



# **Rigorous Curriculum Design**

# **Unit Planning Organizer**



Subject:	ELA				Grade:	8
Unit	6	Unit Name:	Humor, Irony, Satire			
Number:	0					
Unit Length	Days: 4 weeks			Mins / Day: 50 minutes		
Unit Synopsis	This unit is a study of humor, irony, and satire as it understanding of these terms, identify them in lite creations.			• •		

#### **ELA CCSS**

- RL 8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- W8.1 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
  - a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
  - b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
  - c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
  - d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
  - e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- SL8.4 Present claims and findings (e.g., argument, narrative, response to literature presentations), emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. CA
- L8.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - a. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
  - b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
  - c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
  - d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.\*

- RL 8.3 Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
- RL 8.6 Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
- RL8.9 Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
- RL8.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
- RI 8.3 Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
- RI 8.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
- W8.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
- W8.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
- W8.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- SL 8.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 8 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)

### Collaborative

Collaborative 3 Offering and justifying opinions, negotiating with and persuading others in communicative exchanges Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text type)

#### Interpretative

Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context

Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language

Interpretive 7 Evaluating how well writers and speakers use language to support ideas and arguments with details or evidence depending on modality, text type, purpose, audience, topic, and content area

Interpretive 8 Analyzing how writers and speakers use vocabulary and other language resources for specific purposes (to explain, persuade, entertain, etc.) depending on modality, text type, purpose, audience, topic, and content area

#### **Productive**

Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics

Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology

Productive 11 Justifying own arguments and evaluating others' arguments in writing

Productive 12 Selecting and applying varied and precise vocabulary and language structures to effectively convey ideas

# **Unwrapped Priority Standards**

"Unwrapped" Skills (Students need to be able to do)	"Unwrapped" Concepts (Students need to know)	Bloom's Taxonomy (Level of Cognitive Rigor)	Depth of Knowledge (Target for Unit Mastery)
RL8.4 Determine; analyze	Meanings of words; impact of word choice on meaning and tone	Level 4: Analyze	Level 3: Strategic Thinking and Reasoning
W8.1 Write; introduce; support	Arguments; claims	Level 5: Evaluate	Level 3: Strategic Thinking and Reasoning
SL8.4 Present; emphasize	Claims and findings; salient points with relevant evidence	Level 3: Apply	Level 2: Skills and Concepts
<b>L 8.1</b> demonstrate	Command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage	Level 3: Apply	Level 1: Recall and Reproduction
<b>W 8.2</b> Write Examine	<ul> <li>Informative/explanatory text</li> <li>Topic or thesis statement</li> <li>Develop the topic</li> <li>Use appropriate and varied transitions</li> <li>Use precise language/domain specific vocabulary</li> <li>Formal style</li> <li>Concluding statements</li> </ul>	Level 6: Create	Level 3: Strategic Thinking/Reasoning Or Level 4: Extended Thinking

# **Learning Progressions of Skills and Concepts**

Anchor Standard		
Previous Grade	Current Grade	Next Grade
RL.7.4  Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama	word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other	RL.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).

Anchor Standard English Language A				
Current Grade	Next Grade			
<ul> <li>W.8.1</li> <li>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. <ul> <li>a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.  a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.  c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.  d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.  e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.			
Current Grade	Next Grade			
Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.  W.8.2.A Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.  W.8.2.B	W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.2.A Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.9-10.2.B			
	clear reasons and relevant evidence.  a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.  b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.  c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  d. Establish and maintain a formal style.  e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.  Current Grade  W.8.2  Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.  W.8.2.A  Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.			

#### W.7.2.B

Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. .W.7.2.C

Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

W.7.2.D

Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

W.7.2.E

Establish and maintain a formal style. W.7.2.F

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

W.8.2.C

Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. W.8.2.D

Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

W.8.2.E

Establish and maintain a formal style. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.F

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

W.9-10.2.C

Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

W.9-10.2.D

Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.

W.9-10.2.E

Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.9-10.2.F

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

#### **Anchor Standard**

Previous Grade	Current Grade	Next Grade	
SL.7.4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.	SL.8.4 Present claims and findings (e.g., argument, narrative, response to literature presentations), emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. CA	SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.	

Anchor Standard			
Previous Grade	Current Grade	Next Grade	
L.7.1	<u>L.8.1</u>	L.9-10.1	
Demonstrate command of the	Demonstrate command of the	Demonstrate command of the	
conventions of standard English	conventions of standard English	conventions of standard English	
grammar and usage when writing or	grammar and usage when writing or	grammar and usage when writing or	
speaking.	speaking.	speaking.	
a. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their	<ul> <li>a. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>a. Use parallel structure.*</li><li>b. Use various types of phrases (noun,</li></ul>	
function in specific sentences.	in general and their function in	verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial,	
b. Choose among simple,	particular sentences.	prepositional, absolute) and clauses	
compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences	b. Form and use verbs in the active	(independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings	
·	and passive voice. c. Form and use verbs in the	, , ,	
to signal differing relationships among ideas.	indicative, imperative,	and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.	
c. Place phrases and clauses within	interrogative, conditional, and		
a sentence, recognizing and	subjunctive mood.		
correcting misplaced and	d. Recognize and correct		
dangling modifiers.*	inappropriate shifts in verb voice		
	and mood.*		

Essential Questions	Corresponding Big Ideas
(RL8.4) Why is it important to analyze word choice?	(RL8.4) Word choice impacts meaning and tone of a text.
(W8.1 & L8.1) What elements are necessary to develop an argument?	(W8.1 & L8.1) Arguments require supporting claims, clear reasons, and relevant evidence while using the conventions of standard English.
(SL8.4) What elements are necessary for an effective presentation?	(SL8.4) Effective presentations include the elements of argument using appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

Unit Vocabulary Words				
Academic Cross-Curricular Vocabulary (Tier 2)	Content/Domain Specific Vocabulary (Tier 3)			
Exaggeration, wit, humor, argument, determine, analyze,	Verbal irony, dramatic irony, situational irony, satire,			
write, compare, support, present, emphasize, demonstrate,	sarcasm, pun, device, parody, farce, comedy, slapstick,			
relevant, impact, alternate, acknowledge, credible, accurate,	caricature, oxymoron, hyperbole, deadpan, juxtaposition			
cohesion, substance, style				
Resources for Vocabulary Developme	nt (Strategies, Routines and Activities)			
See Year-Long Resource folder on P-drive.				

		English Language Arts	
	Unit A	ssessments	
	Pre-Assessment	Post-Assessment Post-Assessment	
Test	Description:	Test Description:	
On-l	ine Selected Response		
Plea	se see <u>www.alvordschools.org/cfa</u> for the most	Please see <u>www.alvordschools.org/cfa</u> for the most current	
curr	ent EADMS CFA ID Numbers.	EADMS CFA ID Numbers.	
	Scoring Guide	s and Answer Keys	
	Assessmen	t Differentiation	
S	Reference IEP		
itie	Accommodations		
liq	See Website for suggestions on accommodating based	d on specific IEPs:	
Disabilities	http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/		
ĭ.	Modifications		
ts	See Website for suggestions on accommodating based on specific IEPs:		
en	Modifications See Website for suggestions on accommodating based on specific IEPs: <a href="http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/">http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/</a>		
tro	incept www.divordabarea.com		
S			

Engaging Scenario Overview				
(Situation, challenge, role, audience, product or performance)				
Description:	Mins./Day: 50			
You have just been hired by the satirical magazine MAAD (Most Adults Are Dumb). You are to contribute a piece for publication in the form of parody or satire (including irony, exaggeration, juxtaposition, etc.). Your piece should parody or satirize a work, piece, product, service, or issue. Your one-page submission will include a news article, a comic strip, an advertisement and a movie poster.	Days: Four to five days, with some interspersed throughout unit			
Optional: Students will work in groups of four to compile their MAAD magazine. In their groups, students will choose which piece will be included; however, each student must contribute at least one item to the magazine page. Once a final magazine page has been created, the teacher can make four copies of each. Each group can take three to four minutes reading its final product, and then pass it to another group. This way, each group gets an opportunity to read every group's final magazine product.				
Pages that you can reference for information or a rubric are (view for appropriateness before showing students)				
http://itechnow.weebly.com/ela30-2-parody-and-satire-assignment.html				
http://itechnow.weebly.com/interactive-presentation-parodysatire.html				

Engaging Learning Experiences Synopsis of Authentic Performance Tasks				
Authentic Performance Tasks	Descr	Suggested Length of Time		
Task 1:			Days: Two	
Mini Poster on Satire, Irony ,and Parody	Students will take Cornell notes on irony, PowerPoints and/or videos to illustrate th then reference their notes in creating a tr visual, and examples.	Mins/Day: 50		
Task 2:	Irony in Literature – "Ransom of the Red (	Chief", "The Bet"	Days: Five	
Irony Chart	Students will read a story and will fill out t	the irony chart in the folder on Pdrive.	Mins/Day: 50	
	Possible Home Alone comparison			
Task 3: Parody Movie Poster	Students will complete the logo parody che parody of a movie poster on their newslet		Days: Two Mins/Day: 50	
Task 4:	Satire		Days: Four to five	
Satirical Article  Students will read and/or watch satirical texts. They will identify the criticism and/or comments the author is making toward the subject. Afterwards, they will create their own satirical article on an issue presented in middle school.  Possible passages: short articles, comic strips, and videos (Man video)			Mins/Day: 50	
Interdisciplinary Connections				
Scoring Rubric	4-Point Argumentative Performance Tas	k Writing Rubric (Grades 6-11)		
		cury Skills		
<ul> <li>☑ Creativity and Innovation</li> <li>☑ Critical Thinking and Problem Solving</li> <li>☐ Communication and Collaboration</li> <li>☐ Flexibility and Adaptability</li> <li>☐ Globally and Financially Literate</li> <li>☐ Information and Media Literacy</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>☑ Initiative and Self-Direction</li> <li>☐ Social and Cross-Cultural Skills</li> <li>☐ Productivity and Accountability</li> <li>☐ Leadership and Responsibility</li> <li>☐</li> <li>☐</li> </ul>		
Connections between	een 21st Century Skills, CCCSS, and Unit Ov	erview:		
Enables innovative approaches and hig Emphasize deep ur	learn in relevant, real world 21st century c learning methods that integrate the use of gher order thinking skills nderstanding rather than shallow knowledg	supportive technologies, inquiry- and probe		
from P21 and Costa & Kallick, 2008, http://www.p21.org/about-us/p21-framework				

# Authentic Performance Task 1

Task Description	Mini Poster on Irony, Parody, and Satire  Students will take Cornell notes on irony, parody, and satire. (There are options of PowerPoints and/or videos to illustrate the concept in the task folder). They will then reference their notes in creating a tri-fold poster that includes: a definition, a visual, and examples.	Suggested Length	Days: 2 Mins/Day:	
	Priority S	Standard(s)		
	RL 8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.  W. 8.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.			
	Supporting	standard(s)		
dressed	Supporting Standard(s)  RI 8.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.			
s Ad	Target ELD Standard(s)			
Standards Addressed	Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language			
	Interpretive 7 Evaluating how well writers and speakers use language to support ideas and arguments with details or evidence depending on modality, text type, purpose, audience, topic, and content area			
	Interpretive 8 Analyzing how writers and speakers use vocabulary and other language resources for specific purposes (to explain, persuade, entertain, etc.) depending on modality, text type, purpose, audience, topic, and content area			
	Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology			
Essential	(RL8.4) Why is it important to analyze word choice?			
Question( s)	(W8.2) Why do we write informative/explanatory text	ts?		
	(RL8.4) Word choice impacts meaning and tone of a t	ext.		
Big Idea(s)	(W8.2) Informative/explanatory texts examine a topio	c and convey ideas, concepts, a	and information.	

			English Language Arts
В	loom's	DOK	Scoring Rubric
A L	evel 4: nalyze evel 6: Create	Level 3: Strategic Thinking and Reasoning	Poster Rubric. docx
		(Suggested Instructional St	rategies and Tasks)
Teaching and Learning Sequence	<ul><li>Students of Lesson on their post</li></ul>	n irony – students take Cornell notes can create the irony side of their tri-fold n parody – students add to their Cornell n	poster notes, then they can create the parody column of
	(e.g., Te)	xtbook References, Multi-Media Source	s, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)
Resources and Materials	See Folder for Tas	sk 1 on the P drive.	

	Strategi	ies for Differentiation	English Language Arts
All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment
<ul> <li>Watch         PowerPoint</li> <li>Take Cornell         Notes</li> <li>Create a Trifold         poster detailing         all 3 topics: irony,</li> </ul>	ence IEP imodations and ications  ebsite for suggestions commodating based ecific IEPs: //www.alvordusdrcd.co	Emerging For note-taking, short phrases and/or symbols may be used, and may be enhanced or corrected while working with partner after the PowerPoint.  Creating the poster, students may work in a group or be given pictures and definitions so they can cut and paste them into the correct categories.  Expanding Students will be given fill in the blank notes for the PowerPoint presentation.  Students may work in pairs to complete the trifold poster.  Bridging Accurate and unassisted note-taking should be achieved; however, discussion after the notes can add or assist the student in completing notes.	Students will write original examples of irony, satire, and parody for their posters.

**Scoring Rubric** 



Poster Rubric.docx

# **Authentic Performance Task 2**

Task Description	Irony Chart  As a class, students will read either "The Ransom of Red Chief" and complete either the Irony Matrix or "Irony Handout", or "The Bet", and write a short Response to Literature or Constructed Response explaining the irony present in the story.	Suggested Length	Days: Five Mins/Day: 50
Standards Addressed	RL.8.4  Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meanalogies or allusions to other texts.  W.8.1  Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evide  a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from and organize the reasons and evidence logically.  b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, undemonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.  c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  d. Establish and maintain a formal style.  e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and presented.  L.8.1  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar speaking.	nce. m alternate or opposing accurate, crecine relationships ar	ncluding posing claims, dible sources and mong claim(s), ument

	Supporting Standard(s)
	RL 8.6 Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
	RL8.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
	W8.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
	W8.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	Target ELD Standard(s)
	Interpretive 5: Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context Interpretive 6: Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language
	Interpretive 7: Evaluating how well writers and speakers use language to support ideas and arguments with details or evidence depending on modality, text type, purpose, audience, topic, and content area Interpretive 8: Analyzing how writers and speakers use vocabulary and other language resources for specific purposes (to explain, persuade, entertain, etc.) depending on modality, text type, purpose, audience, topic, and content area
	Collaborative 3: Offering and justifying opinions, negotiating with and persuading others in communicative exchanges
	Collaborative 4: Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text type)
	Productive 10: Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology
	Productive 9: Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics  Productive 10: Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology
	Productive 11: Justifying own arguments and evaluating others' arguments in writing
	Productive 12: Selecting and applying varied and precise vocabulary and language structures to effectively convey ideas
Essential	(RL8.4) Why is it important to analyze word choice?
Question(s)	(W8.1 & L8.1) What elements are necessary to develop an argument?
Big	(RL8.4) Word choice impacts meaning and tone of a text.
Idea(s)	(W8.1 & L8.1) Arguments require supporting claims, clear reasons, and relevant evidence while using the conventions of standard English.

Bloom's		DOK	Scoring Rubric
Evaluate		Level 3	4-Point Argumentative Performance Task Writing Rubric (Grades 6-11)
d Learning ence		(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Tasks)  e from the teacher, students read "The Ransom of Red Chief" (McDougal Littell) and the Irony Matrix or "Irony Handout" (found in the resource folder).	
As an alternative pie because of the nature written to explain the		ece of literature, students may read "The Be re of the piece, a short response to literatur ne irony present. It would also be helpful to ing strategy as students read, so as to have	re or constructed response should be record the events of this story using

		(e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)
		McDougal Littell The Language of Literature
		Irony Handout (see Task Two Folder)
		Irony Matrix (see Task Two Folder)
		Response to Literature Resource Packet (see Task Two Folder)
	<u>s</u>	
ırces	ateria	
Resources	and Materials	
	ē	

	Strategies for Differentiation				
All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment		
Fulfill all tasks as described	Reference IEP  Accommodations  See Website for suggestions on	Emerging  May work with a group on completing the tasks, copying what is written.	Search on the internet for videos and other examples of irony, and make short presentation to class.		
	accommodating based on specific IEPs: <a href="http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/">http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/</a>	Expanding  Must contribute at least			
	Modifications  See Website for suggestions on modifications based on specific IEPs: <a href="http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/">http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/</a>	Bridging  Must fully participate in group discussions, and with help from fellow group members, complete all written tasks.			

Scoring Rubric	Four-point Argumentative Performance Task Writing Rubric (Grades 6-11)

# **Authentic Performance Task 3**

	Parody Poster	Suggested Length	Reference IEP	
Task Description	Students will view parodies of common business logos and will determine what the parodies are saying about the company itself and write their ideas in the parody chart. Then they will create their own parody movie poster to add to their MAAD magazine page.		Accommodations and Modifications  See Website for suggestions on accommodating based on specific IEPs: <a href="http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/">http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/</a>	
	Priority S	tandard(s)		
Standards Addressed	<ul> <li>W8.1 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.</li> <li>a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing cla and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li> <li>b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sour and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li> <li>c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among clair counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li> <li>d. Establish and maintain a formal style.</li> <li>e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li> <li>L8.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</li> <li>a. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.</li> <li>b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.</li> <li>c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mod. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.*</li> </ul>			
	Supporting Standard(s)			
	W8.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purpo audiences.			

	English Language Arts				
	Target ELD Standard(s)				
	Collaborative 3 Offering and justifying opinions, negotiating with and persuading others in communicative exchanges				
	Collaborative 4 /	Adapting language choices to various c	ontexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and		
	Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics				
	Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology				
	Productive 11 Ju	stifying own arguments and evaluating	g others' arguments in writing		
	Productive 12 Se convey ideas	electing and applying varied and precis	e vocabulary and language structures to effectively		
	Interpretive 5 Lis	stening actively to spoken English in a	range of social and academic context		
	Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language				
Essential Question(s)	(W8.1 & L8.1) What elements are necessary to develop an argument?				
Big		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ear reasons, and relevant evidence while using the		
Idea(s)	conventions of s	tandard English.			
Bloc	om's	DOK	Scoring Rubric		
Level 5: Evaluate		Level 3: Strategic Thinking and Reasoning	3 Point Rubric: See Below		
		(Suggested Instructional	Strategies and Tasks)		
Teaching and Learning Sequence	Review the definition of parody. You can watch parody videos (Weird Al Yankovich works) and/or other examples of parody and have students explain the meaning.  Student will then fill out the logo parody worksheet (on P drive) where students explain the parody and				
ching	meaning of popu	ular business logos that have been mo	dified to parody the business.		
After completing the parody chart, students will choose a logo of a business or product that t create a parody for and put it on their MADD magazine page for the Engaging Scenario.					

# Resources and Materials

# (e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)

See Task 3 Folder on the P-drive

# **Strategies for Differentiation**

All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment
	Reference IEP	Emerging	Students can create a business or product
	Accommodations and	For note-taking,	and create an original logo and then a
Logo Parody	Modifications	short phrases	parody.
Chart		and/or symbols may	'
		be used, and may be	
	See website for suggestions on	enhanced or	
	accommodating based on	corrected while	
	specific IEPs:	working with	
		partner.	
	http;//www.alvordusdrcd.com/		
		Sentence frames	
		can be provided.	
		Background	
		information	
		provided for the	
		companies	
		Expanding	
		Students may work	
		in pairs to complete	
		the logo chart.	
		Sentence frames	
		can be provided.	
		Bridging	
		A accompts a re-	
		Accurate and unassisted note-	
		taking should be	
		achieved; however,	
		discussion after the	
		notes can add or	
		assist the student in	
		completing notes.	

	arody Poster Rubric
	The response provides essential elements of an interpretation and/or analysis. It addresses the points applicable to the concept or task. It provides relevant evidence that information, reasoning, and conclusions have a logical relationship. It is focused and organized, showing relevance to the task.
Scoring Rubric	The response provides a partial interpretation and/or analysis. It somewhat addresses the points applicable to the concept or task. It provides some evidence that information, reasoning, and conclusions have a relationship. It is relevant to the task, but there are gaps in focus and organization.
	The response provides an unclear, inaccurate interpretation and/or analysis. It fails to address or omits significant aspects of the concept or task. It provides unrelated or unclear evidence that information, reasoning, and conclusions have a relationship. There is little evidence of focus or organization relevant to the task.
	The response does not meet the criteria required to earn one point. The response indicates inadequate understanding of the task and/or concept needed to answer the item. It may only repeat information given in the test item. The response is inaccurate with no supportive information. The student may have written on a different topic or written "I don't know."

Days: Four to

Five

Mins/Day: 50

**Suggested** 

**Task Description** 

#### **Authentic Performance Task 4**

Satirical Article of a Middle School Issue

Students will first analyze videos and articles for satire. They will identify the subject of the text, then the comment or criticism that the author is making. Then students will write their own satirical article about an issue on their campus and add it to their newsletter template.

# **Priority Standard(s)**

#### RL.8.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

# **Supporting Standard(s)**

#### RI8.6

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.

# **Target ELD Standard(s)**

Collaborative 3 Offering and justifying opinions, negotiating with and persuading others in communicative exchanges

Collaborative 4 Adapting language choices to various contexts (based on task, purpose, audience, and text type)

Productive 9 Expressing information and ideas in formal oral presentations on academic topics

Productive 10 Writing literary and informational texts to present, describe, and explain ideas and information, using appropriate technology

Productive 11 Justifying own arguments and evaluating others' arguments in writing

Productive 12 Selecting and applying varied and precise vocabulary and language structures to effectively convey ideas

Interpretive 5 Listening actively to spoken English in a range of social and academic context

Interpretive 6 Reading closely literary and informational texts and viewing multimedia to determine how meaning is conveyed explicitly and implicitly through language

# **Standards Addressed**

			Eligiisii Laliguage Ai ts	
Essential Question(s)	(RL8.4) Why is it important to analyze word choice?			
Big Idea(s)	(RL8.4) Word choice imp	pacts meaning and tone of a text		
Bloo	om's	DOK	Scoring Rubric	
Level 5: Evaluate		Level 3: Strategic Thinking and Reasoning	Three-point Rubric: See Below	
Teaching and Learning Sequence	<ul> <li>(Suggested Instructional Strategies and Tasks)</li> <li>Have student review their posters for the definition and examples of satire.</li> <li>View the one of the satirical cartoons in the PDrive. Students should identify the subject of the cartoon, and then try to figure out the author's criticism. If time, you can show the second cartoon.</li> <li>Students can then watch one of the videos and identify the satire presented.</li> <li>Student should then identify the satire in the articles on the PDrive. They can first identify the subject, then what the comment or criticism. They should then explain the evidence that proves the author's satirical opinion. Some helpful ways are to have students identify the issue presented, then show how the author exaggerated either the solution or the problem itself.</li> <li>For writing their own satirical article, students can brainstorm/identify problems at their middle school. Then they can exaggerate a solution to the problem. This will help them write.</li> </ul>			

	(e.g., Textbook References, Multi-Media Sources, Additional Print Sources and Artifacts)
	Check P-drive for videos (Preview for appropriateness), articles, and satirical cartoons.
rials	
/atei	
N bri	
Resources and Materials	
sour	
8	

Strategies for Differentiation			
All Students	SWD	ELs	Enrichment
	Accommodations	Emerging	
Will do tasks as assigned.	See Website for suggestions on accommodating based on specific IEPs: http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/  Modifications  See Website for suggestions on modifications based on specific IEPs: http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/	Expanding  Students can work together in collaborative teams, and consult with the teacher before submitting for a grade.  Bridging  Students can work together	Students can be challenged to examine political cartoons to try to identify satire. Then they can create their own.
		in collaborative teams.	

Scoring Rubric	Point 3	The response provides essential elements of an interpretation and/or analysis. It addresses the points applicable to the concept or task. It provides relevant evidence that information, reasoning, and conclusions have a logical relationship. It is focused and organized, showing relevance to the task.
	Point 2	The response provides a partial interpretation and/or analysis. It somewhat addresses the points applicable to the concept or task. It provides some evidence that information, reasoning, and conclusions have a relationship. It is relevant to the task, but there are gaps in focus and organization.
	Point 1	The response provides an unclear, inaccurate interpretation and/or analysis. It fails to address or omits significant aspects of the concept or task. It provides unrelated or unclear evidence that information, reasoning, and conclusions have a relationship. There is little evidence of focus or organization relevant to the task.
	Score	The response does not meet the criteria required to earn one point. The response indicates inadequate understanding of the task and/or concept needed to answer the item. It may only repeat information given in the test item. The response is inaccurate with no supportive information. The student may have written on a different topic or written "I don't know."

#### **Engaging Scenario**

## Detailed Description (situation, challenge, role, audience, product or performance)

#### Description:

You have just been hired by the satirical magazine MAAD (Most Adults Are Dumb). You are to contribute a piece for publication in the form of parody or satire (including irony, exaggeration, juxtaposition, etc.). Your piece should parody or satirize a work, piece, product, service, or issue. Your one-page submission will include a news article, a comic strip, an advertisement and a movie poster.

Students can complete each part of the newsletter after learning more in depth about the particular concept. For example, after revisiting parody, student can practice interpreting meaning in parody logos, then interpret parody movie posters, then create their own parody poster. There are student practice PowerPoints or worksheets in each of the task folders to help them right before creating their own.

When completed, students may spend half to a whole period reading everyone's magazine page. They can pass them around so everyone gets a chance to read them all.

Optional: Students may work in groups of four to compile their MAAD magazine. In their groups, students will choose which piece will be included; however, each student must contribute at least one item to the magazine page. Once a final magazine page has been created, the teacher can make four copies of each. Each group can take three to four minutes reading their final product, and then pass it to another group. This way, each group gets an opportunity to read every group's final magazine product.

Pages that you can reference for information or a rubric are (view for appropriateness before showing students):

http://itechnow.weebly.com/ela30-2-parody-and-satire-assignment.html

http://itechnow.weebly.com/interactive-presentation-parody—satire.html

Strategies for Differentiation			
All Students	SWD	Els	Enrichment
Complete tasks as assigned	Accommodations  See Website for suggestions on accommodating based on specific IEPs: http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/  Modifications  See Website for suggestions on modifications based on specific IEPs: http://www.alvordusdrcd.com/	Emerging Student will be able to identify parody, satire, irony, exaggeration, juxtaposition  Expanding Student will contribute to the best of his/her ability to complete the engaging scenario.  Bridging Student will work in a group and make a substantial contribution to complete the tasks and engaging scenario.	Student may augment work by creating more pages.

Feedback to Curriculum Team		
Reflect on the teaching and learning process within this unit of study. What were some successes and challenges that		
might be helpful when refining this unit of study?		
Successes Challenges		
Student		
Teacher Perspective		