vocabulary	graphic organizer	

Pre-filled Graphic Organizer for students to highlight Alternate text at lower lexile		0 0
Alternate text at lower lexile		

Re	Feedback to Curriculum Team Reflect on the teaching and learning process within this unit of study. What were some successes and challenges that might be helpful when refining this unit of study?			
	Successes Challenges			
Student Perspective				
Teacher Perspective	A calendar with actual dates for the units will be helpful.			